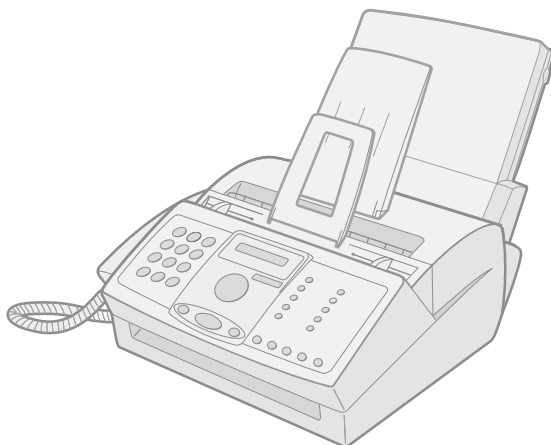


SHARP SERVICE MANUAL

No. 00ZFO3150USME

FACSIMILE



MODEL FO-3150

MODEL	SELECTION CODE	DESTINATION
FO-3150	U	U.S.A.
FO-3150	C	Canada

CAUTION

This laser facsimile is a class 1 laser product that complies with 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 of the CDRH or IEC60825-1 standard. This means that this machine does not produce a hazardous laser radiation. The use of controls, adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

This laser radiation is not a danger to the skin, but when an exact focusing of the laser beam is achieved on the eyes retina, there is danger of spot damage to the retina.

The following cautions must be observed to avoid exposure of the laser beam to your eyes at the time of servicing.

- 1) When a problem in the laser optical unit has occurred, the whole optical unit must be exchanged as a unit, not an individual part.
- 2) Do not look into the machine with the main switch turned on after removing the toner/developer unit and drum cartridge.
- 3) Do not look into the laser beam exposure slit of the laser optical unit with the connector connected when removing and installing the optical system.
- 4) The cover of Laser Printer Unit contains the safety interlock switch.

Do not defeat the safety interlock by inserting wedges or other items into the switch slot.

Laser Wave Length : 780 ±15 nm

Laser Pulse Times : (13.95 ± 3 μs)/7mm

Laser Output Power : 0.3 mW ± 0.05mW

Parts marked with "△" is important for maintaining the safety of the set. Be sure to replace these parts with specified ones for maintaining the safety and performance of the set.

CHAPTER 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

[1] Specifications	1-1
[2] Operation panel	1-2
[3] Transmittable documents	1-3
[4] Installation	1-4
[5] Maintenance	1-11
[6] Troubleshooting	1-13
[7] Quick reference guide	1-14

CHAPTER 2. ADJUSTMENTS

[1] Adjustments	2-1
[2] Diagnostics and service soft switches	2-4
[3] Troubleshooting	2-27
[4] Error code table	2-28

CHAPTER 3. MECHANICAL DESCRIPTION

[1] Mechanical description	3-1
[2] Disassembly, assembly, lubrication	3-11

CHAPTER 4. DIAGRAMS

[1] Block diagram	4-1
[2] Wiring diagram	4-2
[3] Point-to-point diagram and connector signal name	4-3

CHAPTER 5. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

[1] Circuit description	5-1
[2] Circuit description of control PWB	5-2
[3] Circuit description of printer PWB (PCU)	5-12
[4] Circuit description of TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB	5-22
[5] Circuit description of power supply PWB	5-24
[6] Circuit description of CIS UNIT	5-25

CHAPTER 6. CIRCUIT SCHEMATICS AND PARTS LAYOUT

[1] Control PWB circuit	6-1
[2] TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB circuit	6-11
[3] Printer PWB circuit	6-16
[4] Power supply PWB circuit	6-19
[5] Operation panel PWB circuit	6-21

CHAPTER 7. OPERATION FLOWCHART

[1] Protocol	7-1
[2] Power on sequence	7-2

CHAPTER 8. OTHERS

[1] Service Tools	8-1
[2] Rewriting the Flash ROM	8-4

PARTS GUIDE

CHAPTER 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

[1] Specifications

1 GENERAL

Automatic dialing	Rapid Key Dialing: 10 numbers Speed Dialing: 99 numbers
Memory size*	1.8 MB (approx. 100 average pages)
Modem speed	14,400 bps with auto fallback to lower speeds.
Transmission time*	Approx. 6 seconds (only when ECM is on)
Toner cartridge yield** (continuous printing, 4% page coverage, letter paper)	Initial starter cartridge (included with fax machine): Approx. 1,800 pages Replacement cartridge FO-29ND: Approx. 3,700 pages
Drum cartridge yield** (continuous printing, 4% page coverage, letter paper)	Initial starter cartridge (included with fax machine): Approx. 20,000 pages Replacement cartridge (FO-29DR): Approx. 20,000 pages
Scanning Resolution	Horizontal: 203 lines/inch (8 lines/mm) Vertical: Standard: 98 lines/inch (3.85 lines/mm) Fine /Halftone: 196 lines/inch (7.7 lines/mm) Super fine: 391 lines/inch (15.4 lines/mm)
Automatic document feeder	Letter/A4: 20 pages max. (20-lb. paper) Legal: 5 pages max.
Recording system	Laser
Compatibility	ITU-T (CCITT) G3 mode
Paper tray capacity	Letter: Approx. 200 sheets of 20-lb. (70 g/m ²) copier paper, or 180 sheets of 21.5-lb. (80 g/m ²) copier paper (at room temperature; maximum stack height should not be higher than the line on the tray) Legal: 100 sheets Recommended paper weight: 20-lb. Copy Bond
Halftone (grayscale)	64 levels
Compression scheme	MR, MH, MMR

Input document size	Automatic feeding: Width: 5.8 to 8.5" (148 to 216 mm) Length (20 pages): 5.5 to 11.7" (140 to 297 mm) Length (5 pages): 5.5 to 14" (140 to 356 mm) Manual feeding: Width: 5.8 to 8.5" (148 to 216 mm) Length: 5.5 to 23.6" (140 to 600 mm)
Effective scanning width	8.3" (210 mm) max.
Effective printing width	8.2" (208 mm) max.
Contrast control	Automatic/Dark selectable
Reception modes	TEL/FAX/AM
Copy function	Single/Multi/Sort (50 copies/page)
Telephone function	Yes (cannot be used if power fails)
Applicable telephone line	Public switched telephone network
Display	16-digit LCD display
Power requirements	120 V AC, 60 Hz
Operating temperature	50 - 86°F (10 - 30°C)
Humidity	20 - 85% RH
Power consumption	Standby: 6.0 W Maximum: 650 W
Dimensions (without attachments)	Width: 14.6" (372 mm) Depth: 10.2" (259 mm) Height: 8.0" (203 mm)
Weight (without attachments)	Approx. 11 lbs. (5.0 kg)

Important:

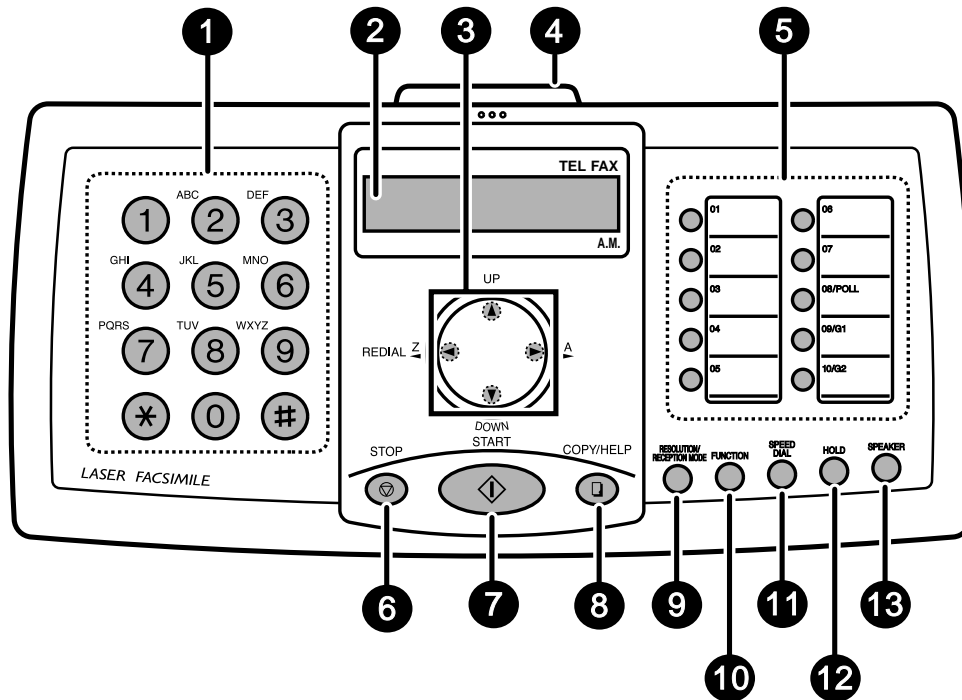
- This fax machine is not designed for use on a line which has call waiting, call forwarding, or certain other special services offered by your telephone company. If you attempt to use the fax machine in conjunction with any of these services, you may experience errors during transmission and reception of facsimile messages.
- This fax machine is not compatible with digital telephone systems.

As a part of our policy of continuous improvement, SHARP reserves the right to make design and specification changes for product improvement without prior notice. The performance specification figures indicated are nominal values of production units. There may be some deviation from these values in individual units.

2 Life of consumable

Section	Part	Estimated Life	Replaced by
Toner cartridge	Replacement cartridge (FO-29ND)	3,700 prints (at Letter/4% chart)	User
Drum cartridge	Replacement cartridge (FO-29DR)	20,000 prints (at Letter/4% chart)	User
Paper feed	Transfer roller (Refer to the P/G No. 8-25) (NROLP7046XCZZ)	5 years	Service Engineer
Fuser	Fusing unit (Refer to the P/G No. 9-901) (DUNTW495CSC01)	5 years	Service Engineer
Paper transport	Feed roller (Refer to the P/G No. 1-30) (NROLR2333XHZZ)	Cleaning as needed	_____
Unit	FO-3150	5 years or 30,000 prints of early either	_____

[2] Operation panel

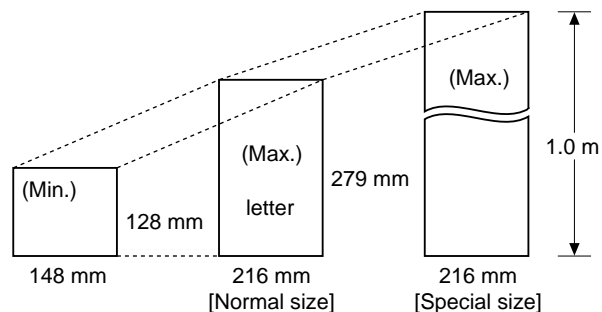


- 1 Number keys**
Use these keys to dial numbers, and enter numbers and letters when storing auto-dial numbers.
- 2 Display**
This displays messages and prompts to help you operate the machine.
- 3 Arrow keys**
Use these keys to scroll through and select settings, and to search for auto-dial numbers. Press the left arrow key (**REDIAL**) to select the last number dialed.
- 4 PANEL RELEASE**
Pull this release to open the operation panel.
- 5 Rapid Dial Keys**
Press one of these keys to dial a fax number automatically.
- 6 STOP key**
Press this key to cancel an operation before it is completed.
- 7 START key**
Press this key after dialing to begin fax transmission. The key can also be pressed in the date and time display to show the percentage of memory currently used.
- 8 COPY/HELP key**
When a document is in the feeder, press this key to make a copy of a document. At any other time, press this key to print out the Help List, a quick reference guide to the operation of your fax machine.
- 9 RESOLUTION / RECEPTION MODE key**
When a document is in the feeder, press this key to adjust the resolution for faxing or copying. At any other time, press this key to select the reception mode (an arrow in the display will point to the currently selected reception mode).
- 10 FUNCTION key**
Press this key followed by the arrow keys to select special functions and settings.
- 11 SPEED DIAL key**
Press this key to dial a fax or voice number using an abbreviated 2-digit Speed Dial number.
- 12 HOLD key**
Press this key to put the other party on hold during a phone conversation. When this is done, they cannot hear you. You can put the handset back in the cradle without breaking the connection. When you are ready to speak with the other party again, pick up the handset. If you did not put the handset back in the cradle, press the **HOLD** key again to resume conversation.
- 13 SPEAKER key**
Press this key to listen to the line and fax tones through the speaker when faxing a document.
Note: **This is not a speakerphone.** You must pick up the handset to talk with the other party.

[3] Transmittable documents

1. Document Sizes

Normal size	width	148 – 216 mm
	length	128 – 279 mm



* With special sizes, only one sheet can be fed into the machine at a time. Insert next page into feeder as current page is being scanned.

2. Paper Thickness & Weight

	Indication	Product specifications	
		Lower Limit	Upper Limit
Weight indication	Metric system indication	52g/m ²	80g/m ²
Thickness indication	Metric system indication	0.06mm	0.1mm
Document size	Document size Range	Minimum (148mm × 128mm)	
		A4 (210mm × 297mm)	
		Letter (216mm × 279mm)	
Number of ADF sheets	Document size Weight	Legal (216mm × 356mm)	
		Minimum ~ Letter/A4 size 20sheets	
		Legal	1 sheet
Paper quality	Kind	More than 90 kg	1 sheet
		Below 135kg	
		Paper of fine quality/bond paper/ Kent paper	

3. Document Types

- Normal paper
Documents handwritten in pencil (No. 2 lead or softer), fountain pen, ball point pen, or felt-tipped pen can be transmitted.
Documents of normal contrast duplicated by a copying machine can also be transmitted.
- Diazo copy (blueprint)
Diazo copy documents of a normal contrast may be transmitted.
- Carbon copy
A carbon copy may be transmitted if its contrast is normal.

4. Cautions on Transmitting Documents

- Documents written in yellow, greenish yellow, or light blue ink cannot be transmitted.
- Ink, glue, and correcting fluid on documents must be dry before the documents can be transmitted.
- All clips, staples and pins must be removed from documents before transmission.
- Patched (taped) documents should be copied first on a copier and then the copies used for transmission.
- All documents should be fanned before insertion into the feeder to prevent possible double feeds.

5. Automatic Document Feeder Capacity

Number of pages that can be placed into the feeder at anytime is as follows:

Letter size: max. 20 sheets

Legal size: max. 5 sheets

Special size: single sheet only (manual feed)

- NOTES:
- If you need to send or copy more 20 pages, place the additional pages and carefully in the feeder just before the last page is scanned. Do not try to force them in, as this may cause double-feeding or jamming.
 - If your document consists of several large or thick pages which must be loaded one at a time, insert each page into the feeder as the previous page is being scanned. Insert gently to prevent doublefeeding.

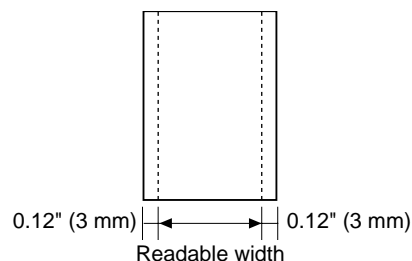
6. Readable Width & Length

The readable width and length of a document are slightly smaller than the actual document size.

Note that characters or graphics outside the effective document scanning range will not be read.

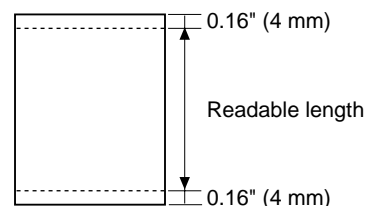
• Readable width

210 mm max.



• Readable length

This is the length of the document sent minus 0.16" (4 mm) from the top and bottom edges.



[4] Installation

1. Site selection

Take the following points into consideration when selecting a site for this model.

ENVIRONMENT

- The machine must be installed on a level surface.
- Keep the machine away from air conditioners, heaters, direct sunlight, and dust.
- Provide easy access to the front, back, and sides of the machine. In particular, keep the area in front of the machine clear, or the original document may jam as it comes out after scanning.
- The temperature should be between 10° and 30°C (50° and 86°F).
- The humidity should be between 20% and 85% (without condensation).

ELECTRICITY

AC 120 V, 60 Hz, grounded (3-prong) AC outlet is required.

Caution!

- Connection to a power source other than that specified will cause damage to the equipment and is not covered under the warranty.
- If your area experiences a high incidence of lightning or power surges, we recommend that you install a surge protector for the power and telephone lines. Surge protectors can be purchased at most telephone specialty stores

TELEPHONE SOCKET

A standard RJ11C telephone socket must be located near the machine. This is the telephone socket commonly used in most homes and offices.

- Plugging the fax machine into a socket which is not an RJ11C socket may result in damage to the machine or your telephone system. If you do not know what kind of socket you have, or need to have one installed, contact the telephone company.

If the machine is moved from a cold to a warm place...

If the machine is moved from a cold to a warm place, it is possible that the reading glass may fog up, preventing proper scanning of documents for transmission. To remove the fog, turn on the power and wait approximately 2 hours before using the machine.

2. Installing the toner cartridge

The laser printer in your fax machine uses a toner cartridge and a drum cartridge. The drum cartridge comes pre-installed, and the toner cartridge must be installed.

The starter toner cartridge included with your fax can print approximately 1,800 letter-size pages at 4% page coverage.

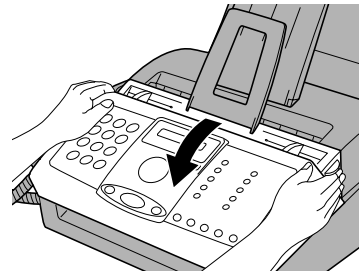
When replacing the toner cartridge, use a Sharp FO-29ND toner cartridge can print about 3,700 letter-size pages at 4% coverage.

- The drum cartridge can print approximately 20,000 letter-size pages. When replacing the drum cartridge, use a Sharp FO-29DR drum cartridge.

Follow the steps below to install the toner cartridge and prepare the drum cartridge.

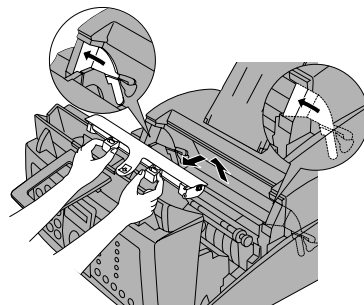
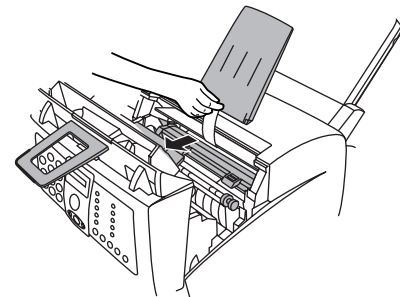
- 1 Grasp the print compartment cover at both sides as shown, and pull up to open the cover.

- **Caution!** The fusing unit inside the print compartment becomes very hot during operation. Do not touch the inside of the compartment or the paper guide on the underside of the print compartment cover.

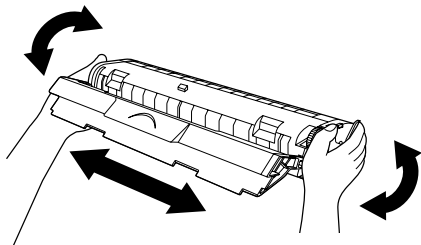


- 2 The drum cartridge has been installed at the factory. Remove the protective board from above the drum cartridge, and then grasp the tabs on the drum cartridge handle with both hands and gently pull the cartridge out of the machine. Remove the sheet of protective paper from the cartridge and then insert it back into the machine.

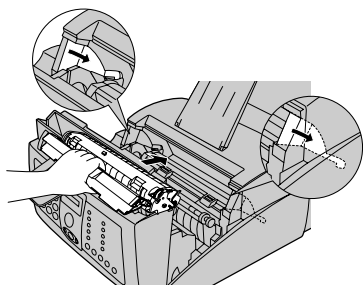
- When removing the drum cartridge, be careful not to tear the paper or leave any pieces of paper in the machine.



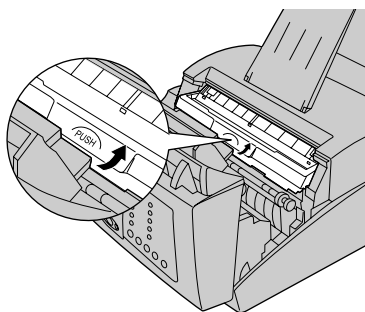
- 3 Remove the new toner cartridge from its packaging. Shake the cartridge side to side four or five times to distribute the toner evenly within the cartridge.



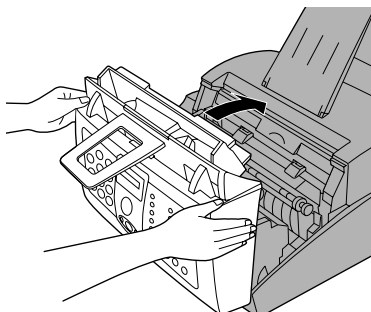
- 4 Hold the toner cartridge by the handle with the stamped markings on the cartridge facing upwards, and insert the cartridge into the print compartment.



- 5 Place your thumb on the center of the handle where it is marked **PUSH**, and push the handle down and in so that the cartridge fits into place.



- 6 Close the print compartment cover, pressing down firmly on each side to make sure it is completely closed.



- 7 Reset the toner counter and the drum counter as explained below.

Resetting the toner counter

Each time you install a new toner cartridge, follow the steps below to reset the toner counter to zero. (The machine uses the toner counter to inform you when the toner cartridge needs to be replaced.)

1	Press FUNCTION once and DOWN four times.	Display: PRINT SET-UP
2	Press RIGHT once and UP twice.	CLR TONER CNT.
3	Press STOP once.	PRESS START KEY
4	Press START .	CLR DRUM COUNT
5	Press STOP to exit.	

Resetting the drum counter









Each time you install a new drum cartridge, follow the steps below to reset the drum counter to zero.

1	Press FUNCTION once and DOWN four times.	Display: PRINT SET-UP
2	Press RIGHT once and UP once.	CLR DRUM COUNT
3	Press STOP once.	PRESS START KEY
4	Press START .	RECEIVE RATIO
5	Press STOP to exit.	

3. Replacing the drum cartridge

Viewing the total number of pages printed

To maintain excellent printing quality, we recommend that you replace the drum cartridge after 20,000 pages have been printed. Follow these steps to view the total number of pages printed:

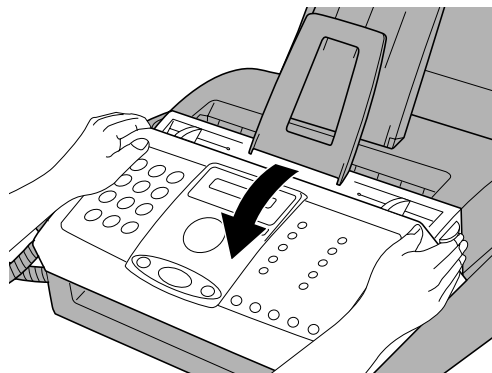
- | | FUNCTION | Display: |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | Press  once and  four times. | PRINT SET-UP  |
| 2 | Press  once and  three times. | LIFE COUNTER  |
| 3 | Press  once. The count will appear in the display. | |
| 4 | When you are finished, press  to exit. | |

Replacing the drum cartridge

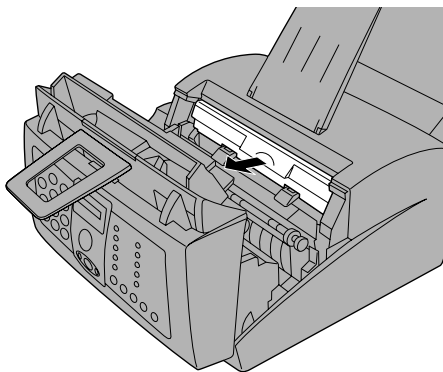
When 20,000 pages have been printed, DRUM LIFE OVER will appear in the display. Replace the drum cartridge with the following cartridge:

Sharp FO-29DR drum cartridge

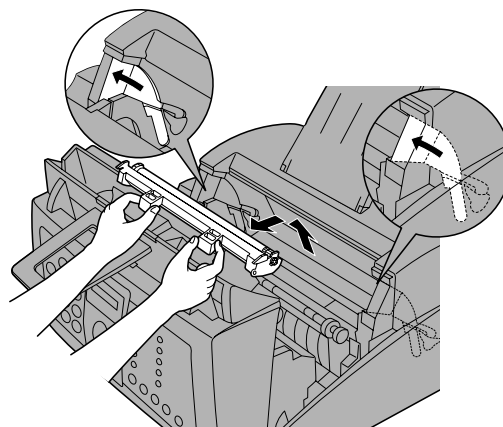
- Grasp the print compartment cover at both sides as shown, and pull up to open the cover.
 - Caution!** The fusing unit inside the print compartment is very hot during operation. Do not touch the inside of the compartment or the paper guide on the underside of the print compartment cover.



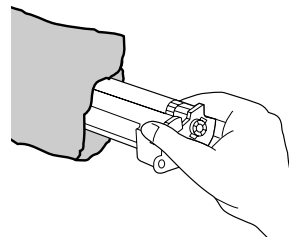
- Grasp the finger hold on the toner cartridge handle where it is marked **PUSH**, and pull the handle out. Hold the handle and pull the toner cartridge out of the compartment.
 - Place the toner cartridge on a sheet of paper on a level surface.



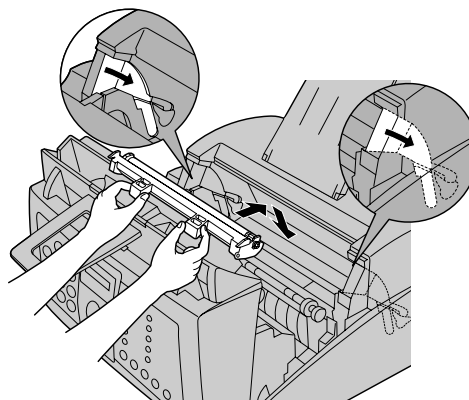
- Grasp the tabs on the drum cartridge handle with both hands and gently pull the cartridge out of the machine.



- Remove the new drum cartridge from its packaging and then remove the sheet of protective paper from the drum cartridge.



- Insert the drum cartridge into the print compartment, holding the tabs on the drum cartridge handle with both hands.
 - To insert the cartridge, align the guides on the cartridge with the runners on the sides of the compartment.



- Replace the toner cartridge and close the print compartment cover. When finished, reset the drum cartridge counter.

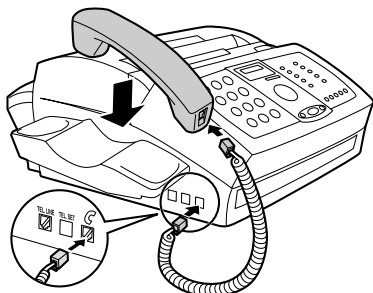
4. Connections

1 Connecting the handset

Connect the handset as shown and place it on the handset rest.

- The ends of the handset cord are identical, so they will go into either socket.

Make sure the handset cord goes into the jack marked with a handset symbol on the side of the machine!

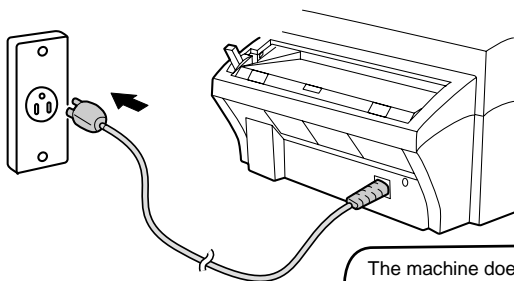


Use the handset to make ordinary phone calls, or to transmit and receive faxes manually.

2 Connecting the power cord

Plug the power cord into a 120 V, 60 Hz, grounded AC (3-prong) outlet.

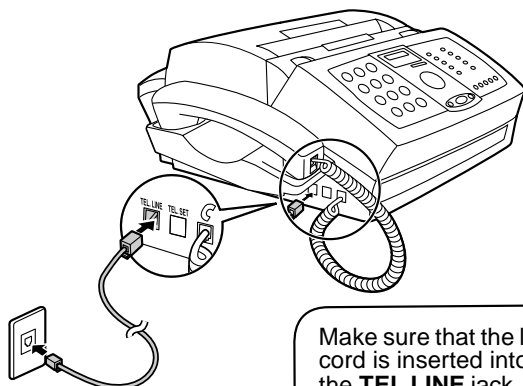
- Do not plug the power cord into any other kind of outlet. This will damage the machine and is not covered under the warranty.



The machine does not have a power on/off switch, so the power is turned on and off by simply plugging in or unplugging the power cord.

3 Connecting the telephone line cord

Insert one end of the line cord into the socket on the side of the machine marked **TEL. LINE**. Insert the other end into a wall telephone socket.



Make sure that the line cord is inserted into the **TEL. LINE** jack. Do not insert it into the **TEL. SET** jack!

Setting the dial mode:

The fax machine is set for tone dialing. If you are on a pulse dial line, you must set the fax machine for pulse dialing. Press the keys on the operation panel as follows:

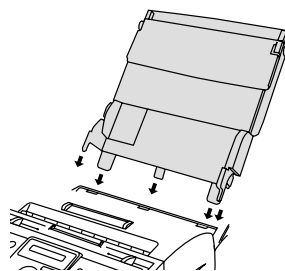
- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | Press FUNCTION once and STOP 3 times. | Display: OPTION SETTING |
| 2 | Press RIGHT once and STOP 6 times. | Display: DIAL MODE |
| 3 | Press RIGHT once. | Display: 1=TONE, 2=PULSE |
| 4 | Select the dial mode:
TONE: 1 PULSE: 2 | The display briefly shows your selection, then:
QUIET TIME |
| 5 | Press STOP to exit. | |

Comments:

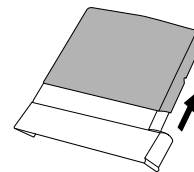
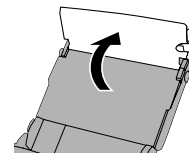
- The fax machine is not designed for use on a line which has call waiting, call forwarding, or certain other special services offered by your telephone company. If you attempt to use the fax machine in conjunction with any of these services, you may experience errors during transmission and reception of facsimile messages.
- The fax machine is not compatible with digital telephone systems.
- If your area experiences a high incidence of lighting or power surges, we recommend that you install surge protectors for the power and telephone lines. Surge protectors can be purchased from your dealer or at most telephone specialty stores.

4 Attaching the paper trays

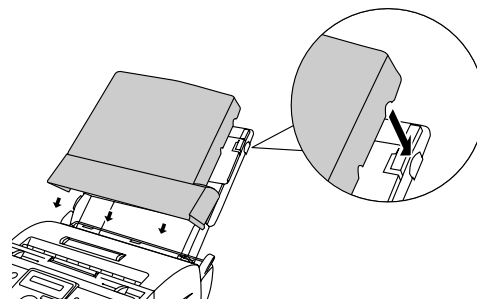
- Attach the paper tray.



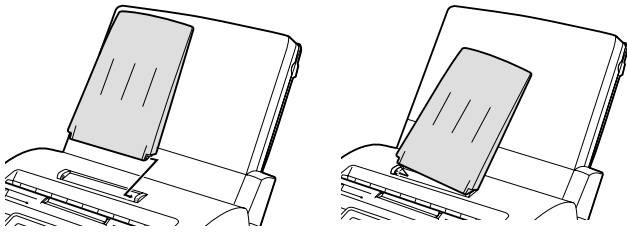
If you will be loading legal paper, flip up the paper tray extension and extend the cover before attaching the cover



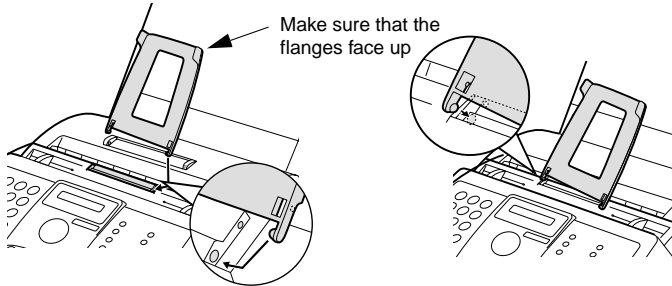
- Attach the paper tray cover.



3) Attach the received document tray.



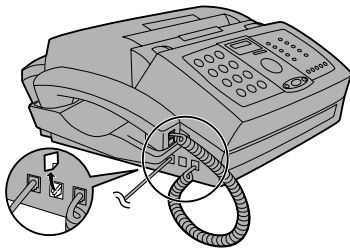
4) Attach the original document support.



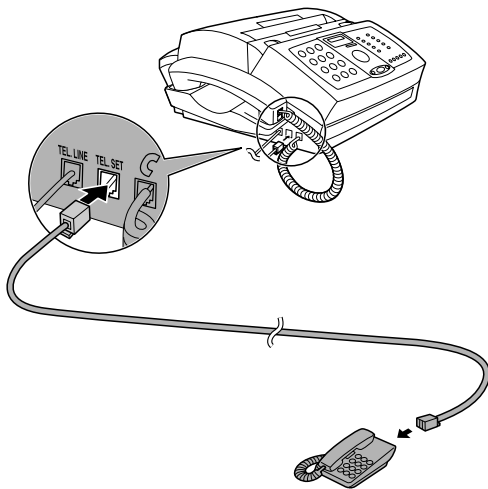
5 Extension phone (optional)

If desired, you can connect an extension phone to the **TEL. SET** jack on the fax.

1) Remove the seal covering the **TEL. SET** socket.



2) Connect the extension phone line to the **TEL. SET** socket.



5. Loading Printing Paper

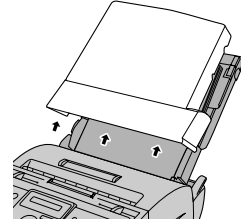
You can load up letter, A4 or legal paper in the paper tray.

- Up to 200 sheets of 20 lb. (70 g/m²) paper can be loaded.
- Up to 180 sheets of 21.5 lb. (80 g/m²) paper can be loaded.

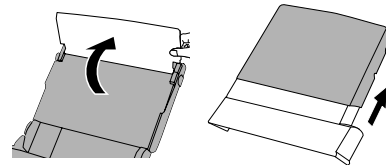
Caution!

Do not use the blank side of paper that has already been printed on.

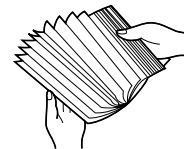
1 Remove the paper tray cover.



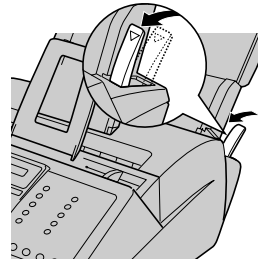
2 If you are going to load legal size paper, flip up the paper tray extension and extend the paper tray cover.



3 Fan the paper, and then tap the edge against a flat surface to even the stack.



4 Pull the paper release lever toward you.

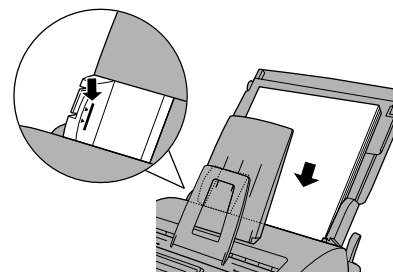


5 Insert the stack of paper **firmly** into the tray, **print side up**.

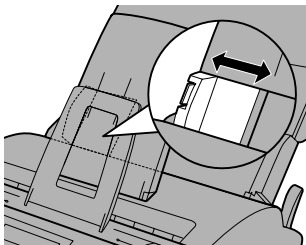
- Make sure that the stack is not higher than the marked line. Loading too much paper may cause paper jams and misfeeds.
- If paper remains in the tray, take it out and combine it into a single stack with the new paper before adding the new paper.

Important:

Be sure to load the paper so that printing takes place on the **print** side of the paper. Printing on the reverse side may result in poor print quality.



- 6 Make sure the stack of paper is aligned against the right paper guide, and then gently move the left paper guide to the **8 1/2** position for letter or legal paper, or the **A4** position for A4 paper.



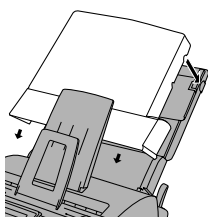
- 7 Push the paper release lever back down.

- **Note:** If the paper does not feed correctly, remove the entire stack from the tray and repeat the loading procedure from the beginning.



- 8 Replace the paper tray cover.

- If you loaded other than letter size paper (or you changed the paper size), change the paper size setting as explained on the following page.



Setting the paper size

The fax has been set at the factory to scale received faxes to letter size paper. If you loaded legal or A4 size paper, you must change the paper size setting to LEGAL or A4.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1 Press FUNCTION once and STOP four times.</p> | <p>Display: PRINT SET-UP</p> |
| <p>2 Press RIGHT once and STOP once.</p> | <p>PAPER SIZE SET</p> |
| <p>3 Press RIGHT once.</p> | <p>1:LETTER</p> |
| <p>4 Select the paper size:</p> <p>LETTER: ①</p> <p>LEGAL: ②</p> <p>A4: ③</p> | <p>The display briefly shows your selection, then:</p> <p>COPY CUT-OFF</p> |
| <p>5 Press STOP to return to the date and time display.</p> | |

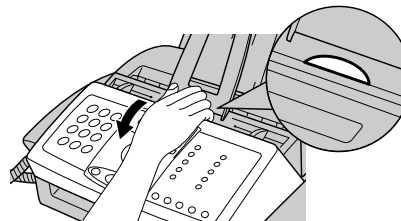
6. Clearing a jammed document

If the original document doesn't feed properly during transmission or copying, or **DOCUMENT JAMMED** appears in the display, first try pressing the **START** key. If the document doesn't feed out, open the operation panel and remove it.

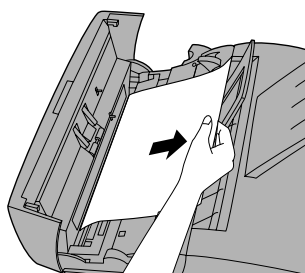
Important:

Do not try to remove a document without opening the operation panel. This may damage the feeder mechanism .

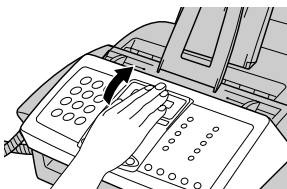
- 1 Open the operation panel by grasping the panel release and pulling up.



- 2 Remove the document.

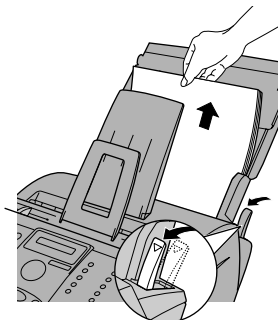


- 3 Close the operation panel, making sure it clicks into place.



7. Clearing jammed printing paper

- 1 If most of the jammed page is protruding from the back of the fax, remove the paper tray cover, pull the paper release lever toward you, and try pulling the page out.

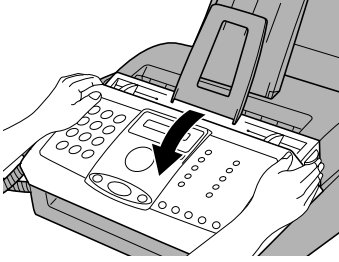


- 2 If the jammed page comes out, take out the rest of the paper in the tray, straighten the stack, put it back in the paper tray, and push down the paper release lever. Replace the paper tray cover.
 - If you are unable to clear the jam in this way, continue with the following steps.

- 3 Grasp the print compartment cover at both sides as shown, and pull up to open the cover.

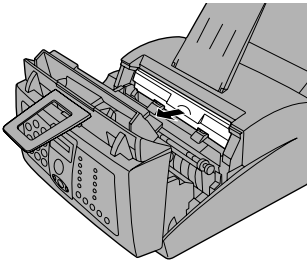
• Caution!

The fusing unit inside the print compartment becomes very hot during operation. Be careful not to touch the inside of the compartment.

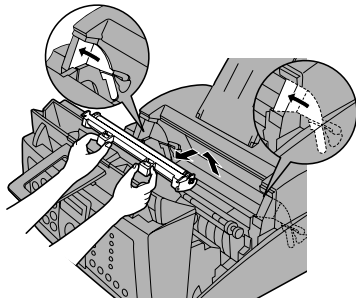


- 4 Grasp the finger hold on the toner cartridge handle where it is marked PUSH, and pull the handle out. Hold the handle and pull the toner cartridge out of the compartment.

- Place the toner cartridge on a sheet of paper on a level surface.

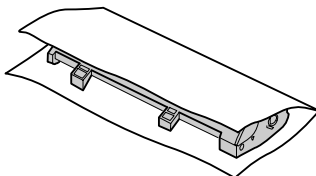


- 5 Grasp the tabs on the drum cartridge handle with both hands and gently pull the cartridge out of the machine.



- 6 Wrap the drum cartridge in a large sheet of paper as shown at right so that the green drum section is shielded from light, and place it gently on a level surface.

- Do not touch the green drum in the drum cartridge. This will damage the drum surface.
- Do not expose the drum to direct light. This will damage the drum.

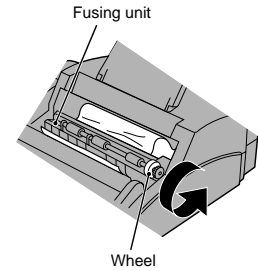
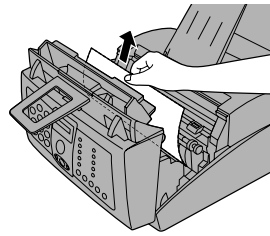


- 7 Gently pull the jammed paper out of the machine.

- If needed, turn the wheel on the right side of the fusing unit to eject the paper from the machine.

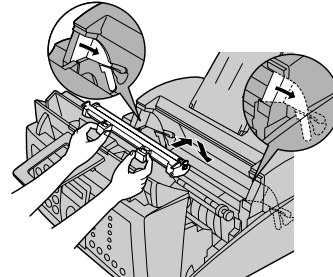
• Caution!

Do not use excessive force to pull the jammed paper out. If the paper tears and a piece remains inside the machine, a service call may be necessary to remove the remaining piece.



- 8 Replace the drum cartridge, holding the tabs on the drum cartridge handle with both hands.

- To insert the cartridge, align the guides on the cartridge with the runners on the sides of the compartment.



- 9 Replace the toner cartridge and close the print compartment cover. (Refer to Installing the Toner Cartridge.)

[5] Maintenance

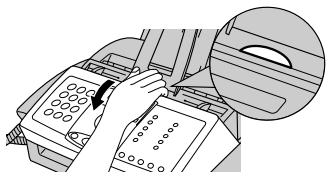
1. Scanning glass and rollers.

Clean the scanning glass and rollers frequently to ensure that your transmitted images and copies are of the highest quality.

Open the operation panel (grasp the panel release and up), and wipe the scanning glass, rollers and white backplate with a soft cloth.

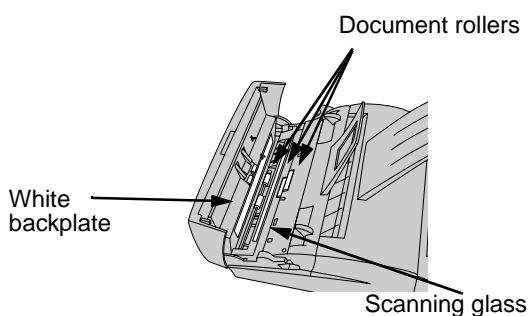
- Make sure that all dirt and stains (such as correcting fluid) are removed, as dirt and stains will cause vertical lines on transmitted images and copies.

- 1 Squeeze the panel release and open the operation panel.



- 2 Wipe the scanning glass (under the white roller) and rollers with a cotton swab.

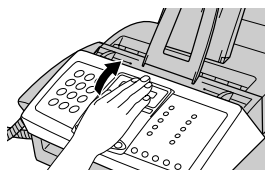
- Make sure that all dirt and stains (such as correcting fluid) are removed. Dirt and stains will cause vertical lines on transmitted images and copies.



If the scanning glass is difficult to clean

If you find it difficult to remove dirt from the scanning glass, you can try moistening the swab with isopropyl alcohol or denatured alcohol. Take care that no alcohol gets on the rollers.

- 3 Close the operation panel.



2. The housing.

Wipe the external parts and surface of the machine with a dry cloth.

• Caution!

Do not use benzene or thinner. These solvents may damage or discolor the machine.

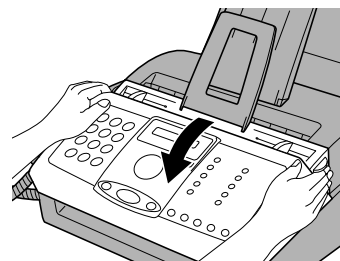
3. Cleaning the drum cartridge.

If you find that characters or parts of an image are missing from your printed pages, the drum in the drum cartridge may need cleaning. Follow the steps below to clean the drum.

- 1 Grasp the print compartment cover at both sides as shown, and pull up to open the cover.

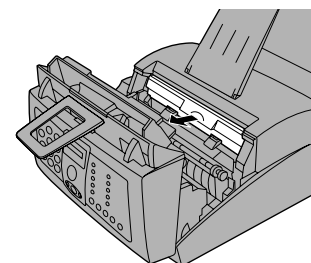
• Caution!

The fusing unit inside the print compartment becomes very hot during operation. Do not touch the inside of the compartment or the paper guide on the underside of the print compartment cover.

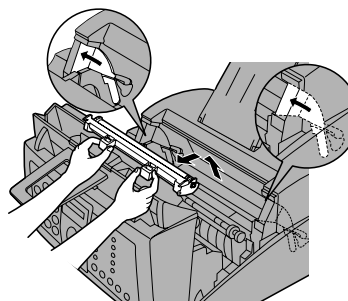


- 2 Grasp the finger hold on the toner cartridge handle where it is marked **PUSH**, and pull the handle out. Hold the handle and pull the toner cartridge out of the compartment.

- Place the toner cartridge on a sheet of paper on a level surface.



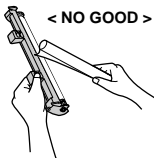
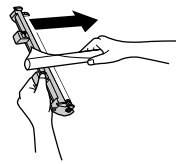
- 3 Grasp the tabs on the drum cartridge handle with both hands and gently pull the cartridge out of the machine.



- 4 Take a sheet of clean paper and roll it into a tube. Roll it tightly so that the diameter of the holes at each end is less than the thickness of your little finger.

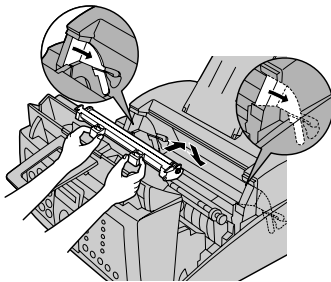
5 Gently wipe the surface of the drum with the rolled-up paper to remove any particles of toner caked on the drum.

- Do not let the drum surface come into contact with anything other than the rolled-up paper. Fingerprints, water, alcohol, and other solvents will damage the drum surface.
- Do not touch the drum surface with the edges of the rolled-up paper.



6 Replace the drum cartridge, holding the tabs on the drum cartridge handle with both hands.

- To insert the cartridge, align the guides on the cartridge with the runners on the sides of the compartment.



7 Replace the toner cartridge and close the print compartment cover. (Refer to Installing the Toner Cartridge.)

[6] Troubleshooting

1. Message and Signals

1 Display messages

ADD PAPER & / PRESS START KEY (alternating messages)	Check the printing paper. If the tray is empty, add paper and then press the START key. If there is paper in the tray, make sure it is inserted correctly (take out the stack, align the edges evenly, and then reinsert it in the tray) and then press the START key.
COVER OPEN	The print compartment cover is open. Close it.
DIAL WAITING	Dialing is not possible because the fax machine is sending or receiving a fax, the handset is being used, or an extension phone is being used.
DOCUMENT JAMMED	The original document is jammed. See the following section, Clearing Paper Jams . Document jams will occur if you load more than 20 pages at once or load documents that are too thick . The document may also jam if the receiving machine doesn't respond properly when you attempt to send a fax.
DRUM LIFE OVER	This appears when the drum cartridge needs replacement.
FAX RX IN MEMORY	A fax has been received in memory because the toner cartridge needs replacement, you have run out of printing paper, or the paper is jammed. The fax will print out automatically when the problem is fixed.
FUNCTION MODE	The FUNCTION key has been pressed.
GROUP SPACE FULL	This appears if you attempt to program a Group Key when all Group Keys have already been programmed.
HEATER HIGH/ HEATER LOW/ HEATER ERROR	If one of these messages appears, unplug the power cord and then plug it back in. If the message still appears, call for service.

HOLD	The HOLD key has been pressed to put the other party on hold during a phone conversation. Press the HOLD again to take the other party off hold.
LINE ERROR	Transmission or reception was not successful. Press the STOP key to clear the message and then try again.
LINE IS IN USE	An extension phone connected to the fax is being used. Do not lift the fax's handset or attempt transmission at this time, as this will interrupt the conversation on the extension phone.
MEMORY IS FULL	If faxes have been received to memory because printing is not possible (an additional message will indicate the problem), resolve the problem so that printing can continue.
MEMORY PRINTING	The fax is preparing to or printing out a document from memory.
NO # STORED	This appears if you attempt to search for an auto-dial number when none have been stored.
OFF HOOK	This appears if you forgot to replace the handset after using it to dial and send a fax. Replace the handset or press the STOP key to clear the message.
ON HOOK DIAL	The SPEAKER key has been pressed and the fax machine is waiting for you to dial.
PAPER JAMMED	The printing paper is jammed.
POLYGON ERROR	If this message appears, unplug the power cord and then plug it back in. If the message still appears, call for service.

PRINTER ERROR	A printer error has occurred. Open the printer compartment cover, make sure the toner cartridge is installed correctly, and then close the cover.
READY TO SEND	A document has been loaded and the fax machine is waiting for you to begin faxing or copying.
RECALLING	This appears if you attempt to send a fax by automatic dialing and the line is busy or the receiving fax machine does not answer. Your fax machine will automatically reattempt the call.
TONER EMPTY/ REPLACE TONER/ CLR TONER COUNT (alternating messages)	The toner cartridge must be replaced. Printing is not possible until the toner cartridge is replaced.
TONER NEAR EMPTY	The toner cartridge is almost out of toner (approximately 100 pages can be printed).
TOTAL PAGE(S) 01	Number of pages transmitted, received, or copied.

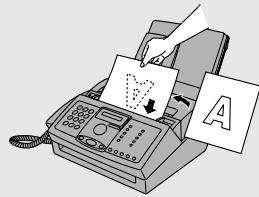
2 Audible signals

Continuous tone	3 seconds	Indicates the end of transmission, reception, or copying.
Intermittent tone (3 beeps)	5 seconds (1 second on, 1 second off)	Indicates incomplete transmission, reception, or copying.
Rapid intermittent tone	35 seconds (0.7 seconds on, 0.3 seconds off)	Indicates that the handset is off hook.



[7] Quick reference guide

Sending Faxes

Place your document (up to 20 pages) face down in the document feeder.



Normal Dialing

1. Lift the handset or press  .
2. Dial the fax number.
3. Wait for the reception tone (if a person answers, ask them to press their Start key).
4. Press  .




Rapid Key Dialing

Press the appropriate Rapid Key. Transmission will begin automatically.

Speed Dialing

1. Press  .
2. Enter the 2-digit Speed Dial number.
3. Press  .


Search Dialing

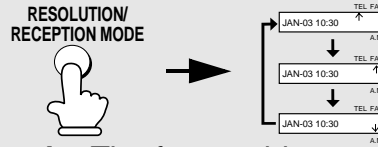
1. Press  or  until the desired destination appears in the display.
2. Press  .

Direct Keypad Dialing


1. Dial the fax number.
2. Press  .

Receiving Faxes

Press  until the arrow in the display points to the desired reception mode.
































































FAX mode: The fax machine automatically answers and receives faxes.

TEL mode: Answer all calls (even faxes) by picking up the handset. To begin fax reception, press  .

AM mode: Select this mode when you want to use an answering machine that is connected to the fax.

Storing Auto Dial Numbers

1. Press  once and  once.
2. Enter a 2-digit Speed Dial number (01 to 99; 01 to 10 for Rapid Key Dialing).
3. Enter the fax number and press  .
4. Enter a name by pressing number keys. (To enter two letters in succession that require the same key, press  after entering the first letter.)

SPACE = 	G = 	N =  	U =  
A = 	H =  	O =   	V =   
B =  	I =   	P = 	W = 
C =   	J = 	Q =  	X =  
D = 	K =  	R =   	Y =   
E =  	L =   	S =    	Z =    
F =   	M = 	T = 	

5. Press  and then  .

CHAPTER 2. ADJUSTMENTS

[1] Adjustments

General

Since the following adjustments and settings are provided for this model, make adjustments and/or setup as necessary.

1. Adjustments

Adjustments of output voltage (FACTORY ONLY)

1. Install the power supply unit in the machine.
2. Set the recording paper and document.
3. When the document is loaded, power is supplied to the output lines.
Confirm that outputs are within the limits below.

Output	Voltage limits
+5V	4.75V~5.25V
+24VH	23.04V~24.96V
+24V*	23.04V~24.96V

Output voltage settings

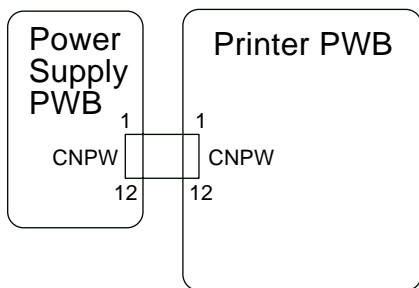


Fig. 1

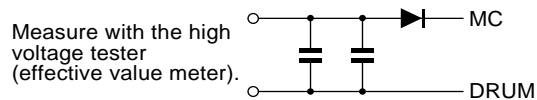
Connector PIN No.	CNPW
1	+5V
2	DG
3	DG
4	+24VH
5	MG
6	MG
7	+24VS
8	PWRLY-
9	HLON-
10	+24V
11	+24V
12	ZC

2. High voltage power adjustments

The high voltage power adjustments are composed of the MC output voltage adjustment and the DC bias output voltage adjustment. Either adjustment is performed with the diag function. (MAIN CHG ADJUST MODE)

1 MC output voltage adjustment

In the measurement circuit shown below, adjust VR1 to be -1050V ~ -1200V (aim at -1100V)



MC output voltage check

- Capacitor: 1000pF/3KV (VCKYQY3FB102K)
- Diode: SHV-03 (VHDSHV03//I-1)

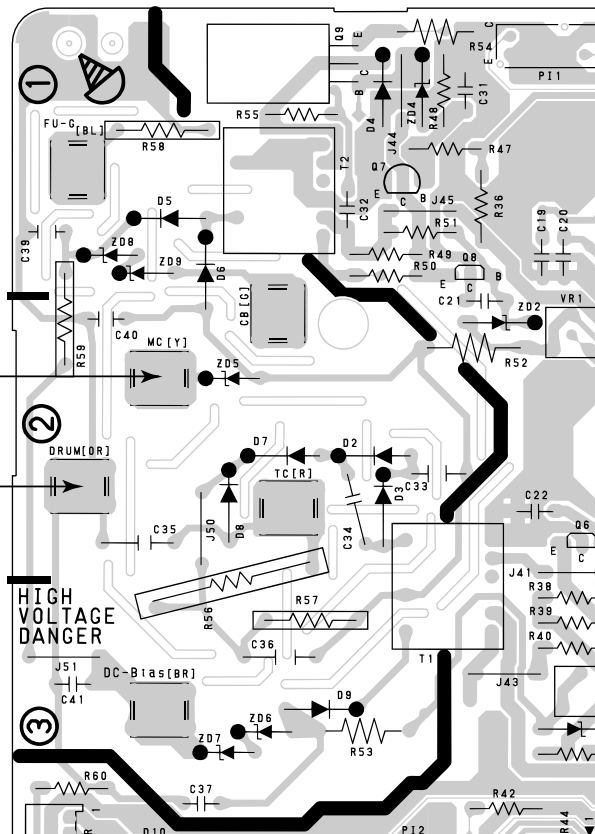
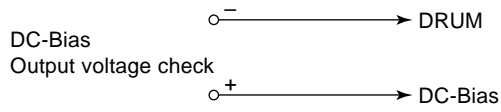


Fig.2

2 DC bias output voltage adjustment

Adjust VR2 so that the output voltage is $-310V \pm 5V$
 For measurement, use the high voltage tester (effective value meter).



DC-Bias
Output voltage check

VR2
(DV bias output adjustment volume)

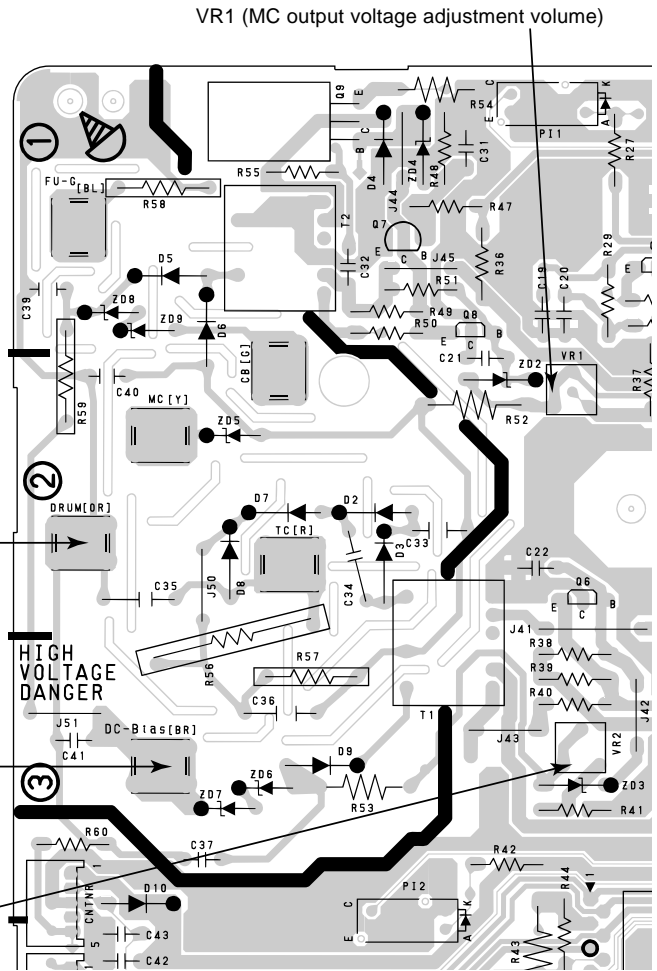
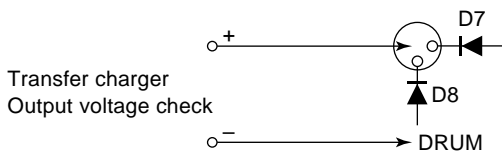


Fig.3

3 Transfer charger voltage check

After MC output voltage adjustment and DC bias output voltage adjustment, check transfer charger voltage.
 Check that the output voltage is $+3200V \sim +3700V$.
 For measurement, use a high voltage tester (effective value meter).



Transfer charger
Output voltage check

Transfer charger
Output voltage check

Note: For measurement, do not remove Printer PWB from the bottom plate.

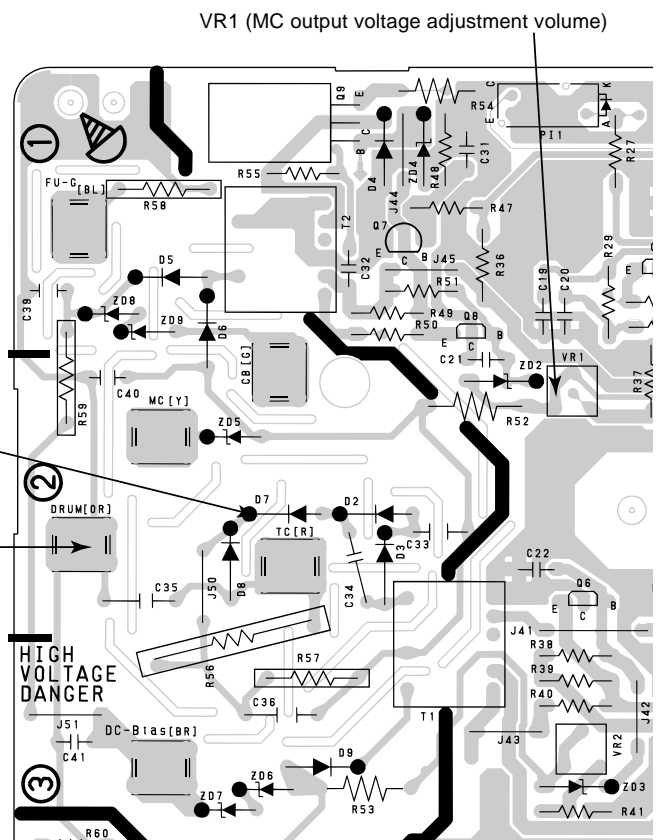


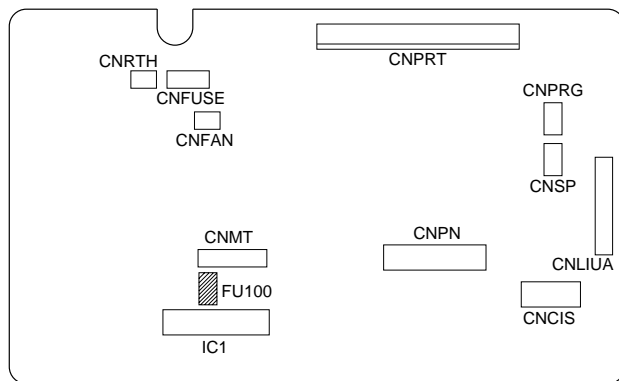
Fig.4

3. IC protectors replacement

ICPs (IC Protectors) are installed to protect the TX motor drive circuit and verification stamp drive circuit. ICPs protect various ICs and electronic circuits from an overcurrent condition.

The location of ICPs are shown below:

- (1) FU100 is installed in order to protect IC's from and overcurrent generated in the verification stamp drive circuit. If FU100 is open, replace it with a new one.



Control PWB (Bottom side)

Fig.5

4. Settings

(1) Dial mode selector

OPTION SETTING: DIAL MODE (Soft Switch No. SW2 DATA No. 1)


Use this to set the fax machine to the type of telephone line you are on.

- The factory setting is "TONE".




(step 1) Select "OPTION SETTING".

KEY: **FUNCTION**   

DISPLAY: **OPTION SETTING** 

KEY: 

(step 2) Select "DIAL MODE".

KEY: Push  until "**DIAL MODE**" is indicated because the number of s changes by the models and press  key.

DISPLAY: **1= TONE, 2= PULSE**

(step 3) Select, using "1" or "2".

KEY: **1**

DISPLAY: **TONE SELECTED**

KEY: **2**

DISPLAY: **PULSE SELECTED**

(step 4) End, using the "STOP" key.

KEY: **STOP**

[2] Diagnostics and service soft switches

1. Operating procedure

Two kinds of diagnoses are supported.

1-1. Fax diagnosis

This diagnosis is concerned with the main body of fax which is used for production and service support.

Entering the diagnostic mode

Press **FUNC** → **9** → ***** → **8** → **#** → **7**, and the following display will appear.

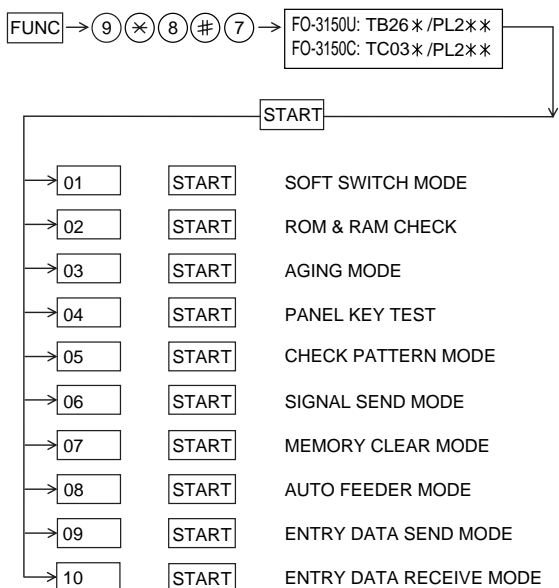
	DIAG MODE
FO-3150U:	TB26*/PL2**
FO-3150C:	TC03*/PL2**



Then press the **START** key. Select the desired item with the ***** key and the **#** key or select with the rapid key.

Enter the mode with the **START** key.

(Diag •specifications)



1-2. Print diagnosis

This diagnosis is concerned with the print which is used for production and service support.

Entering the diagnostic mode

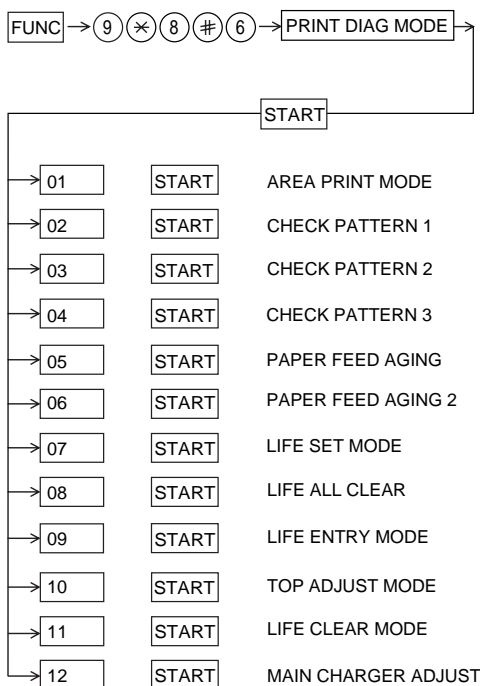
Press **FUNC** → **9** → ***** → **8** → **#** → **6**, and the following display will appear.

PRINT DIAG MODE

Then press the **START** key. Select the desired item with the **▲** key and the **▼** key or select with the rapid key.

Enter the mode with the **START** key.

(Diag •specifications)



Memory clear when power is turned on

Pressing the STOP keys, turn on the main power, and the following message will be displayed.

MEMORY CLEAR?

Press **START** key, the memory will be cleared to be ready for operation. Press **COPY** key, the memory will be cleared to be ready for process check.

If press the other keys, it will continue ready for operation as it is.

2. Diagnostic items description

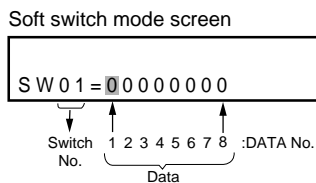
2-1. Fax diagnosis

1) Soft switch mode

The soft switches are provided so that each operation mode can be set by using the operation panel.

In this mode, these switches can be checked and set.

The contents of these switches are backed up.



1 Switch number selection

- Press START key for setting of the next soft switch. If the soft switch number is the final, pressing START key will exit the soft switch mode.
- Enter two digits of a soft switch number to set the switch number.

S O F T S W I T C H M O D E S W 0 1 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	S O F T S W I T C H M O D E S W 1	S O F T S W I T C H M O D E S W 1 6 = 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1
--	--------------------------------------	--

2 Data number selection

The cursor position shows the data to be set.

Pressing # key moves the cursor to the right.

Pressing ✕ key moves the cursor to the left. If, however, the cursor is on data number 1, pressing ✕ key shifts the cursor to data number 1 of the former switch number. If the switch number is 1, pressing ✕ key will not move the cursor and the error buzzer will sound.

3 Data setting method

Press the FUNCTION key, and the data at the position of the cursor will be reversed to 0 when it is 1, or to 1 when it is 0. (If the soft switch can not be changed at the bit the error buzzer will sound with the process not received.) When you press the START key and the cursor moves to the next switch position, the changes in the contents of the previous switch position will be saved. If you do not want to save your changes, press the STOP key.

4 Outputting method of soft switch list

In the soft switch mode, press the COPY/HELP key, and the soft switch list will be output.

If the recording paper runs out or is clogged, condition is held until recording paper is prepared, and an error buzzer doesn't ring.

2) ROM & RAM check

ROM executes the sum check, and RAM executes the matching test. If any error occurs, the buzzer will inform it. (Refer to the following table). Finally, the result will be printed.

Number of buzzer sounds	Device checked
1 time <Short sound>	MAIN ROM
2 times <Short sounds>	S-RAM or D-RAM

The buzzer beep pattern is: on for 0.25 seconds and then off for 0.25 seconds.

3) Aging mode

If any document is set up in the first state (when started), copying will be executed. If it is not set up, "check pattern" of the print diagnosis is output at the intervals of 1 sheet/5 minutes. (A total of 10 sheets are output.)

4) Panel key test

This is used to check whether each key is normally operated or not. According to the key input, LCD is displayed.

- When the START key is pressed while PANEL KEY TEST is being displayed, a test will start.
- Press all of the keys one at a time, but do not press the STOP key. Every time a key is pressed, the name of that key will appear in the display.
- Finally, press the STOP key and result was printed.

5) Check pattern mode

The effective printing area used will be according to the size specified. A copy of a pattern will be printed, and the printing will be complete.

6) Signal send mode

This mode is used to send various signals to the circuit during FAX communication. Every push of START key sends a signal in the following sequence.

[1] No signals (CML-ON)	[9] 7200bps (V. 29)
[2] 14400bps (V. 33)	[10] 4800bps (V27ter)
[3] 12000bps (V. 33)	[11] 2400bps (V27ter)
[4] 14400bps (V. 17)	[12] 300bps (FLAG)
[5] 12000bps (V. 17)	[13] 2100Hz (CED)
[6] 9600bps (V. 17)	[14] 1100Hz (CNG)
[7] 7200bps (V. 17)	[15] END
[8] 9600bps (V. 29)	

7) Memory clear mode

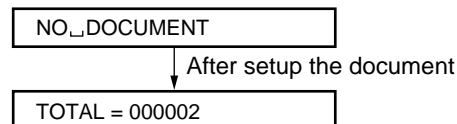
This mode is used to clear the backup memory and to reset to the factory default setting.

The content of each setting will be cleared. Then, the initialized list be output.

8) Auto feeder mode

The auto feed function can be checked by inserting and discharging the document. (After entering this mode, when a document is placed in the machine and the START key is pressed, the operation will start.)

After this mode is activated, TOTAL FEED COUNT displayed when the document sensor is turned.



9) Entry data send mode

This mode is used to send the registered data to another machine and make the other machine copy the registered content. Before sending in this mode, it is necessary to set the other machine at the entry data receive mode. The following information will be send to the remote machine.

[1] Telephone list data	[5] Junk fax number list (*)
[2] Sender register list (*)	[6] Recording setting list data (*)
[3] Optional setting list (*)	[7] Group setting list
[4] Soft switch content	(*) : Refer to the SET UP LIST of the operation manual.

10) Entry data receive mode

In this mode, the registered data sent from the other machine is received and the received data is registered in the machine.

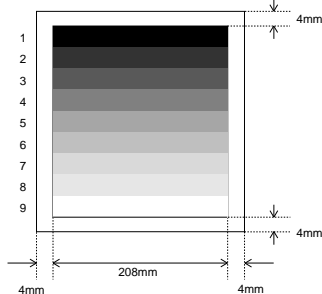
When this mode is used for receiving, the other machine must be in the entry data send mode. After receiving is completed, the following lists are printed.

[1] Telephone list data	[5] Junk fax number list (*)
[2] Sender register list (*)	[6] Recording setting list data (*)
[3] Optional setting list (*)	[7] Group setting list
[4] Soft switch content	(*) : Refer to the SET UP LIST of the operation manual.

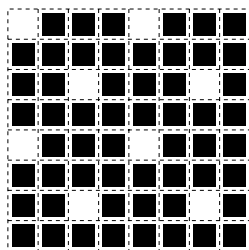
2-2. Print diagnosis

Rapid key 01: Area print mode

The effective printing area frame is printed in the specified sheet size.

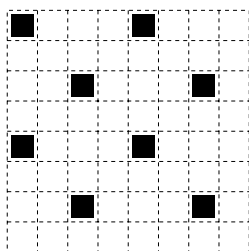


- 1. [Full black pattern]
- 2. [Intermediate tone 2 pattern]



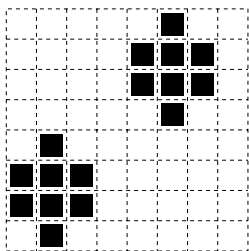
The left pattern is repeated.

- 3. [Intermediate tone 1 pattern]



The left pattern is repeated.

- 4. [Mesh point pattern]



The left pattern is repeated.

- 5. [Longitudinal strip 2 pattern]
Black 2 dot and white 2 dot are repeated in line.
- 6. [Lateral strip 2 pattern]
Black 2 line and white 2 line are repeated.
- 7. [Longitudinal strip 1 pattern]
Black 1 dot and white 1 dot are repeated in line.
- 8. [Lateral strip 1 pattern]
Black 1 line and white 1 line are repeated.
- 9. [Full White pattern]

Rapid key 02: Check pattern 1

The lateral stripe 2 pattern is printed on one sheet. (Black 2 line and white 2 line are repeated.)

Rapid key 03: Check pattern 2

The lateral stripe 2 pattern is printed on multiple pages. Press the STOP key to end the printing.

Rapid key 04: Check pattern 3

The intermediate tone 1 is printed on one sheet.

Rapid key 05: Paper feed aging

The mode is used for aging related to the printing. In this mode, the following modes are provided.

- 1 Blank paper aging mode (ALL WHITE AGING)
- 2 Whole black print aging mode (ALL BLACK AGING)
- 3 4% printing aging mode (4% AGING)

After selecting the paper-feed aging mode in the print diagnosis mode, input the number of each mode above with the ten-key, and the mode will be executed. The detailed specifications of each mode are described as follows. Here, the operation in each mode is stopped only when the STOP key is pressed by the operator or a printing-impossible error occurs.

- Blank paper aging mode (ALL WHITE AGING)
In the mode, printing is continued in the whole white (white paper) printing pattern until the STOP key is pressed by the operator. (In the printing area)
- Whole black printing aging mode (ALL BLACK AGING)
In the mode, printing is continued in the whole black (whole black) printing pattern until the STOP key is pressed by the operator. (In the printing area)
- 4%printing Aging Mode (4%AGING)

Rapid key 06: Paper feed aging 2

This is a mode that is used for aging related to printing and there are following modes.

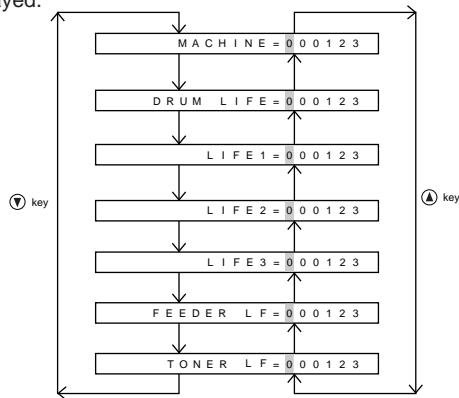
- 1 Printer pattern
 - 1) All Black 2) All White
 - 3) Check pattern 4 (Outer frame) 4) 4% chart pattern
- 2 Print interval (Time between finishing and starting the printing.)
Settable range : 1-999 seconds
- 3 Number of print repetitions (Number of repetitions.)
Settable range : 1-9999 times
- 4 Number of printouts (Number of serial printings at a time.)
Settable range : 1-99 sheets

To execute, enter the above items with the ten keys after selecting the mode. Refer to "Paper feed aging 1" for the details of print patterns. In any of the mode, the operation will be interrupted only when the "STOP" key is pressed by the operator or an error which makes printing impossible occurs.

Rapid key 07: Life set mode

The mode is used to set the life counter of the printer and the counter of the auto feeder at desired values. For setting, proceed with the following procedure.

- 1 When the life counter setting mode is selected, the following will be displayed.



- The cursor blinks at the top data. Seven counters can be selected with the "⏏" and "⏏" keys.
- 2 In the state 1, input a desired setting number of 6 digits with the ten-key.
- 3 After input of 6 digits, press START key.
- 4 "STORED" will be displayed with the set values stored into the memory. For checking, retry this mode. If desired, shift to another counter with the ⏏ key and ⏏ keys as necessary.

Note:
This counter indicates the printer use conditions such as numbers of printed pages from the beginning of use. In the normal memory clear condition, the counter will not be reset. In conditions including damaged memory contents caused by repairing the panel, this counter should be reset or cleared in addition to the ordinary memory clear.

Rapid key 08: Life all clear

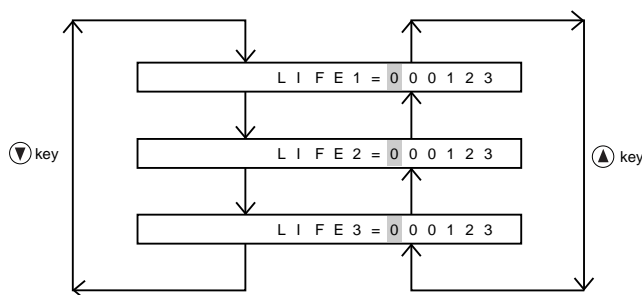
The mode is used to clear the life counter of the printer of the counter of the auto feeder.

Note: The counter shows the operational state of the printer (e.g. how many sheets have been printed since start of use?). The ordinary memory does not reset the counter. Accordingly, it is necessary to reset this counter in addition to the ordinary memory clear if the content in the memory on the control PWB is broken because of PWB repair, etc. (In the production stage, it is necessary to execute this in the last process.)

**Rapid key 09: Life entry mode
(For Serviceman temporary counter)**

The mode is used to set a desired value for the judgment value (alarm judgment counter value) of the general purpose life counters 1 thru 3 of the printer. If the life of a consumable part (developer, imprinter, etc) is set, the model which has the error display and RMS function will inform RMS when the counter reaches the set value. For setting, proceed with the following procedure.

- 1 When the life counter entry mode is selected, the following will be displayed.



The cursor blinks at the top data.

Three counters can be selected with the "▼" and "▲" keys.

- 2 In the state 1, input a desired setting number of 6 digits with the ten-key.
- 3 After input of 6 digits, press the START key.
- 4 "STORED" will be displayed with the set values stored into the memory. For checking, retry this mode.
If desired, shift to another counter with the ▼ key and ▲ keys as necessary.

Note: The counter shows the operational state of the printer (how many sheets have been printed since start of use? and others). The ordinary memory does not reset the counter. Accordingly, it is necessary to reset the counter or do the clear process in addition to the ordinary memory clear if the content in the memory on the control PWB is broken because of PWB repair, etc. (In the production stage, it is necessary to execute this in the last process.)

Rapid key 10: Top adjust mode

Adjust the top margin for printing on a page. You can enter any value from 0 to 99 using the ten-key keypad.

The standard (initial) value is 50.

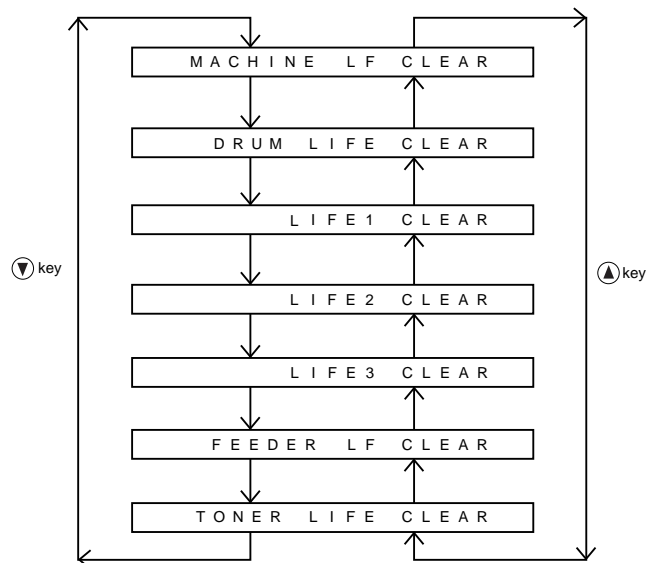
When the setting is increased, the print start position will be moved closer to the beginning of page.

When the setting is decreased, the print start position will be moved further away from the beginning of page.

Rapid key 11: Life clear mode

The mode is used to respectively clear the life counter of the printer and the counter of the auto feeder. For setting, proceed with the following procedure.

- 1 When the life counter clearing mode is selected, the following will be displayed.
Seven counters can be selected with the "▼" and "▲" keys.



- 2 In the state of 1, select the counter value you want to clear using the "▼" key or the "▲" key, and then press the START key.
- 3 "CLEARED" will be displayed, and the counter value will be cleared. After clearing the counter value, another counter value can be cleared using the # or ✕ key, if desired. Press the STOP key to exit from the mode.

Note: The counter shows the operational state of the printer (how many sheets have been printed since start of use? and others). The ordinary memory does not reset the counter. Accordingly, it is necessary to reset the counter or do the clear process in addition to the ordinary memory clear if the content in the memory on the control PWB is broken because of PWB repair, etc. (In the production stage, it is necessary to execute this in the last process.)

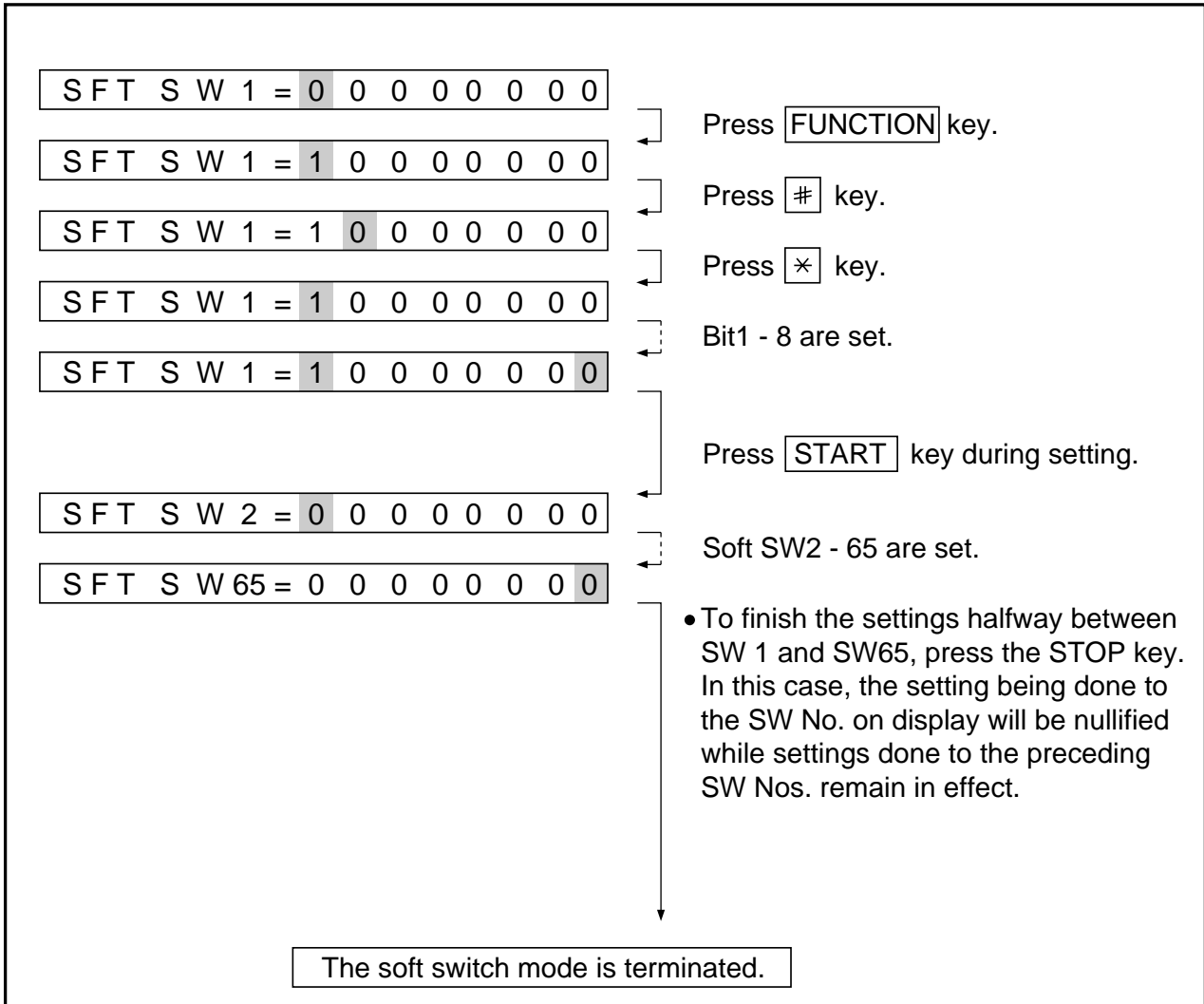
Rapid key 12: Main charger adjust

This mode is used to control voltage of main charger.

3. How to make soft switch setting

To enter the soft switch mode, make the following key entries in sequence.

Press **FUNCTION** **9** ***** **8** **#** **7** **START** **0 1** **START**



4. Soft switch description

• Soft switch

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function				Initial setting	Remarks			
			1		0						
SW1	1	Recall interval	Binary input				8	4	2	1	0 1 0 1 OPTION Set to 01~15
	2		No. =				1	2	3	4	
	3						0	1	0	1	
	4						(5 x 60 sec = 5 min)				
	5	Recall times	Binary input				8	4	2	1	0 0 1 0 OPTION Set to 0~10
	6		No. =				5	6	7	8	
	7						0	0	1	0	
	8						(Twice)				
SW2	1	Dial mode	Pulse		Tone			0	OPTION		
	2	Reserved						0			
	3	ECM mode	No		Yes			0	OPTION		
	4	CNG detection in standby mode	No		Yes			0	OPTION		
	5	Polling security	Yes		No			0	FUNC +3		
	6	Automatic cover sheet	No		Yes			1	OPTION		
	7	Reserved						0			
	8	Anti junk fax function	Yes		No			1			
SW3	1	Number of rings for auto receive	Binary input				8	4	2	1	0 1 0 0 OPTION
	2		No. =				1	2	3	4	
	3						0	1	0	0	
	4						(4 times)				
	5	Automatic switching manual to auto receive	Reception after 5 rings			No reception			0		
	6	Reserved						0			
	7	CI detect frequency			As PTT	11.5Hz	13.0Hz	20.0Hz	0 0		
	8		No. 7	0	0	1	1				
SW4	1	Communication results printout (transaction report)	Error		Err/Mem	Send only	No print	Always	0 0 1 0 OPTION		
	2		No. 1	0	0	0	1	1			
	3		No. 2	0	0	1	0	1			
	4		No. 3	1	0	0	0	0			
	5	Auto dial mode delay timer of after line connect			4.0 sec	3.6 sec	3.0 sec	1.7 sec	0 0 0		
	6		No. 5	1	1	0	0				
	7		No. 6	1	0	1	0				
	8	Number of CNG detect (STAND-BY mode)			1 pulse	2 pulses	3 pulses	4 pulses	0 1		
	9		No. 7	0	0	1	0				
	10	No. 8	0	1	0	0					
SW5	1	Auto dial mode delay timer of before line connect			0 second	1.5 second	3.0 second	4.5 second	0 0		
	2		No. 1	0	0	1	1				
	3	Sender's information transmit	No			Yes			0		
	4	Footer print	Yes			No			0		
	5	ECM MMR	No			Yes			0		
	6	Reserved						0			
	7	Reserved						0			
	8	CSI transmission	Not transmitted			Transmitted			0		

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function								Initial setting	Remarks	
			1				0						
SW6	1	H2 mode	No				Yes				0		
	2	Reserved									0		
	3	Reserved									0		
	4	Reserved									0		
	5	Modem speed (DCS date reception speed)	V.33	V.17				V.29		V.27 ter		1	
			14400 12000	14400 12000	9600 7200	9600 7200	4800 2400	4800 2400					
			0 0	1 1	1 1	0 0	0 0	0 0					
			1 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0					
6		0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	1 0		0				
7		0 0	0 0	1 1	1 1	1 1	0 0		0				
8										0			
SW7	1	Forced 4800bps reception	Yes				No				0		
	2	Protect from echo	No				Yes				0		
	3	DIS receive acknowledgement during G3 transmission	Twice				NSF : Once DIS : Twice				0		
	4	Non modulated carrier for V.29 transmission mode	Yes				No				0		
	5	EOL detect timer	25 sec				13 sec				0		
	6	Protocol monitor	Yes				No				0		
	7	Line monitor	Yes				No				0		
	8	Length limitation of copy/send/receive	No limit				Copy/Send:1m Receive:1.5m				0		
SW8	1	Digital equalization setting (Reception)			0Km	1.8Km	3.6Km	7.2Km	1				
			No. 1	0	0	1	1						
	2		No. 2	0	1	0	1	1					
	3	Dial pausing (sec/pause)	4sec				2sec				0		
	4	Signal transmission level	Binary input				16	8	4	2	1	0	
	5		No. =				4	5	6	7	8	1	
	6						0	1	0	0	0	0	
	7						(-8 dBm)				0		
SW9	1	CED tone signal interval			75ms	500ms	750ms	1000ms	0				
			No. 1	0	0	1	1						
	2		No. 2	0	1	0	1	0					
	3	Equalizer freeze control (MODEM)	On				Off				0		
	4	Equalizer freeze control 7200bps only	No				Yes				0		
	5	Protocol monitor (Error print)	Printed at communication Error				Not Printed				0		
	6	Reserved									0		
	7	Dial tone detection (before auto dial)	No				Yes				1		
8	Busy tone detection (after auto dial)	No				Yes				0			
SW10	1	Reserved									0		
	2	Reserved									0		
	3	Reserved									0		
	4	Reserved									0		
	5	Distinctive ringing setting Factory setting : OFF		OFF	STD	RING1	RING2	RING3	RING4	RING5	0	OPTION RING4/RING5 Canada Only	
			No. 5	0	0	1	0	1	0	1			
			No. 6	0	0	0	1	1	0	0			
			No. 7	0	0	0	0	0	1	1			
8		No. 8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0				

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function					Initial setting	Remarks
			1		0				
SW11	1	End buzzer		3sec	1sec	No Beep		0	OPTION
			No. 1	0	0	1			
	2		No. 2	0	1	0		0	
	3	Communication error treatment in RTN sending mode (reception)	No communication error		Communication error			0	
	4	CNG transmission after auto dialing	No		Yes			0	
	5	Error criterion	10 ~ 20 %		5 ~ 10 %			0	
	6	Pulse to tone change by ✕ key	On		Off			1	
	7	CNG transmission in manual transmission	Yes		No			1	
8	Reserved						0		
SW12	1	DTMF signal transmission level (Low)	Binary input 16 8 4 2 1					0	
	2		No. = 1 2 3 4 5					1	
	3		0 1 0 0 0 (-4.0dBm)					0	
	4							0	
	5							0	
	6	Reserved						0	
	7	Reserved						0	
	8	Reserved						0	
SW13	1	DTMF signal transmission level (High)	Binary input 16 8 4 2 1					0	
	2		No. = 1 2 3 4 5					0	
	3		0 0 1 0 1 (-2.0dBm)					1	
	4							0	
	5							1	
	6	Reserved						0	
	7	Reserved						0	
	8	Recalling fixed only one time when dialing was unsuccessful without detection busy tone signal	Yes		No			1	
SW14	1	Reserved						0	
	2	Reserved						0	
	3	Reserved						0	
	4	Reserved						0	
	5	Reserved						0	
	6	Reserved						0	
	7	Reserved						0	
	8	Hold key	Enable		Disable			1	
SW15	1	Digital line equalization setting (Transmission)		0km	1.8km	3.6km	7.2km	0	
			No. 1	0	0	1	1		
	2		No. 2	0	1	0	1	0	
	3	MR coding	No		Yes			0	
	4	Disconnect the line when DIS is received in RX mode	No		Yes			1	
	5	Reserved						0	
	6	Modem speed automatic fallback when RX level is under -40dBm	Yes		No			0	
	7	Waiting time after dialing		45sec	55sec	90sec	140sec	0	
No. 7			0	0	1	1			
8		No. 8	0	1	0	1	0		

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function				Initial setting	Remarks	
			1		0				
SW16	1	CI off detection timer (0-1550ms setting by 50ms step)	Binary input 16 8 4 2 1				0		
	2		No. = 1 2 3 4 5				1		
	3		0 1 1 1 0				1		
	4						1		
	5						0		
	6	Reserved					0		
	7	Reserved					0		
	8	Dial pulse make / break ratio(%)	40/60		33/67		1		
SW17	1	Speaker volume (3 stages)		Low	Low	Middle	High	1	Using Volume key
	2		No. 1	0	0	1	1		
	3	Hand-set receiver volume (3 stages)		Low	Low	Middle	High	1	Using Volume key
	4		No. 3	0	0	1	1		
	5	Ringer volume (4 stages)		Off	Low	Middle	High	1	Using Volume key
	6		No. 5	0	0	1	1		
	7	Reserved						0	
	8	Reserved						0	
SW18	1	Reserved					0		
	2	Reserved					0	FUNC + #	
	3	Summer time setting	No		Yes		1	FUNC + 3	
	4	Sender's phone number setting	Cannot change		Change allowed		0		
	5	Polling key	Yes		No		0	OPTION	
	6	Activity report print	Automatic printout		No printout when memory full		0	OPTION	
	7	Total communication hours and pages print	No		Yes		0		
	8	Line density selection	Fine		Standard		0	OPTION	
SW19	1	Reading slice (Binary)		Factory setting	Dark	Light	Darker (when Dark mode)	0	
	2		No. 1	0	0	1	1		
	3	Reading slice (Half tone)		Factory setting	Dark	Light	Darker (when Dark mode)	0	
	4		No. 3	0	0	1	1		
	5	Reserved						0	
	6	MTF correction in half tone mode	No		Yes		0		
	7	Reserved					0		
	8	Reserved					0		
SW20	1	Reserved					0		
	2	Reserved					0		
	3	Reserved					0		
	4	Reserved					0		
	5	Reserved					0		
	6	Reserved					0		
	7	F.A.S.T (RMS) mode	On		Off		0		
	8	Reserved					0		

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function				Initial setting	Remarks	
			1		0				
SW21	1	Reserved					0		
	2	Reserved					0		
	3	Reserved					0		
	4	Reserved					0		
	5	Reserved					0		
	6	Reserved					0		
	7	Reserved					0		
	8	Reserved					0		
SW22	1	Reserved					0		
	2	Reserved					0		
	3	Reserved					0		
	4	Reserved					0		
	5	Reserved					0		
	6	Reserved					0		
	7	Reserved					0		
	8	Reserved					0		
SW23	1	Automatic reduce of receive	Auto		100%		1	OPTION	
	2	Cut off mode (COPY mode)	No		Yes		0	OPTION	
	3	Paper set size		Letter	Legal	A4	0	OPTION	
	4		No. 3	0	0	1			
			No. 4	0	1	0	0		
	5	Reserved					0		
	6	Reserved					0		
	7	A4 paper enable	Enable		Disable		1		
8	LEGAL and LETTER paper enable	Enable		Disable		1			
SW24	1	DTMF detection time		50ms	80ms	100ms	120ms	0	
	2		No. 1	0	0	1	1		
			No. 2	0	1	0	1	0	
	3	Protection remote reception (5 × ×) detect	Yes		No		0		
	4	Remote reception with GE telephone	Compatible		Not compatible		1		
	5	Remote operation code figures by external tel (0 ~ 9)	Binary input	8	4	2	1	0	OPTION
	6		No. =	5	6	7	8	(Data No.)	1
	7		EX	0	1	0	1	0	
8		eg.	5	×	×		1		
SW25	1	Busy tone detection ON/OFF time (Lower duration)		150ms	200ms	250ms	350ms	0	
	2		No. 1	0	0	1	1		
			No. 2	0	1	0	1	1	
	3	Busy tone detection ON/OFF time (Upper duration)		650 ms	900 ms	1500 ms	2700 ms	0	
	4		No. 3	0	0	1	1		
			No. 4	0	1	0	1	1	
	5	Reserved					0		
	6	Busy tone detect continuation sound detect	No		Yes		0		
7	Reserved					0			
8	Busy tone detect intermittent sound detect	No		Yes		0			
SW26	1	Reserved					0		
	2	Fax switching when A.M. full	Yes		No		0	OPTION	
	3	Selection time of quiet detection		30sec	40sec	50sec	60sec	0	
	4		No. 3	0	0	1	1		
			No. 4	0	1	0	1	1	
	5	Number of CNG detect (AM mode)		1pulse	2pulses	3pulses	4pulses	0	
	6		No. 5	0	0	1	1		
			No. 6	0	1	0	1	1	
7	Busy tone detection pulse number		2pulse	4pulse	6pulse	10pulse	0		
8		No. 7	0	0	1	1			
		No. 8	0	1	0	1	1		

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function				Initial setting	Remarks
			1		0			
SW27	1	Quiet detect time	Binary input				0	OPTION
	2		No. =				1	
	3		1 2 3 4				0	
	4		0 1 0 0 (4sec)				0	
	5	Quiet detect start timing	Binary input				0	
	6		No. =				1	
	7		5 6 7 8				0	
	8		0 1 0 1 (5sec)				1	
SW28	1	Reserved				0		
	2	Reserved				0		
	3	Reserved				0		
	4	Reserved				0		
	5	Reserved				0		
	6	Reserved				0		
	7	Reserved				0		
	8	Reserved				0		
SW29	1	Reserved				0		
	2	Reserved				0		
	3	Reserved				0		
	4	Reserved				0		
	5	Reserved				0		
	6	Reserved				0		
	7	Reserved				0		
	8	Reserved				0		
SW30	1	Reserved				0		
	2	Reserved				0		
	3	Reserved				0		
	4	Reserved				0		
	5	Reserved				0		
	6	Reserved				0		
	7	Reserved				0		
	8	Reserved				0		
SW31	1	Reserved				0		
	2	Reserved				0		
	3	Reserved				0		
	4	Reserved				0		
	5	Reserved				0		
	6	Reserved				0		
	7	Reserved				0		
	8	Reserved				0		

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function		Initial setting	Remarks
			1	0		
SW32	1	Choice after quiet detect	Wait response for 3 sec	Normal FAX RX	0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Busy tone continuous sound detect time	5 sec	10 sec	1	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW33	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			1	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			1	
SW34	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW35	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW36	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW37	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW38	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function		Initial setting	Remarks
			1	0		
SW39	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW40	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW41	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW42	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW43	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW44	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function		Initial setting	Remarks
			1	0		
SW45	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW46	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW47	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW48	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW49	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW50	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function		Initial setting	Remarks
			1	0		
SW51	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW52	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW53	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW54	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW55	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW56	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW57	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function		Initial setting	Remarks
			1	0		
SW58	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			1	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			1	
SW59	1	Reserved			1	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			1	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			1	
	6	Reserved			1	
	7	Reserved			1	
	8	Reserved			1	
SW60	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			1	
	4	Reserved			1	
	5	Reserved			1	
	6	Reserved			1	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW61	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			1	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			1	
	5	Reserved			1	
	6	Reserved			1	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW62	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			1	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			1	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW63	1	Reserved			1	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			1	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	
SW64	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	

SW NO.	DATA NO.	ITEM	Switch setting and function		Initial setting	Remarks
			1	0		
SW65	1	Reserved			0	
	2	Reserved			0	
	3	Reserved			0	
	4	Reserved			0	
	5	Reserved			0	
	6	Reserved			0	
	7	Reserved			0	
	8	Reserved			0	

• Soft switch function description

SW1 No. 1 ~ No. 4 Recall interval

Choice is made for a recall interval for speed, rapid dial numbers, ten key +START and search + START. Use a binary number to program this. If set to 0 accidentally, 1 will be assumed.

SW1 No. 5 ~ No. 8 Recall times

Choice is made as to how many recall times should be made. Use a binary number to program this.

SW2 No. 1 Dial mode

Switch the type according to the telephone circuit connected to the facsimile.

0: TONE DIAL

1: PULSE DIAL

SW2 No. 2 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW2 No. 3 ECM mode

Used to determine ECM mode function. Refer to the following table.

SW2- No. 3 ECM mode		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SW6- No. 2 Reserved		0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
Compression method	ECM MMR mode	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	ECM MR mode	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	ECM MMH mode	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	ECM MH mode	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	MR mode	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
	MH mode	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

(Depending on remote machine)

SW2 No. 4 CNG detection in standby mode

The CNG signal detection function during stand-by stops.

0: Yes

1: No

SW2 No. 5 Polling security

This switch is employed to enable or disable the polling operation using the ID code verification function, in order to prevent unauthorized polling operation.

SW2 No. 6 Automatic cover sheet

When "0" (=YES) is selected, the cover sheet is automatically sent after transmission of the original to notify the receiver of the number of original sheets transmitted.

SW2 No. 7 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW2 No. 8 Anti junk fax function

This function is used to receive data from a specific remote machine (station registered in entry mode). It is the function that refused a reception in the case that TSI of remote machine matched with fax number of the station registered.

0: No

1: Yes

SW3 No. 1 ~ No. 4 Number of rings for auto receive

When the machine is set in the auto receive mode, the number of rings before answering can be selected. It may be set from one to nine rings using a binary number. If the soft switch was set to "1", a direct connection is made to the facsimile. If it was set to "0" accidentally, receive ring is set to "1". If it was above 9, receive rings are set to 9.

SW3 No. 5 Automation switching manual to auto receive

This soft switch is used to select whether the machine should switch to the auto receive mode after 5 rings in the manual receive mode or remain in the same way as SW03 No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4 "0", "1", "0", "0" (5 rings).

SW3 No. 6 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW3 No. 7, No. 8 CI detect frequency

Detection frequency of ring signal for auto reception is set.

When set to No.7=0, No.8=0, frequency is set to PTT recommendation.

When set to No.7=0, No.8=1, frequency is set to 11.5Hz or more.

When set to No.7=1, No.8=0, frequency is set to 13.0Hz or more.

When set to No.7=1, No.8=1, frequency is set to 20.0Hz or more.

SW4 No. 1 ~ No. 3 Communication results printout (transaction report)

Every communication, the result can be output. As usual, it is set to print the timer sending communication error alone. If No. 1 : 1 No. 2 : 1 No. 3 : 0 are set, printing is always on (printed ever if it is normally ended).

000 : Error, timer and memory sending/receiving

010 : Sending

110 : Continuous printing

100 : Not printed

001 : Communication error

SW4 No. 4 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW4 No. 5, No. 6 Auto dial mode delay timer of after line connect

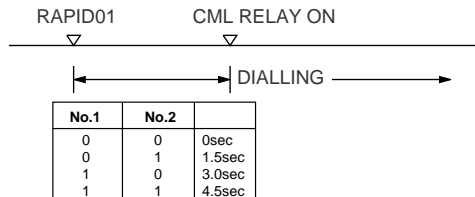
Delay time between the line connection and dial data output under the auto-dial mode.

SW4 No. 7, No. 8 Number of CNG detect (STAND-BY mode)

Used for detection of CNG in 1 to 4 pulses.

SW5 No. 1, No. 2 Auto dial mode delay timer of before line connect

Delay time between the dial key input and line connection under the auto dial mode.

**SW5 No. 3 Sender's information transmit**

When it is set at "0", sender's name, sending page number and so on are automatically printed in the recording paper on the receiving side during transmission. Thus, the sender can be known on the receiving side.

0: Applied

1: Not applied

SW5 No. 4 Footer print

When set to "1", the date of reception, the sender machine No., and the page No. are automatically recorded at the end of reception.

SW5 No. 5 ECM MMR

See SW 2 No. 3.

SW5 No. 6, No. 7 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW5 No. 8 CSI transmission

CSI signal contains the sender's phone number registered in the machine. If this switch is set to "1", no sender's name will be printed at the receiving side.

SW6 No. 1 H2 mode

Used to determine reception of H2 mode (15 sec transmission mode). When set to OFF, H2 mode reception is inhibited even though the transmitting machine has H2 mode function.

SW6 No. 2 ~ No. 4 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW6 No. 5 ~ No. 8 Modem speed (DCS data reception speed)

Used to determine the initial modem speed. The default is 14400BPS(V.17). It may be necessary to program it to a slower speed when frequent line fallback is encountered, in order to save the time required for the fallback procedure.

SW7 No. 1 Forced 4800bps reception

When line conditions warrant that receptions take place at 4800 BPS repeatedly.

It may improve the success of reception by setting at 4800 BPS.

This improves the receiving document quality and reduces handshake time due to fallback during training.

SW7 No. 2 Protect from echo

Used to protect from echo in reception.

SW7 No. 3 DIS receive acknowledgement during G3 transmission

Used to make a choice of whether reception of NSF (DIS) is acknowledged after receiving two NSFs (DISs) or receiving one NSF (two DISs).

It may be useful for overseas communication to avoid an echo suppression problem, if set to "1".

SW7 No. 4 Non modulated carrier for V.29 transmission mode

Though transmission of a non-modulated carrier is not required for transmission by the V29 modem according to the CCITT Recommendation, it may be permitted to send a non-modulated carrier before the image signal to avoid an echo suppression problem.

It may be useful for overseas communication to avoid an echo suppression problem, if set to "1".

SW7 No. 5 EOL detect timer

25 seconds or 13 seconds are selected for the detection timer of EOL (end of line). This is effective against communication trouble on a specific type of long EOL.

0: 13 seconds

1: 25 seconds

SW7 No. 6 Protocol monitor

Normally set to "0". If set to "1", communication can be checked, in case of trouble, without using a G3 tester or other tools.

When communication FSK data transmission or reception is made, the data is taken into the buffer. When communication is finished, the data is analysed and printed out. When data is received with the line monitor (SW07 No.7) set to "1" the reception level is also printed out.

SW7 No. 7 Line monitor

Normally set to "0". If set to "1", the transmission speed and the reception level are displayed on the LCD. Used for line tests.

SW7 No. 8 Length limitation of copy/send/receive

Used to set the maximum page length.

To avoid possible paper jam, the page length is normally limited to 1m for copy or transmit, and 1.5 meters for receive.

It is possible to set it to "No limit" to transmit/receive a long document, such as a computer print form, etc. (In this case, the receiver/transmitter must also be set to no limit.)

SW8 No. 1, No. 2 Digital equalization setting (Reception)

The specific line equalizer is inserted.

No. 1	No. 2	
0	0	The line equalizer built in the modem is turned off
0	1	Line equalizer corresponding to 1.8 km
1	0	Line equalizer corresponding to 3.6 km
0	1	Line equalizer corresponding to 7.2 km

SW8 No. 3 Dial pausing (sec/pause)

Pauses can be inserted between telephone numbers of direct dial connection. Selection of 4 sec or 2 sec pause is available.

SW8 No. 4 ~ No. 8 Signal transmission level

Used to control the signal transmission level in the range of -0dB to -31dB.

SW9 No. 1, No. 2 CED tone signal interval

For international communication, the 2100Hz CED tone may act as an echo suppresser switch, causing a communication problem. Though this soft switch is normally set to "00", it should be change the time between CED tone and DIS signal from 75ms to 1000ms to eliminate the communication problem caused by echo.

SW9 No. 3 Equalizer freeze control (MODEM)

This switch is used to perform reception operation by fixing the equalizer control of modem for the line which is always in an unfavorable state and picture cannot be received. Usually, the control is executed according to the state of line where the equalizer setting is changed always.

SW9 No. 4 Equalizer freeze control 7200bps only

Setting which specifies SW9 No.3 control only in condition of 7200bps modem speed.

SW9 No. 5 Protocol monitor (Error Print)

If set to "1", protocol is printed at communication error.

SW9 No. 6 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW9 No. 7 Dial tone detection (before auto dial)

Used to set Yes/No of dial tone detection in auto dialing.

SW9 No. 8 Busy tone detection (after auto dial)

this is used to set busy tone detection in auto dialing.

SW10 No.1 ~ No. 4 Reserved

Set to "0".

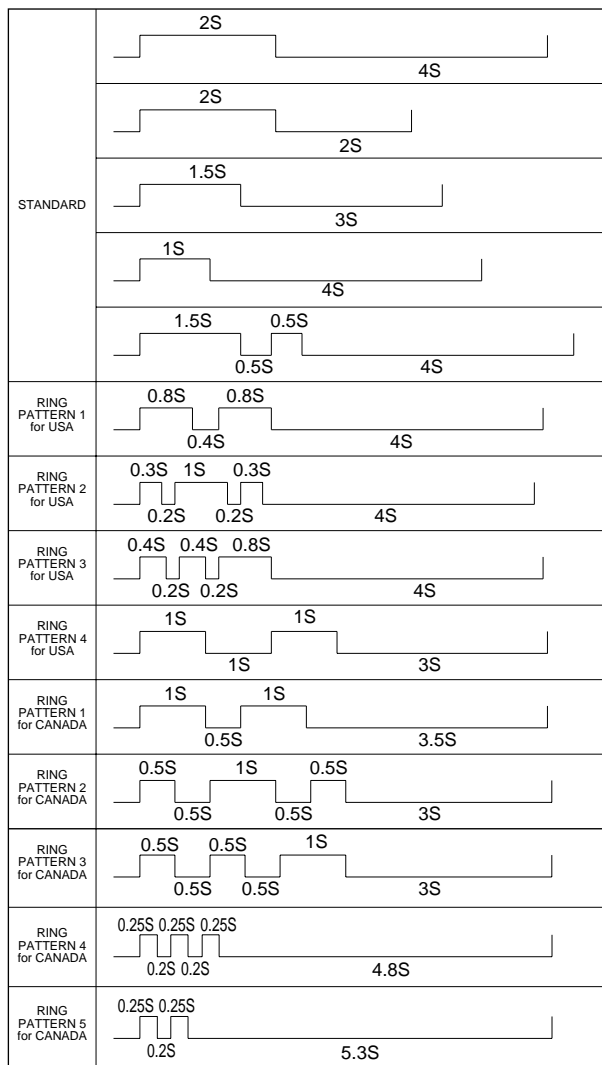
SW10 No. 5 ~ No. 8 Distinctive ringing setting

Factory setting : OFF

When the ringing setting is turned off, all of the CI signal are received. When any of the standard, and ring patterns 1 through 4 or 5 is selected for the ringing setting, only the selected CI signal is received.

CI signal patterns

The CI signal patterns consists of the standard pattern, and ring patterns 1 through 9. The standard pattern is the conventional one.

**SW11 No. 1, No. 2 End buzzer**

The sounding length of the buzzer for normal end of operation set.

SW11 No. 3 Communication error treatment in RTN setting mode (reception)

Used to determine communication error treatment when RTN is sent by occurrence of a received image error in G3 reception. When it is set to "1", communication error is judged as no error.

SW11 No. 4 CNG transmission after auto dialing

When set to "0", this model allows CNG transmission by pressing the Start key in the key pad dialing mode. When set to "1", CNG transmission in the key pad dialing mode cannot be performed. In either case, CNG transmission can be performed in the auto dial mode.

SW11 No. 5 Error criterion

Used to select error criterion for sending back RTN when receiving image data.

SW11 No. 6 Pulse to tone change by ✕ key

When setting to 1, the mode is changed by pressing the ✕ key from the pulse dial mode to the tone dial mode.

SW11 No. 7 CNG transmission in manual transmission

CNG signal sending ON/OFF in case of manual transmission is set.

SW11 No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW12 No. 1 ~ No. 5 DTMF signal transmission level (Low)

The transmission level of DTMF signal is adjusted. (lower frequency)

00000 : 0 dBm

↓

11111 : -15.5 dBm

SW12 No. 6 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW13 No. 1 ~ No. 5 DTMF signal transmission level (High)

The transmission level of DTMF signal is adjusted. (higher frequency)

00000 : 0 dBm

↓

11111 : -15.5 dBm

SW13 No. 6, No. 7 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW13 No. 8 Recalling fixed only one time when dialing was unsuccessful without detecting busy tone signal

When dialing results in failure since the busy tone cannot be detected, recalling is fixed to one time.

Supplementary explanation

If time-out termination is made when dialing, only single recall is possible even if the setting time of recalls (SW01 No. 5 ~ No. 8) has been set to some times. This soft switch is added in order to meet FCC.

SW14 No. 1 ~ No. 7 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW14 No. 8 Hold key

Used to set Yes / No of holding function by the HOLD key.

SW15 No. 1, No. 2 Digital line equalization setting (Transmission)

Line equalization when transmitter is to be set according to the line characteristics. Setting should be made according to distance between the telephone and the telephone company central switching station.

SW15 No. 3 MR coding

MR coding is enable.

SW15 No. 4 Disconnect the line when DIS is received in RX mode

Bit1=0: When DIS signal is received during RX mode, the line is disconnected immediately.

Bit1=1: When DIS signal is received during RX mode, the line is disconnected on the next tone.

SW15 No. 5 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW15 No. 6 Modem speed automatic fallback when RX level is under -40dBm

When set to "1", if fax signal level is under -40dBm during reception, machine selects the slower modem speed automatically.

It is effective when noises occur on the received document due to the long distance communications.

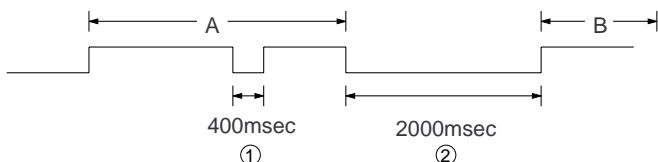
SW15 No. 7, No. 8 Waiting time after dialing

This is time waiting for the opponent's signals after dialing.

SW16 No. 1 ~ No. 5 CI off detection timer (0 - 1550ms setting by 50ms step)

Set the minimum time period of CI signal interruption which affords to be judged as a CI OFF section with 50ms steps.

(Example)

**SW16 No. 6, No. 7 Reserved**

Set to "0".

SW16 No. 8 Dial pulse make / break ratio (%)

When using the 33% make ratio pulse dial, set to "0".

When using the 40% make ratio pulse dial, set to "1".

SW17 No. 1, No. 2 Speaker volume (3 stages)

Used to adjust sound volume from a speaker.

SW17 No. 3, No. 4 Hand-set receiver volume (3 stages)

Used to adjust sound volume from a handset receiver volume.

SW17 No. 5, No. 6 Ringer volume (4 stages)

Used to adjust ringing volume.

SW17 No. 7, No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW18 No. 1, No. 2 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW18 No. 3 Summer time setting

The day light saving function ON/OFF is set.

SW18 No. 4 Sender's phone number setting

Whether the registered sender's phone number can be changed or not is selected. If it is set at "1", the phone number of the sender can not be registered or changed. Set "1" in order to prevent careless change of the sender's phone number.

0: Change allowed

1: Cannot change

SW18 No. 5 Polling key

If this switch is set to "1", the last of Rapid key works as polling key.

SW18 No. 6 Activity report print

Whether the communication record table is automatically printed or not, it is selected if the number of communication data is excessive. Regardless of the setting of this selection, communication record table can be printed at all times by operating the keys.

FUNCTION + "2" + "#" + "START"

When the communication record table is printed, the memorized content of the data sent and received up to now will be all cleared (erased). If No (non-printing) is set, the oldest data will be erased when the number of memorized items is excessive.

0: No (first data lost when memory is full)

1: YES (when memory is full)

SW18 No. 7 Total communication hours and pages print

Whether the total time of communication and total number of sheets are recorded in the communication record table or not is selected.

0: Recorded.

1: Not recorded.

SW18 No. 8 Line density selection

Used to set the transmission mode which is automatically selected when the Resolution Key is not pressed. In the copy mode, however, the fine mode is automatically selected unless the Resolution key is manually set to another mode.

SW19 No. 1, No. 2 Reading slice (Binary)

Used to determine the set value of reading density in standard/fine mode. The standard setting is "00". (Factory setting is "00")

SW19 No. 3, No. 4 Reading slice (Half tone)

Used to determine the set value of reading density in half tone mode. The standard setting is "00". (Factory setting is "00")

SW19 No. 5 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW19 No. 6 MTF correction in half tone mode

In the half tone mode, image area is separated from character area and processed separately to eliminate unclear character transmission. This switch is used to change the criteria of judgment of separation. When "Strong" (= 1) is selected, more area is judged as character area, providing clearer characters.

On the contrary, however, edges of image area may be emphasized.

It is advisable to restrict the use of this function only when clear characters must be transmitted, and to use the function of "Weak" (= 0) for general cases.

SW19 No. 7, No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW20 No. 1 ~ No. 6 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW20 No. 7 F.A.S.T (RMS) mode

Used to determine a function of remote maintenance system (F.A.S.T).

SW20 No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW21 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW22 No.1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW23 No. 1 Automatic reduce of receive

If set to "1", it is reduced automatically.

SW23 No. 2 Cut off mode (COPY mode)

When in copy, if the scanned data is out of the range of recording, the operator has one of the choices below using the switch.

1: Continue: Data is printed onto the next page with the last 20mm also printed at the beginning of the next page

0: Cut off. Data scanned out of the limit is cut off (a page is printed.)

SW23 No. 3, No. 4 Paper set size

At present a size of the record paper.

00: LETTER

01: LEGAL

10: A4

SW23 No. 5, No. 6 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW23 No. 7 A4 paper enable

The use of recording paper of A4 is enable.

SW23 No. 8 LEGAL and LETTER paper enabled

The use of recording paper of LEGAL and LETTER is enabled.

SW24 No. 1, No. 2 DTMF detection time

Used to set detect time of DTMF (Dual Tone Multi Frequency) used in remote reception (5 × ×). The longer the detection time is, the error detection is caused by noises.

SW24 No. 3 Protection remote reception (5 × ×) detect

Used to set the function of remote reception (5 × ×). When set to "1", the remote reception function is disabled.

SW24 No. 4 Remote reception with GE telephone

(Corresponding to TEL mode by GE) P. B. X.

"1": Compatible with TEL mode by GE

"0": Not compatible

When sending (5 × ×) for remote reception with a GE manufactured telephone remote reception may not take place because of special specifications in their DTMF.

To overcome this, a soft SW is provided to change the modem setting to allow for remote reception.

If this soft SW is set to "1", other telephone sets may be adversely affected.

SW24 No. 5 ~ No. 8 Remote operation code figures by external tel (0 ~ 9)

Remote operation codes can be changed from 0 through 9. If set to greater than 9, it defaults to 9. The "5 × ×" is not changed.

SW25 No. 1, No. 2 Busy tone detection ON/OFF time (Lower duration)

The initial value of detection is set according to electric condition. The set value is changed according to the local switch board. (Erroneous detection of sound is reduced.)

Normally the upper limit is set to 900msec and the lower limit to 200msec. If erroneous detection is caused by sound, etc., adjust the detection range. The lower limit can be set in the range of 350msec to 150msec.

SW25 No. 3, No. 4 Busy tone detection ON/OFF time (Upper duration)

Similarly to SW-25 No. 1, the set value can be varied. The upper limit can be set in the range of 650msec to 2700msec.

SW-25 No.1	SW-25 No.2	SW-25 No.3	SW-25 No.4	Detection range
0	0	0	0	150msec ~ 650msec
0	0	0	1	150msec ~ 900msec
0	0	1	0	150msec ~ 1500msec
0	0	1	1	150msec ~ 2700msec
0	1	0	0	200msec ~ 650msec
0	1	0	1	200msec ~ 900msec
0	1	1	0	200msec ~ 1500msec
0	1	1	1	200msec ~ 2700msec
1	0	0	0	250msec ~ 650msec
1	0	0	1	250msec ~ 900msec
1	0	1	0	250msec ~ 1500msec
1	0	1	1	250msec ~ 2700msec
1	1	0	0	350msec ~ 650msec
1	1	0	1	350msec ~ 900msec
1	1	1	0	350msec ~ 1500msec
1	1	1	1	350msec ~ 2700msec

SW25 No. 5 Reserved

Set to "0"

SW25 No. 6 Busy tone detect continuation sound detect

Used to select detection of the continuous sound of certain frequency.

SW25 No. 7 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW25 No. 8 Busy tone detect intermittent sound detect

Used to select detection of the intermittent sound of certain frequency.

SW26 No. 1 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW26 No. 2 Fax switching when A.M. full

If the answering machine's memory (tape) is full and there is no response, the machine automatically switches to Fax reception.

SW26 No. 3, No. 4 Selection time of quiet detection

The switch which sets the time from the start of detection function to the end of the function.

SW26 No. 5, No. 6 Number of CNG detect (AM mode)

Used for detection of CNG in 1 to 4 pulses.

SW26 No. 7, No. 8 Busy tone detect pulse number

Used to set detection of busy tone intermittent sounds.

SW27 No. 1 ~ No. 4 Quiet detect time

When an answering machine is connected, if a no sound status is detected for a certain period of time, the machine judges it as a transmission from a facsimile machine and automatically switches to the FAX mode.

SW27 No. 5 ~ No. 8 Quiet detect start timing

Inserts a pause before commencing quiet detection.

0000: 0 seconds

1111 : 15 seconds

SW28 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW29 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW30 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW31 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW32 No. 1 Choice after quiet detect

"0": The reception begins when no sound is detected in A.M. mode.

"1": The DIS signal is transmitted only once when no sound is detected in A.M. mode.

SW32 No. 2 , No. 3 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW32 No. 4 Busy tone continuous sound detect time

Set detecting time busy tone continuous sound for 5 or 10 seconds.

SW32 No. 5 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW33 No. 1 ~ No. 4 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW33 No. 5 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW33 No. 6, No. 7 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW33 No. 8 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW34 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW35 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW36 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW37 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW38 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW39 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW40 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW41 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW42 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW43 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW44 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW45 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW46 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW47 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW48 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW49 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW50 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW51 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW52 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW53 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW54 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW55 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW56 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW57 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW58 No. 1 ~ No. 5 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW58 No. 6 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW58 No. 7 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW58 No. 8 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW59 No. 1 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW59 No. 2 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW59 No. 3 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW59 No. 4 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW59 No. 5 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW60 No. 1, No. 2 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW60 No. 3 ~ No. 6 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW60 No. 7 , No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW61 No. 1 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW61 No. 2 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW61 No. 3 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW61 No. 4 ~ No. 6 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW61 No. 7, No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW62 No. 1 , No. 2 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW62 No. 3 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW62 No. 4 , No. 5 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW62 No. 6 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW62 No. 7, No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW63 No. 1 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW63 No. 2 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW63 No. 3 Reserved

Set to "1".

SW63 No. 4 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW64 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

SW65 No. 1 ~ No. 8 Reserved

Set to "0".

[3] Troubleshooting

1. Fax troubleshooting

Refer to the following actions to troubleshoot any of the problems mentioned in 1-4.

- [1] A communication error occurs.
- [2] Image distortion produced.
- [3] Unable to do overseas communication.
- [4] Communication speed slow due to FALLBACK.
 - Increase the transmission level SOFT SWITCH 8-4, 5, 6, 7, 8
May be used in case [1] [2] [3].
 - Decrease the transmission level SOFT SWITCH 8-4, 5, 6, 7, 8
May be used in case [3].

- Apply line equalization SOFT SWITCH 8-1, 2
May be used in all cases.
- Slow down the transmission speed SOFT SWITCH 6-5, 6, 7, 8
May be used in case [2] [3].
- Replace the LIU PWB.
May be used in all cases.
- Replace the control PWB.
May be used in all cases.

* If transmission problems still exist on the machine, use the following format and check the related matters.

TO: _____ ATT: _____ Ref.No.: _____
 CC: _____ ATT: _____ Date: _____
 FM: _____ Dept: _____
 _____ Sign: _____

***** Facsimile communication problem *****		Ref.No.:																					
From: Mr.	Fax Tel No.:	Date:																					
Our customer	Name _____	Tel No. _____																					
	Address _____	Fax No. _____																					
	Contact person _____	Model name _____																					
Other party	Name _____	Tel No. _____																					
	Address _____	Fax No. _____																					
	Contact person _____	Model name _____																					
Problem mode	Line: Domestic / International	Mode: G3																					
	Reception / Transmission	Phase: A. B. C. D.																					
Automatic reception / Manual reception																							
Automatic dialing / Manual dialing / Others																							
Frequency:	%	ROM version:																					
Confirmation item			Please mark problem with an X No problem is: 0																				
			<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td>A1</td><td>A2</td><td>B1</td><td>B2</td><td>C1</td><td>C2</td><td>D1</td><td>D2</td><td>E1</td><td>E2</td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td> </tr> </table>	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	D1	D2	E1	E2										
	A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	D1	D2	E1	E2													
		Transmission level setting is () dB at our customer																					
		Transmission level () dBm Reception level () dBm By level meter at B1 and B2																					
Comment																							
Countermeasure																							

**** Please attach the G3 data and activity report on problem. ****

[4] Error code table**1. Communication error code table****G3 Transmission**

Code	Final received signal	Error Condition (Receiver side)
0	Incomplete signal frame	Cannot recognize bit stream after flag
1	NSF, DIS	Cannot recognize DCS signal by echo etc. Cannot recognize NSS signal (FIF code etc)
2	CFR	Disconnects line during reception (carrier missing etc)
3	FTT	Disconnects line by fallback
4	MCF	Disconnects line during reception of multi page Cannot recognize NSS, DCS signal in the case of mode change
5	PIP or PIN	The line is hung up without replying to telephone request from the receiving party.
6	RTN or RTP	Cannot recognize NSS, DCS signal after transmit RTN or RTP signal.
7	No signal or DCN	No response on receiver side or DCN signal received* (transmitter side)
8	–	Owing to error in some page the error could not be corrected although the specified number of error retransmission was attempted.
11	–	Error occurred after or while reception by the remote (receiving) machine was revealed to be impossible.
12	–	Error occurred just after fallback.
13	–	Error occurred after a response to retransmission end command was received.

G3 Reception

Code	Final received signal	Error Condition (Receiver side)
0	Incomplete signal frame	Cannot recognize bit stream after flag
1	NSS, DCS	Cannot recognize CFR or FTT signal Disconnects line during transmission (line error)
2	NSC, DTC	Cannot recognize NSS signal (FIF code etc)
3	EOP	Cannot recognize MCF, PIP, PIN, RTN, RTP signal
4	EOM	Cannot recognize MCF, PIP, PIN, RTN, RTP signal in the case of mode change
5	MPS	The line is hung up without replying to communication request.
6	PR1-Q	Cannot recognize PIP, PIN signal in the case of TALK request
7	No signal or DCN	No response in transmitter (cannot recognize DIS signal) or DCN signal received* (receiver side)
8	–	Error occurred upon completion of reception of all pages.
9	–	Error occurred when mode was changed or Transmission/Reception switching was performed.
10	–	Error occurred during partial page or physical page reception.
11	–	Error occurred after or during inquiry from the remote (transmitting) machine as to whether reception is possible or not.
12	–	Error occurred during or just after fallback.
13	–	Error occurred after the retransmission end command was received.

CHAPTER 3. MECHANICAL DESCRIPTION

[1] Mechanical description

1. Facsimile block

1-1. Document feed block and diagram

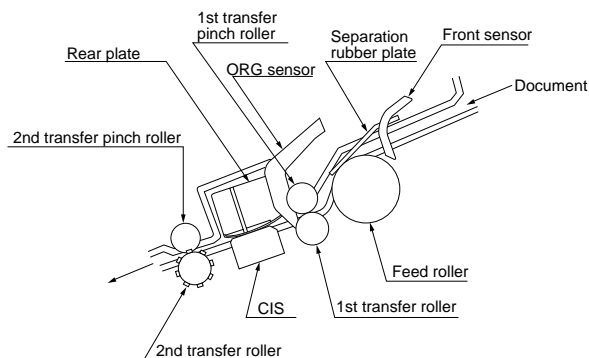


Fig. 1

2. Document feed operation

- As shown in Fig.1, the document set in the hopper (the front sensor is on) is fed with the let out roller and paper feed roller which rotate together with the pulse motor.
- When a specified number of pulses are received from the document sensor after the document lead edge is sensed, scanning will be started.
- When a specified number of pulses are received from the document sensor after the document rear edge is sensed, scanning will be ended to discharge the document to the tray.
- If the front sensor is on (the document is set up in the hopper), the next document is supplied and fed nearly when the last document is completely read and discharged. If the front sensor is off (no document is set up in the hopper), the drive will be stopped when the document is discharged to the tray.

3. Hopper mechanism

3-1. General view

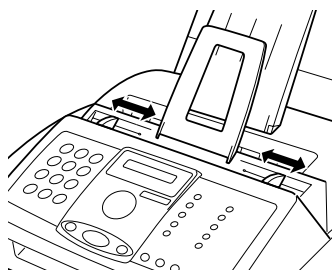


Fig. 2

The hopper is used to align documents with the document guides adjusted to the paper width.

NOTE: Adjust the document guides before and after inserting the document.

3-2. Automatic document feed

- The structure with secure paper feed of the transfer roller and secure separation of the separation rubber plate system is employed. The transfer roller is circular as to be rotated only when the paper feed roller is driven with the 2-step paper feed clutch mechanism. Moreover, the separation is securely done by running the paper feed and transfer rollers more slowly than the feed roller.

- Document separation system:
Friction + speed reduction ratio + roller backlash separation system

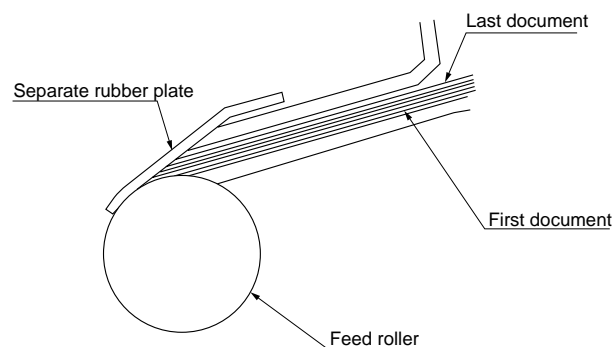


Fig. 3

3-3. Loading the documents

- Make sure that the documents are of suitable size and thickness, and free from creases, folds, curls, wet glue, wet ink, clips, staples and pins.
- Place documents face down in the hopper.
 - Adjust the document guides to the document width.
 - Align the top edge of documents and gently place them into the hopper. The first page under the stack will be taken up by the feed roller to get ready for transmission.

NOTE: 1) Curled edge of documents, if any, must be straighten out.
2) Do not load the documents of different sizes and/or thicknesses together.

3-4. Documents applicable for automatic feed

		Product specifications	
		Indication	
Weight indication	Metric system	52g/m ²	80g/m ²
	Indication		
Thickness indication	Metric system	0.06mm	0.1mm
	Indication		
Document size	Document size Range	Minimum (148mm × 128mm)	
		A4 (210mm × 297mm)	
		Letter (216mm × 279mm)	
		Legal (216mm × 356mm)	
Number of ADF sheets	Document size Weight	Minimum ~ Letter/A4 size 20sheets	
		Legal	1 sheet
		More than 90 kg	
		Below 135kg	1 sheet
Paper quality	Kind	Paper of fine quality/bond paper/Kent paper	

NOTE: Double-side coated documents and documents on facsimile recording paper should be inserted manually.

Documents corresponding to a paper weight heavier than 90kg and lighter than 135kg are acceptable for manual feed.

Documents heavier than 135kg in terms of the paper weight must be duplicated on a copier to make it operative in the facsimile.

4. Paper Path

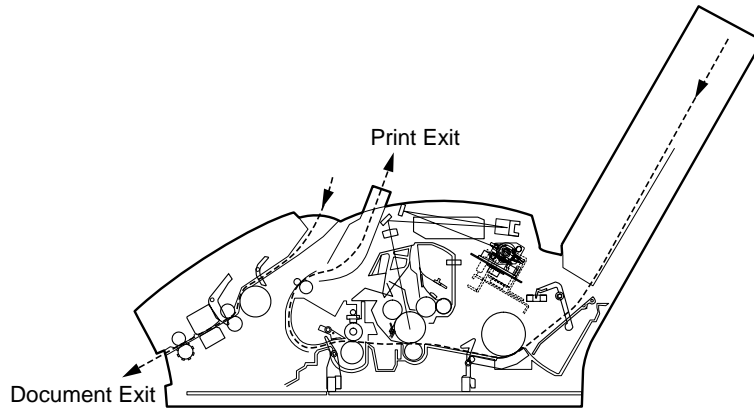


Fig. 4

5. Components Layout

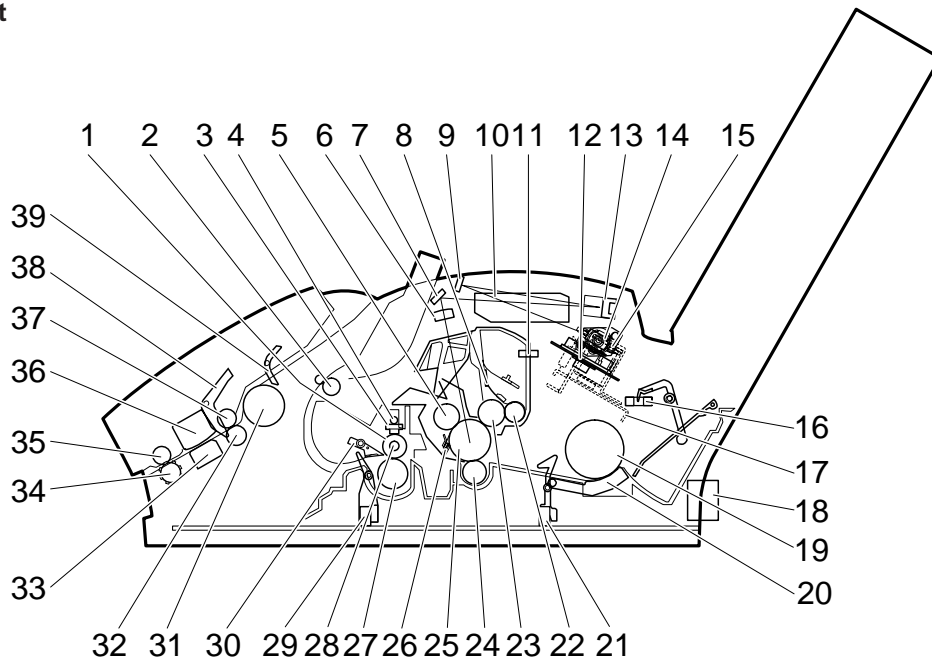


Fig. 5

No.	PARTS NAME	No.	PARTS NAME
1	Fusing temperature sensor (thermistor)	21	PIN sensor
2	Face-down paper exit roller	22	Toner supply roller
3	Temperature fuse(187°C)	23	Developing roller
4	Temperature fuse(132°C)	24	Transfer charger roller
5	Main charger roller	25	Photoconductor drum
6	Cylinder lens	26	Discharge brush
7	Third mirror	27	Pressure roller
8	Developing doctor	28	Heat roller
9	First mirror	29	Paper exit detector
10	Laser start position sensor	30	Separation pawl
11	Toner sensor	31	Feed roller
12	Scanner motor	32	1st. transfer roller
13	Second mirror	33	CIS
14	Scanner mirror	34	2nd. transfer roller
15	Laser unit	35	2nd. transfer pinch roller
16	Paper empty detector	36	Rear plate
17	Paper feed clutch solenoid	37	1st. transfer pinch roller
18	Fan motor	38	Original sensor
19	Paper feed roller	39	Front sensor
20	Paper separation sheet		

6. Switch, Sensor Layout

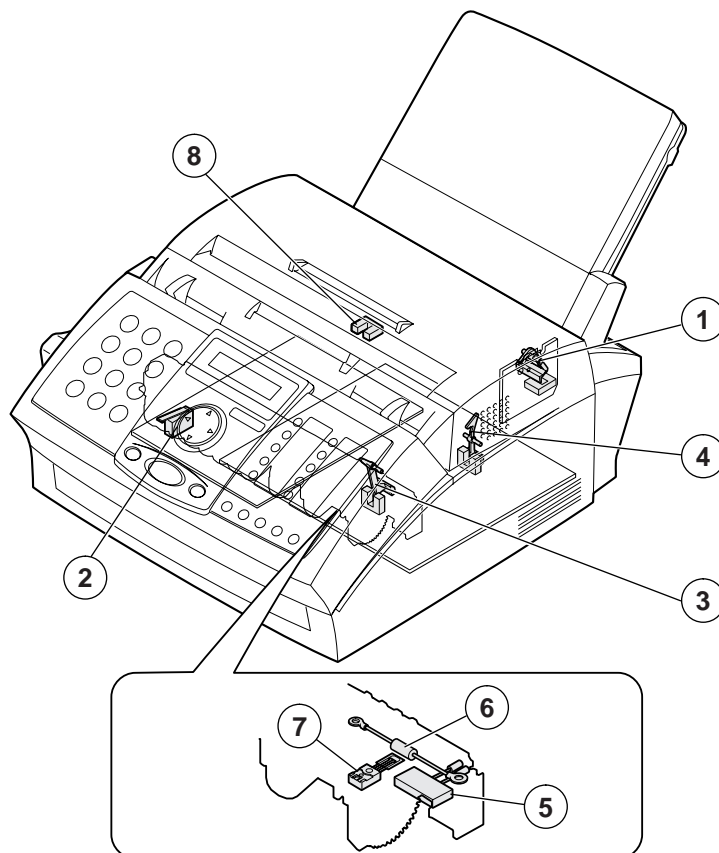


Fig. 6

No.	PARTS NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
①	PE sensor (Paper empty sensor)	Photo transistor (Transmission type)	Detects presence of paper on the multi-purpose paper tray.
②	Front cover open detector	Microswitch	24V line safety switch. When the front cover is opened, this switch is turned off to cut the 12V line except for "ERROR" and "ON LINE" LED. By this, the main motor, the heater lamp, and the high voltage power source is turned off.
③	POUT sensor (Paper out sensor)	Photo transistor (Transmission type)	Detects paper out, and paper jams.
④	PIN (Paper in) sensor	Photo transistor (Transmission type) (Common with the 2nd PIN sensor)	When this switch is turned on, paper transport and image transfer from the drum are started. This is also used for detection of paper jam.
⑤	Temperature fuse 187°C	Termal fuse	When the heat roller temperature rises abnormally, this fuse cuts off the power relay power line(12V line)
⑥	Temperature fuse 132°C	Termal fuse	When the heat roller temperature rises abnormally, this fuse cuts off the heater lamp power line.
⑦	Thermistor	Thermistor	This thermistor detects the temperature on the heat roller.
⑧	Toner sensor	Photo coupler	This photo coupler detects toner quantity.

7. PRINT PROCESS

7-1. Image forming process

Normal paper is used as print paper. A laser beam is used to expose on the OPC surface to form latent electrostatic images, which are developed into visible images (toner images) and are transferred on paper. The basic operation is composed of the five processes: charging, exposure, development, transfer, and cleaning.

7-2. System diagram

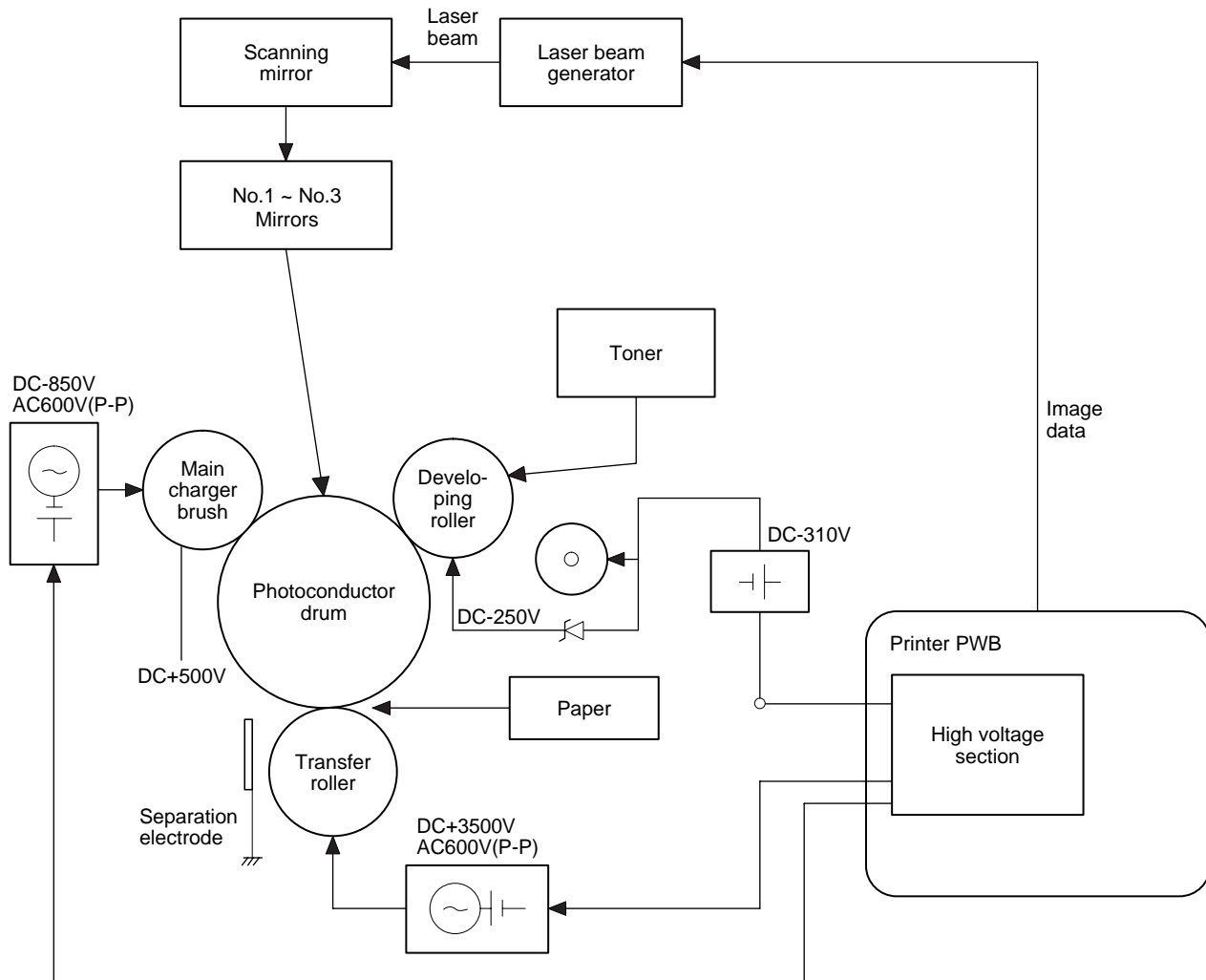


Fig. 7

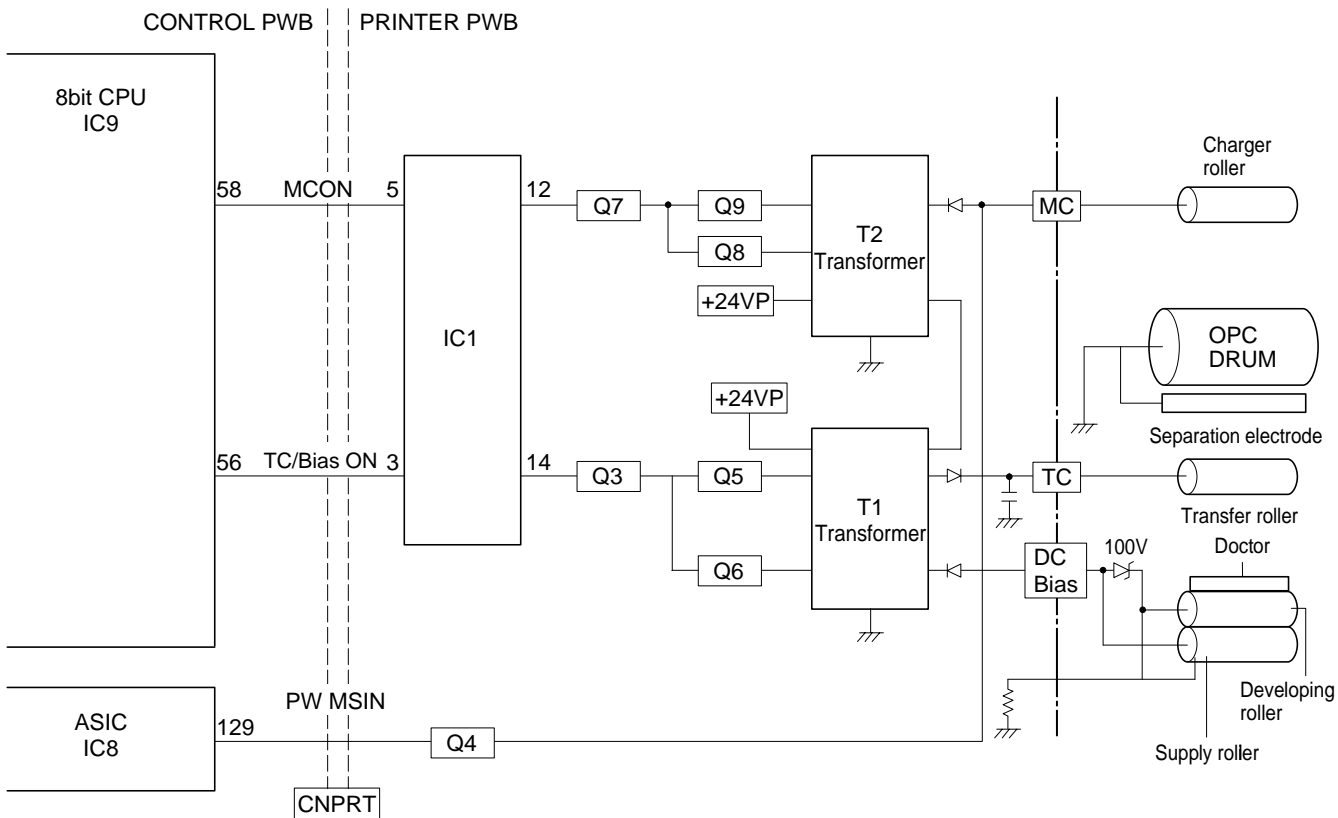


Fig. 8

7-3. Image forming process diagram

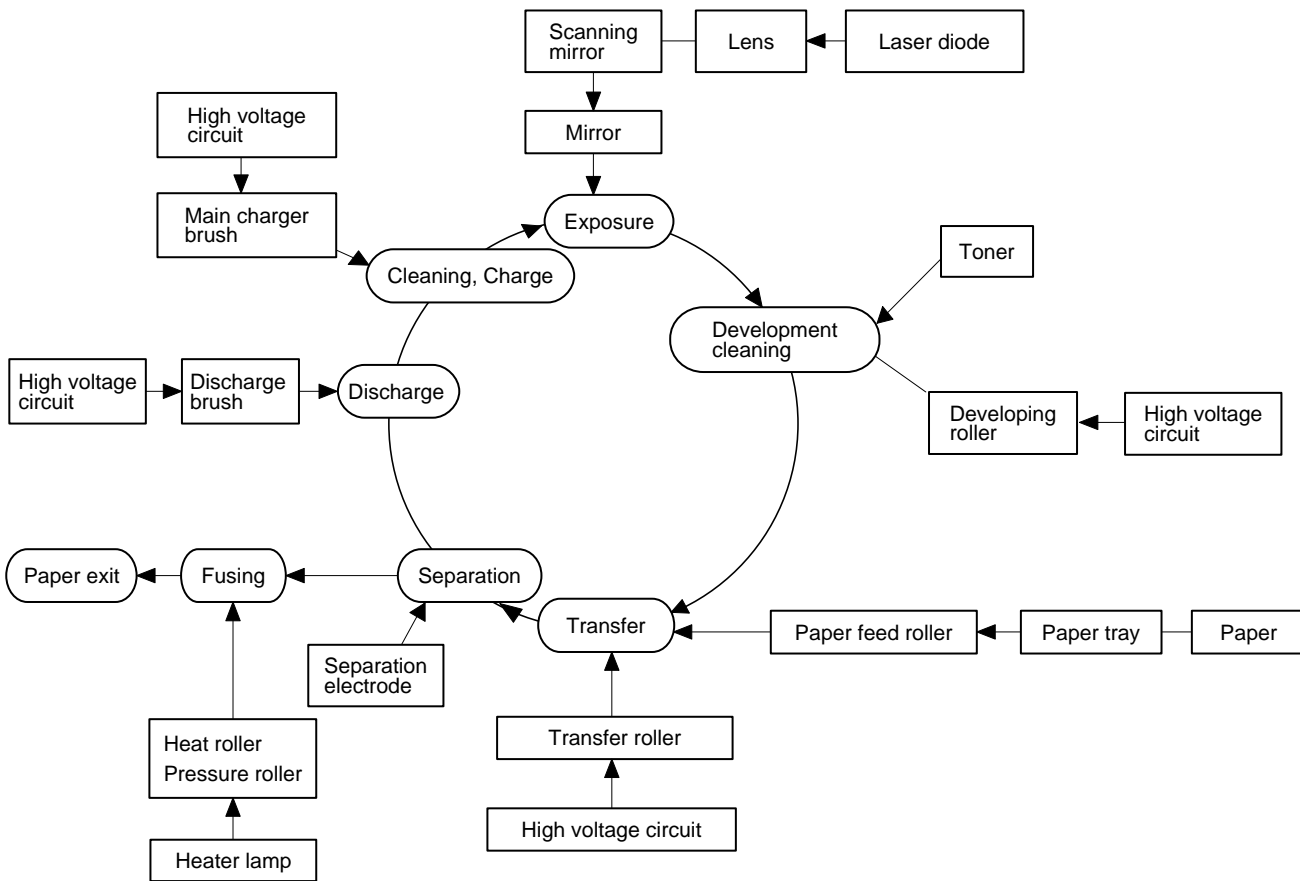


Fig. 9

7-4. Functions and operations of major parts

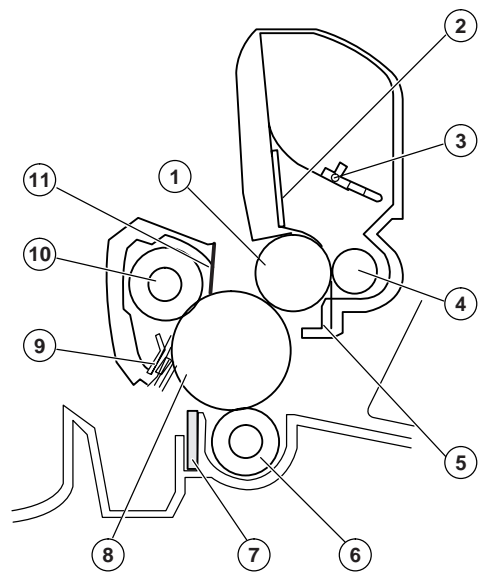


Fig. 10

①	Developing roller	⑤	Toner seal	⑨	Discharge brush
②	Doctor	⑥	Transfer roller	⑩	Main charger brush
③	Toner stirring plate	⑦	Separation electrode	⑪	Toner seal
④	Toner supply roller	⑧	OPC drum		

(1) OPC drum unit

The OPC drum is charged and latent electrostatic images are formed on it and developed into visible toner images.

a. OPC drum

Latent electrostatic images are formed and developed into toner images on the OPC drum.

Organic Photo Conductor is used. The OPC surface is charged negatively by the main charger brush.

When the OPC is exposed to laser beam, the electric resistance of the exposed section falls and electric charge is generated in the OPC. As a result, electric charge on the OPC surface is removed. This principle is used to form latent electrostatic images.

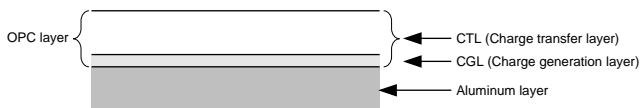


Fig. 11

b. Main charger brush

The main charger brush charges the OPC drum surface. It is composed of brush fiber, and is in the shape of a roller. A high voltage of AC 600V (P-P) and DC-850V are applied to charge the brush.

The main charger brush is in contact with the OPC drum. BY applying electric charge to the OPC drum, the OPC drum is charged to about 1kV.

c. Toner seal

The OPC drum unit is provided with two toner seals, which prevent leakage of toner remaining in the OPC drum unit.

(2) Developing unit

Latent electrostatic images formed by laser beam on the OPC drum are developed to visible images by the developing unit. Toner is filled in the developing unit.

a. Developing roller

The developing roller is made of urethane and has a high electric resistance. It is flexible and is in close contact with the OPC drum. Toner on the developing roller is attached to latent electrostatic images on the OPC drum to form visible images on the OPC drum.

A voltage of DC-250V is applied the developing roller.

b. Doctor

The doctor is in close contact with the developing roller. It adjusts toner quantity on the developer roller surface.

The doctor is made of conductive material.

c. Toner supply roller

Toner is supplied to the developing roller by the sponge roller which is connected to the developing roller.

d. Toner stirring plate

This plate stirs toner in the developing unit to transport it to the developing roller smoothly.

e. Toner seal

The toner seal prevents toner from leaking outside the developing unit.

(3) Transfer charger roller

The transfer charger roller is made of urethane and has a high electric resistance. It is flexible and is in close contact with the OPC drum.

A high voltage of AC 600V (P-P) and DC +3500V are applied to charge.

It positively charges paper transported from the paper feed section, which transfers negatively charged toner on the OPC drum onto the paper.

(4) Separation electrode

This electrode is connected to the drum ground. It discharges paper which was positively charged in the transfer section to reduce the potential difference with the OPC drum to reduce static electricity between the paper and the OPC drum, thus facilitating separation of paper.

(5) High voltage unit (in the Printer PWB)

A high voltage is generated by the inverter system, and is supplied to the main charger unit, the transfer charger unit, and the developing roller.

7-5. Image forming operation

STEP 1 (Cleaning, Charging): Residual toner the OPC drum is stirred and negative charges are scattered evenly on the OPC drum. (The OPC drum surface is evenly charged.)

The main charger is a rotating brush roller. The main charger removes residual toner from the OPC drum by its rotating sweeping action and causes it to stick to the brush. At the same time, a high voltage of -850V is applied to the main charger roller to generate a discharge of electricity between the roller and the OPC drum, generating positive and negative charges. The negative charges are attracted to the OPC drum, and evenly distributed on the OPC drum. (The OPC drum surface is evenly charged.)

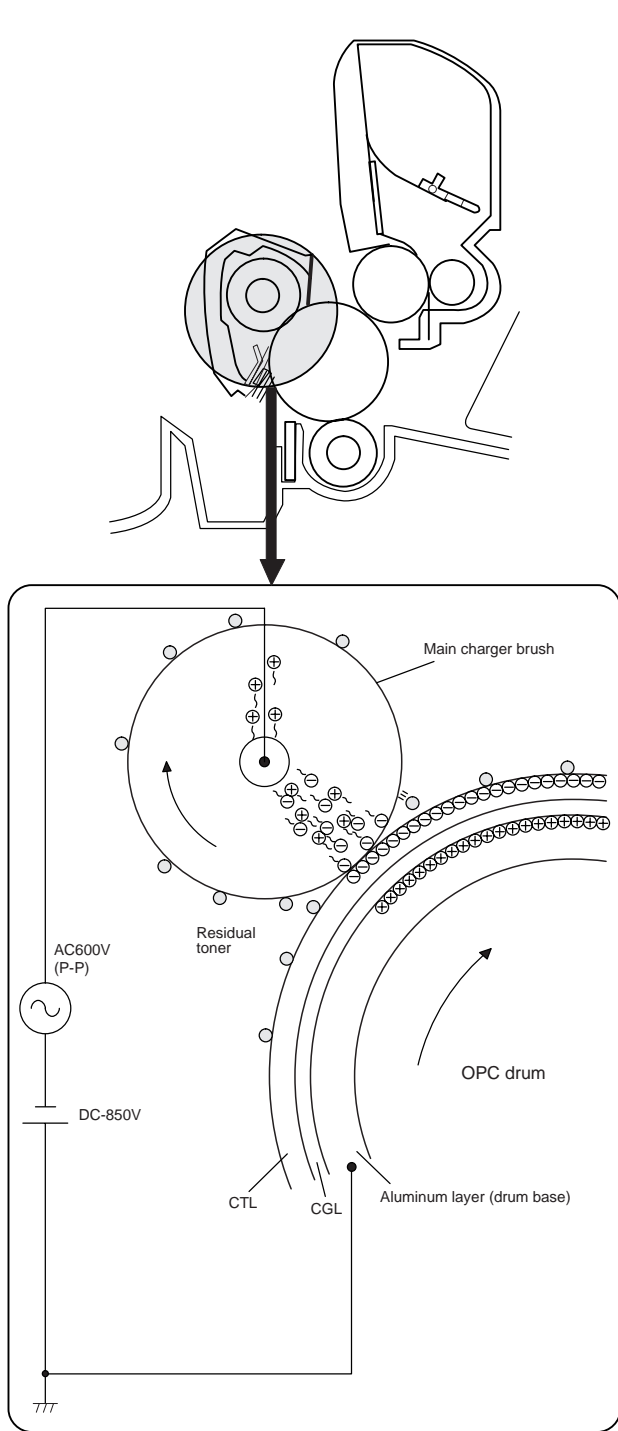


Fig. 12

STEP 2 (Exposure): Laser beam scanning light corresponding to the print data is radiated on the OPC drum.

Positive and negative charges are generated in the OPC drum CGL exposed with the laser beam.

Positive charges generated in the CGL are attracted toward the OPC drum surface (negative charges), and negative charges toward the aluminum layer (positive charges).

Therefore, the positive and negative charges neutralize each other in the laser-exposed area of the OPC drum surface and the aluminum layer, decreasing the potential of the OPC drum surface.

The area which is not exposed to laser beam has no change, and the OPC drum surface remains negatively charged to keep a high potential. As a result, latent electrostatic images are formed on the OPC drum.

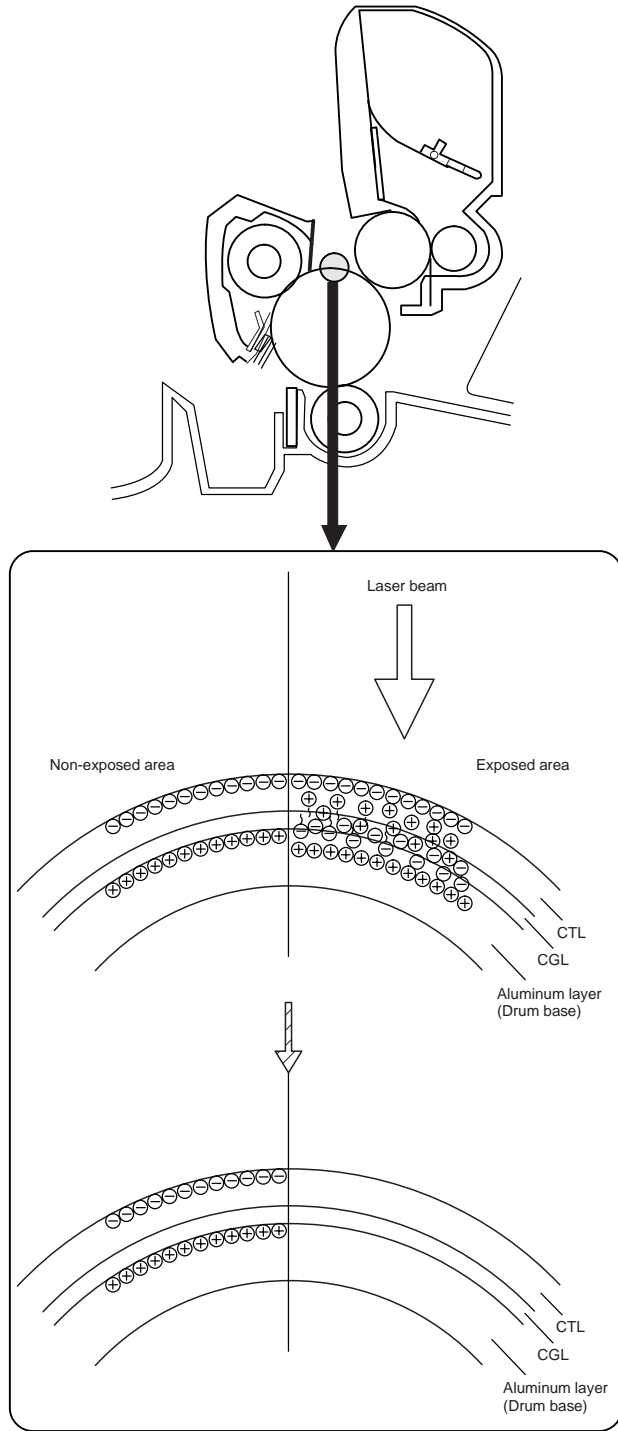


Fig. 13

STEP 3 (Development): Toner is attached to the latent electrostatic images on the OPC drum to form visible images.

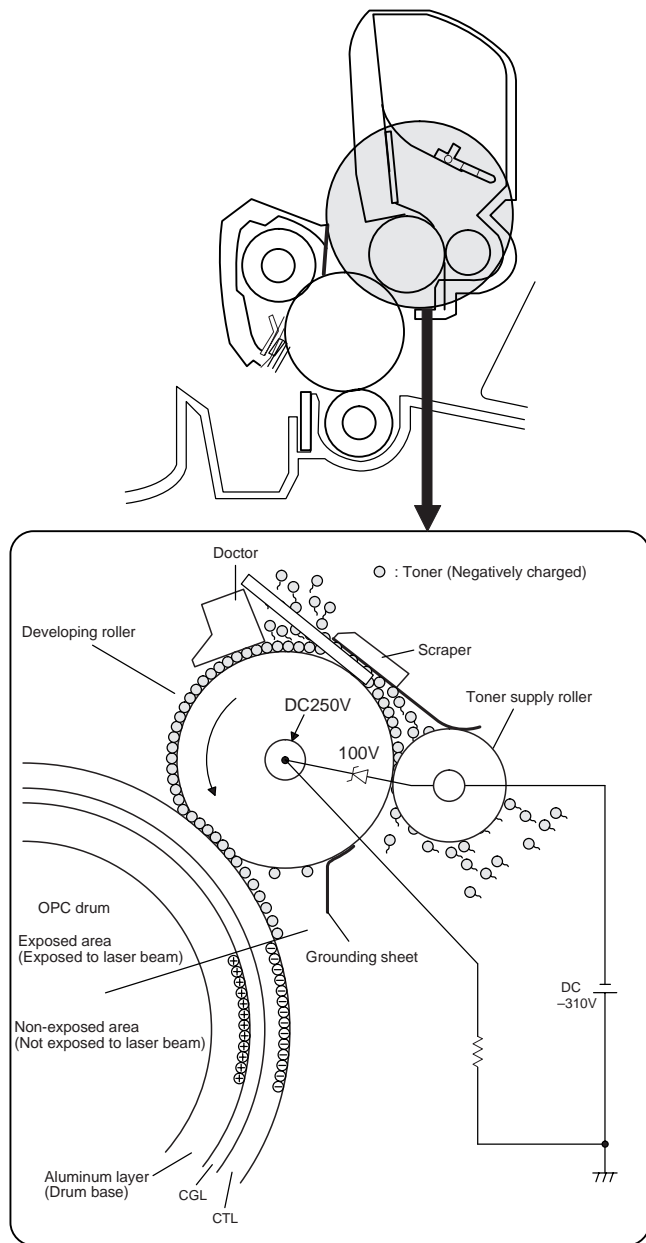


Fig. 14

Toner is transported to the scraper area by the toner supply roller and the developing roller. The quantity of toner to be transported to the doctor section is controlled by the scraper. Toner transported to the doctor section is then passed between the developing roller and the doctor to form a thin toner layer on the developing roller by the pressure applied by the doctor.

When toner passes between the developing roller and the doctor, it is charged negatively by friction.

When an area of OPC drum which was exposed to laser beam and lost its charge comes in contact with the developing roller, toner moves from the developing roller to the OPC drum surface.

The principle of toner movement from the developing roller to the OPC drum surface is as follows.

The bias voltage of DC-310V is applied to the developing roller. Toner is charged negatively by the difference (electrical energy) between the bias voltage and the OPC drum surface potential and is attracted to the OPC drum surface which is positively charged.

At that time, the potential of the area of the OPC drum which was exposed to the laser beam and lost its charge is higher than that of the developing roller.

On the other hand, when an area of OPC drum which was not exposed to the laser beam and did not lose its charge comes in contact with the developing roller, any residual toner attached to the OPC drum is transferred to the developing roller which is more positively charged.

As a result, unnecessary toner on the OPC drum is collected by the developing unit.

The operating principle for that case is contrary to that for transfer of toner from the developing roller to the OPC drum surface. (The electric field energy direction is contrary.)

STEP 4 (Transfer): Visible images of toner on the OPC drum are transferred to the paper.

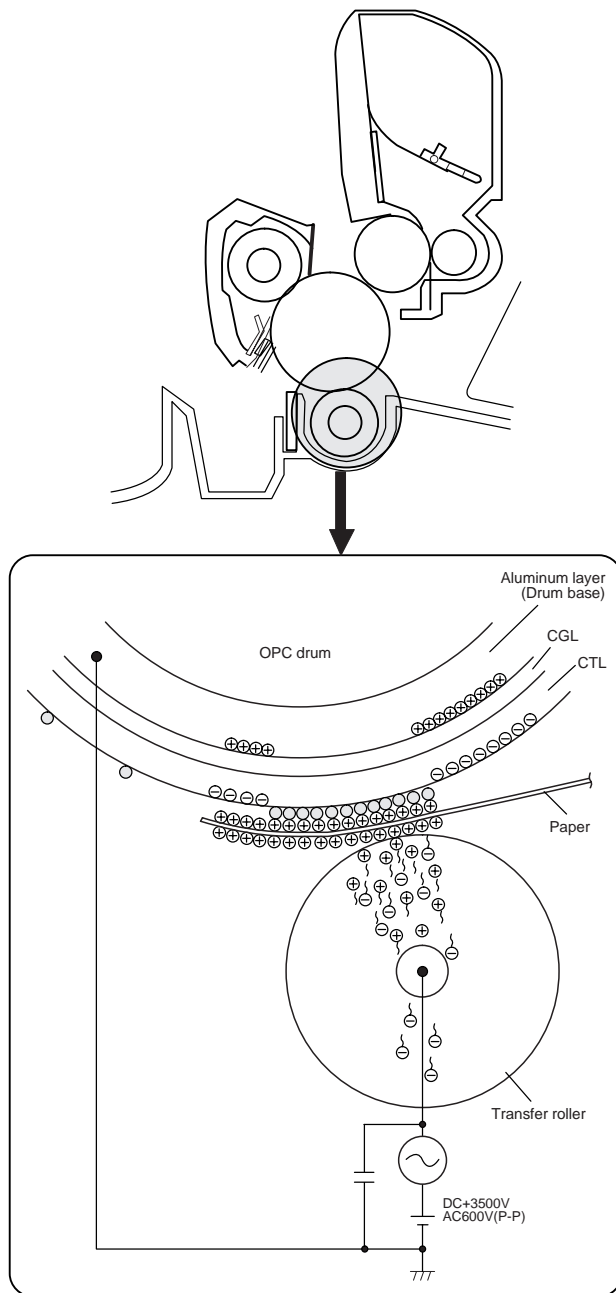


Fig. 15

The high voltage of DC+3500V plus AC600V (P-P) is applied to the transfer roller to generate electric discharge between the roller and the OPC drum, generating positive and negative charges. Positive charges are attracted to the OPC drum and attached to the paper transported between the transfer roller and the OPC drum. Therefore the paper has a strong positive charge.

Negatively charged toner on the OPC drum is attracted by the paper which is positively charged, and the visible images of toner are transferred onto the paper.

STEP 5 (Paper separation): The paper is separated from the OPC drum.

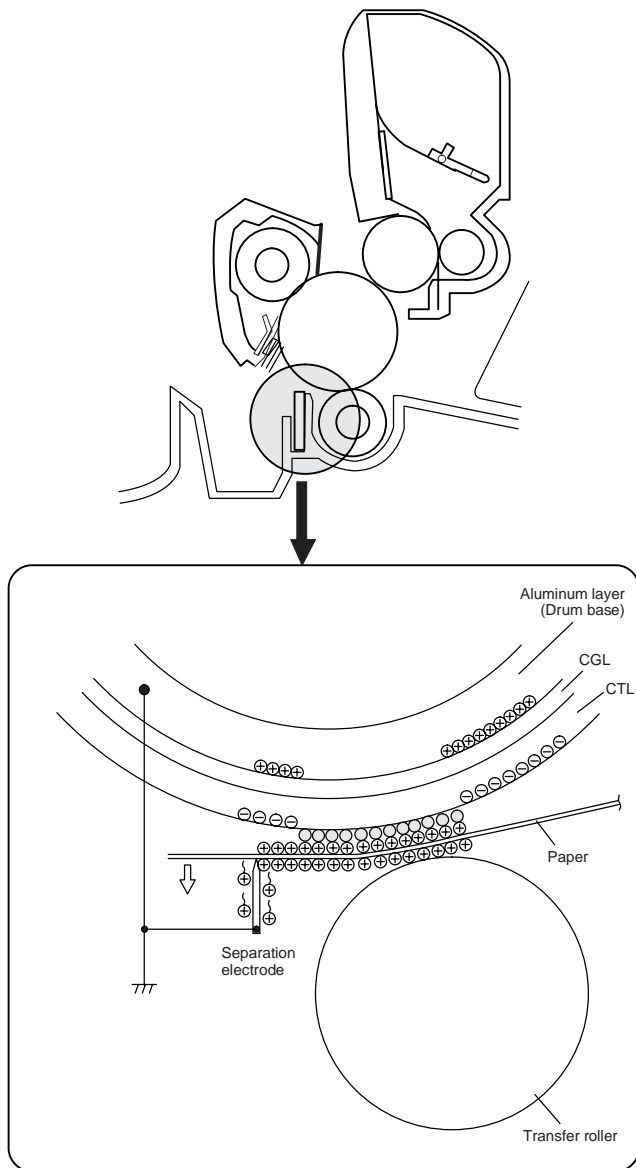


Fig. 16

There is an electrostatic force between the paper which is positively charged in transfer operation and the OPC drum which is negatively charged. The positive charge on the paper is released to the separation electrode, which is the same potential as the aluminum layer of the OPC drum, to reduce the potential difference between the OPC drum and the paper, reducing the electrostatic force.

This operation facilitates separation of the paper from the OPC drum.

STEP 6 (Discharge): The drum surface is discharged to facilitate cleaning of the drum surface. (The remaining toner is easily collected by the main charger roller.)

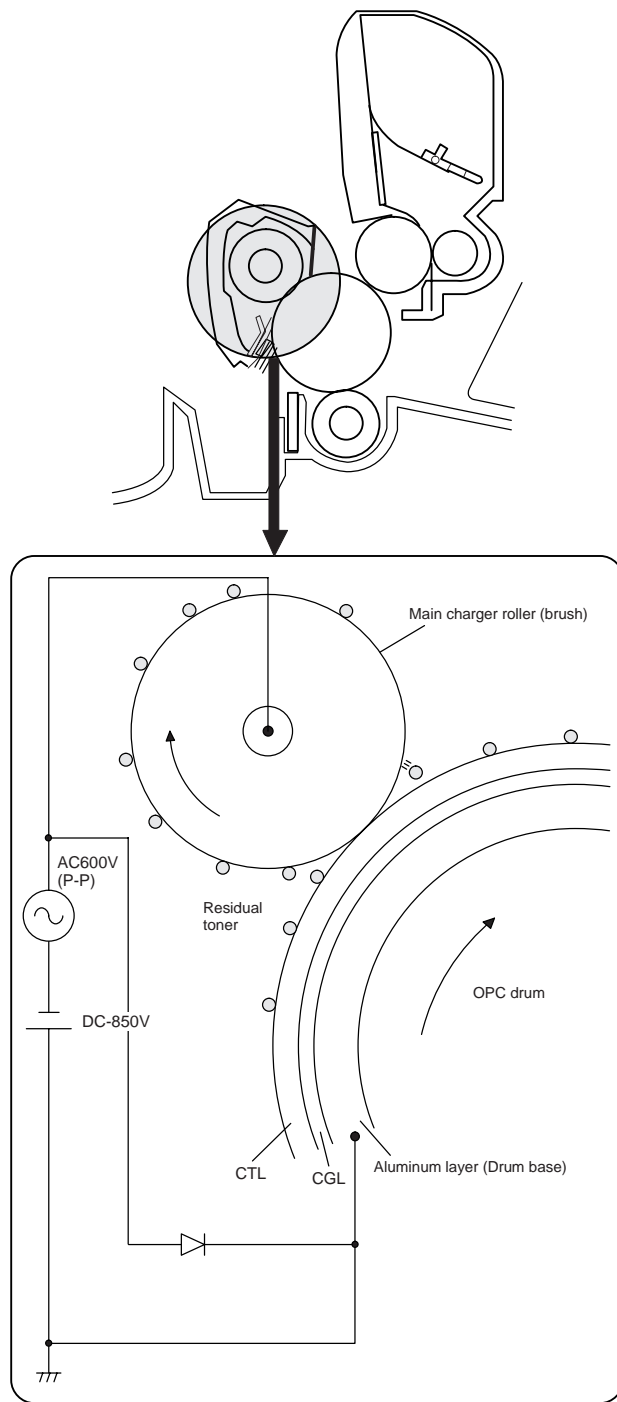


Fig. 17

STEP 7 (Cleaning): Residual toner on the OPC drum is removed. The main charger is a rotating brush roller.

The main charger removes residual toner from the OPC drum by its rotating sweeping action and causes it to stick to the brush. The main charger brush is in close contact with the mesh-type brush cleaning plate which removes toner and paper dust from the main charger brush mechanically.

7-6. OPC drum surface potential

(1) Transition of OPC drum surface potential by print operation

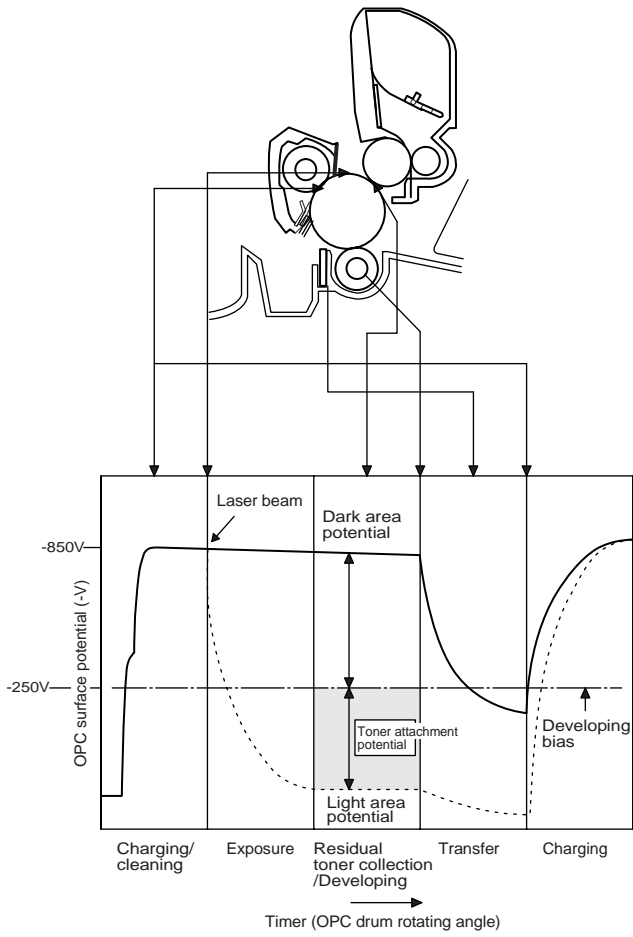


Fig. 18

(2) OPC drum surface potential and developing bias voltage in development

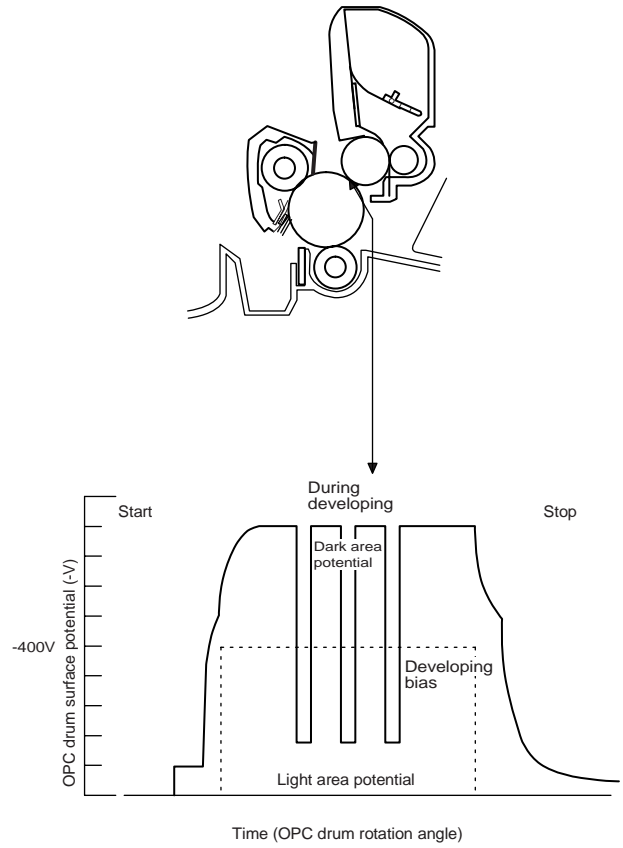


Fig. 19

[2] Disassembly, assembly, lubrication

This chapter describes the disassembly, assembly, and lubrication procedures.

(Contents)

This chapter describes the disassembly procedures of parts. For assembly, reverse the disassembly procedures.

If a special care is required, a note is provided.

1. Panel unit
2. Top cabinet, rear cabinet
3. Control PWB unit, TEL/LIU PWB unit, Printer unit
4. Printer PWB unit, Power supply PWB unit
5. Feed guide unit, Scanner bracket
6. Document guide lower, Scanner unit
7. Panel unit, Document guide upper unit
8. Drive unit
9. Upper frame unit (optical frame unit)
10. Main motor
11. Paper feed roller
12. Paper feed solenoid
13. Sleeve release lever
14. PE lever (Paper Empty lever)
15. Lock lever
16. Right fan
17. Fusing unit
18. Separate nails
19. Heat roller, heater lamp
20. Thermal fuses
21. Thermistor
22. AC connection wire
23. Paper exit roller upper
24. Transfer roller
25. Fusing roller
26. Separation electrode
27. PIN actuator (Paper in detection lever)
28. POUT actuator (Paper out detection lever)
29. Separate plate ass'y
30. High voltage terminal DR-MC (High voltage terminal: Photoconductor drum main charger)
31. High voltage terminal TC (High voltage terminal: transfer charger)
32. DV bias electrode

(Necessary tools)

No special tools are required for disassembly and assembly of this machine.

As general tools, screwdrivers (+) (-) (Large/small), spring hook, and tweezers are used.

(Grease)

The following grease is used in this machine.

No.	Parts code	Price rank	Part name
1	UKOG-0168FCZZ	AR	Conductive grease
2	UKOG-0238FCZZ	BB	Floil G-484

Major points to be greased are as follows.

[Conductive grease]

- Apply a small quantity of grease to the transfer roller and the high voltage terminal TC.

[Floil G-484]

- Inner circumference and tooth surface of the fusing clutch gear
- Tooth surface of the main motor gear.
- Paper feed roller gear, Clutch R sleeve, Clutch spring
- The shaft and tooth surface of the other gears.
- Developer drive gear A tooth peripheral
- PU idle gear A tooth peripheral

When any parts which require greasing up are disassembled or replaced, be sure to grease them when reassembling.

1)

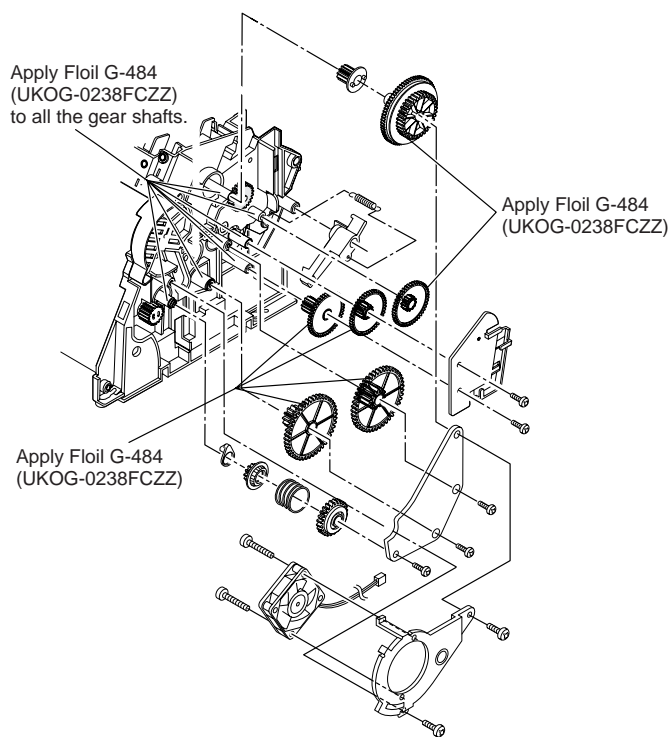


Fig. 1

- 2) Apply Floil G-484 (UKOG-0238FCZZ) to the fusing clutch gear teeth and the inside.

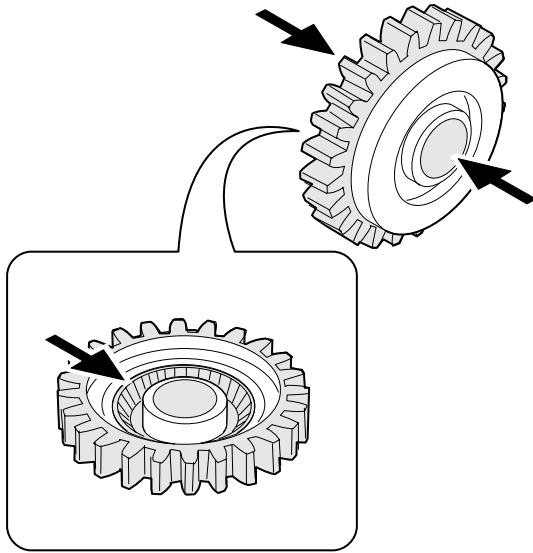


Fig. 2

- 3) Apply Floil G-484 (UKOG-0238FCZZ) to the gear teeth of the main motor.

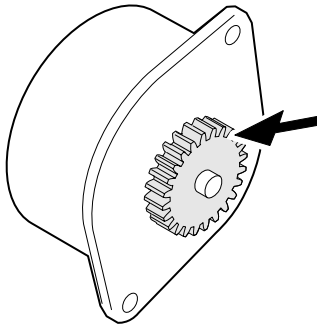


Fig. 3

- 4) Apply Floil G-484 (UKOG-0238FCZZ) or white grease X5-6020 (UKOG-0158FCZZ) to the sections shown with arrows in the figure below.

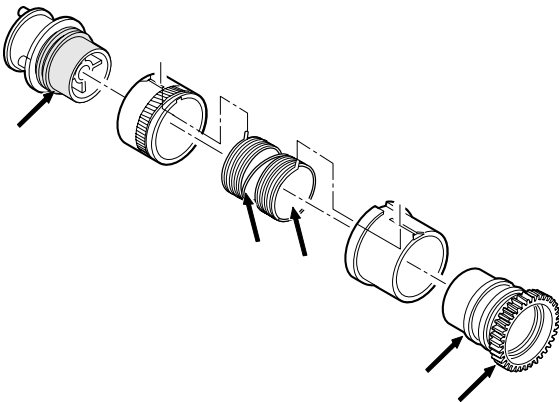


Fig. 4

- Apply grease to the paper feed roller gear teeth peripheral and the side.
- Apply grease to the whole surface of the clutch spring.
- Apply grease the side of the clutch R sleeve.

- 5) Apply Floil G-484 (UKOG-0238FCZZ) to the drum lock lever.

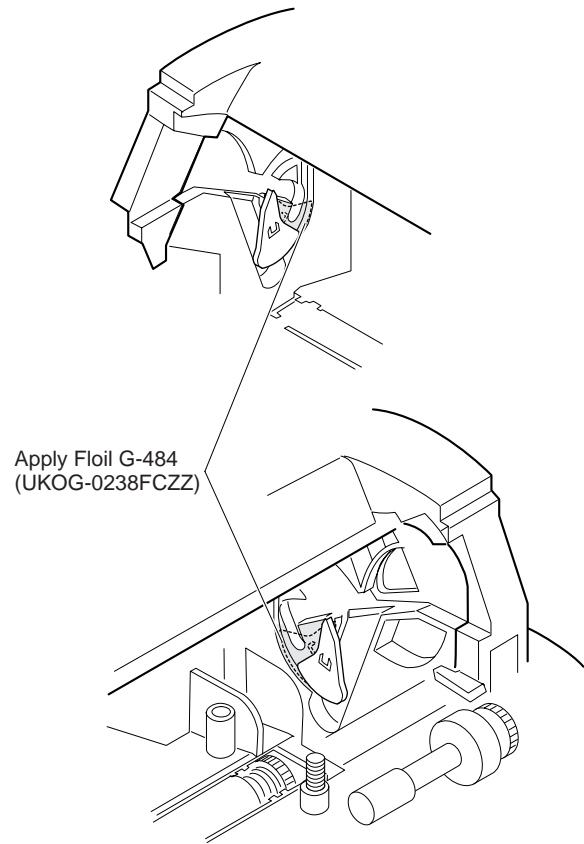


Fig. 5

Note: For disassembly and assembly, be careful of the following items.

- The units and parts which should be replaced in maintenance are described.
- The screws which are difficult to be found and the units and parts which require certain disassembly sequence or special technique are described. The units and parts which can be disassembled easily are not described.
- The cables and clamps are not described unless any special note is required. When removing them, remember the positions.
- Remove the imaging cartridge and the drum cartridge before disassembly.
- The parts which are not described in the parts guide must not be disassembled.
- The optical system require precise adjustments, which are not performed in the market. Replace the unit of the optical system which are attached to the upper frame, and do not disassemble it.

1. Panel unit

- 1 Remove screw, and remove ROM cover. (Hook x 5)
- 2 Remove three screws.
- 3 Remove screw.
- 4 Remove four cables, and remove panel unit.
- 5 Remove two screws, and remove inner cabinet. (Hook x 2)

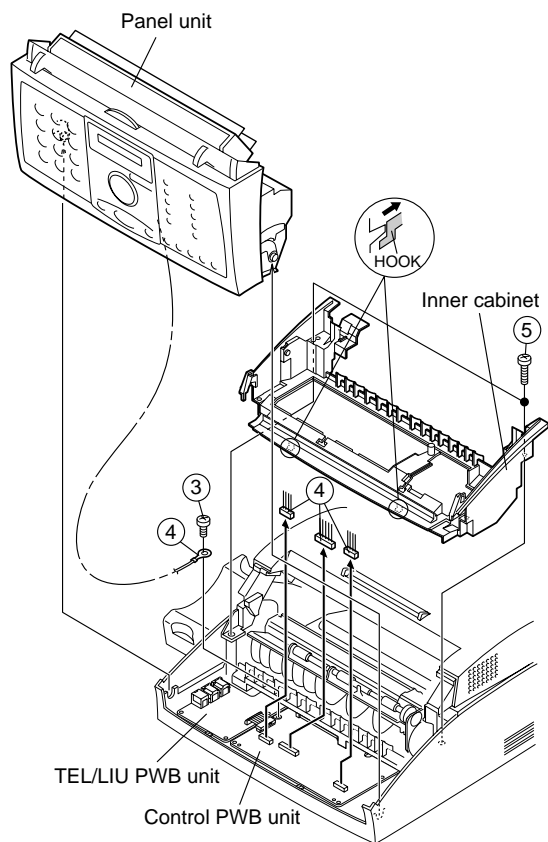
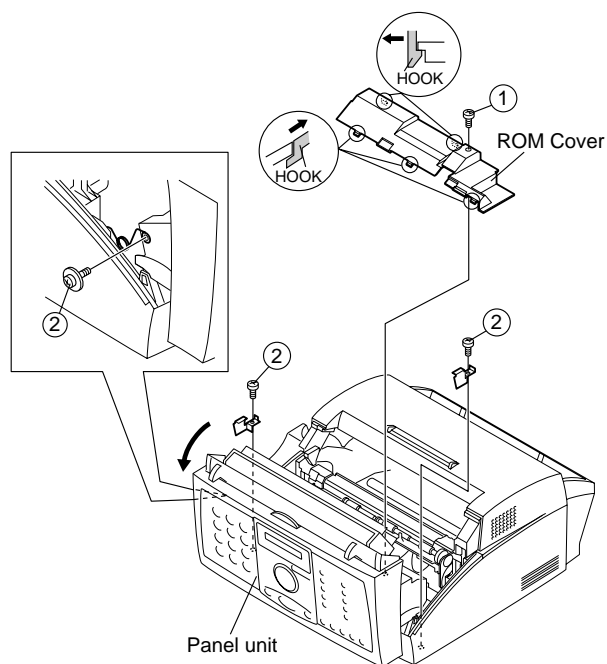


Fig. 6

2. Top cabinet, rear cabinet

- 1 Remove two screws, and remove top cabinet. (Hook x 2)
- 2 Remove rear cabinet. (Hook x 5)

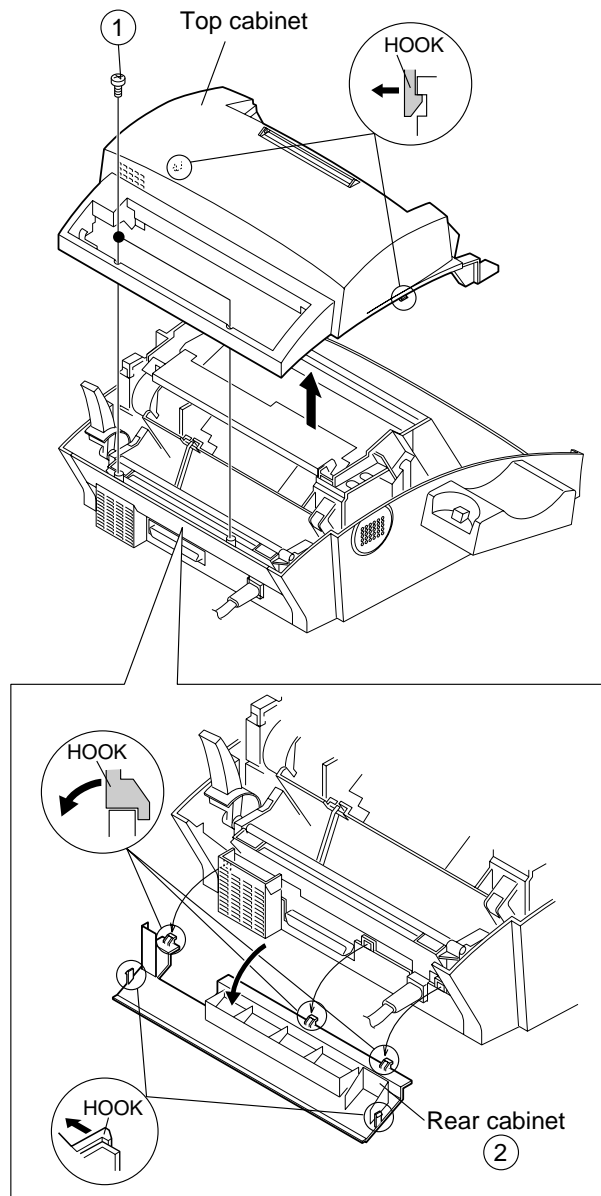


Fig. 7

3. Control PWB unit, TEL/LIU PWB unit, Printer unit

- 1 Remove six screws.
- 2 Remove five cables.
- 3 Remove two connectors, and remove control PWB unit and TEL/LIU PWB unit.
- 4 Remove five screws, and remove printer unit.

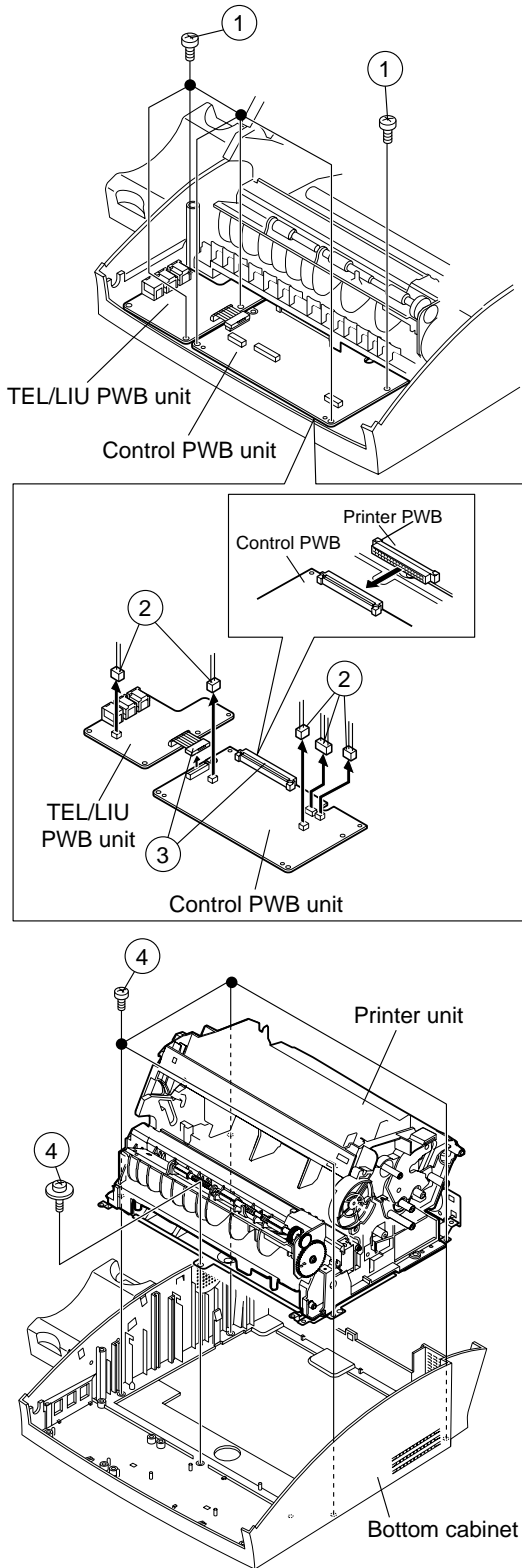


Fig. 8

4. Printer PWB unit, Power supply PWB unit

- 1 Remove four screws, and remove printer unit.
- 2 Remove five cables.
- 3 Remove four screws.
- 4 Remove fan motor cable, and remove printer PWB unit.
- 5 Remove five screws, and remove power supply PWB unit.
- 6 Remove connector of AC cord.

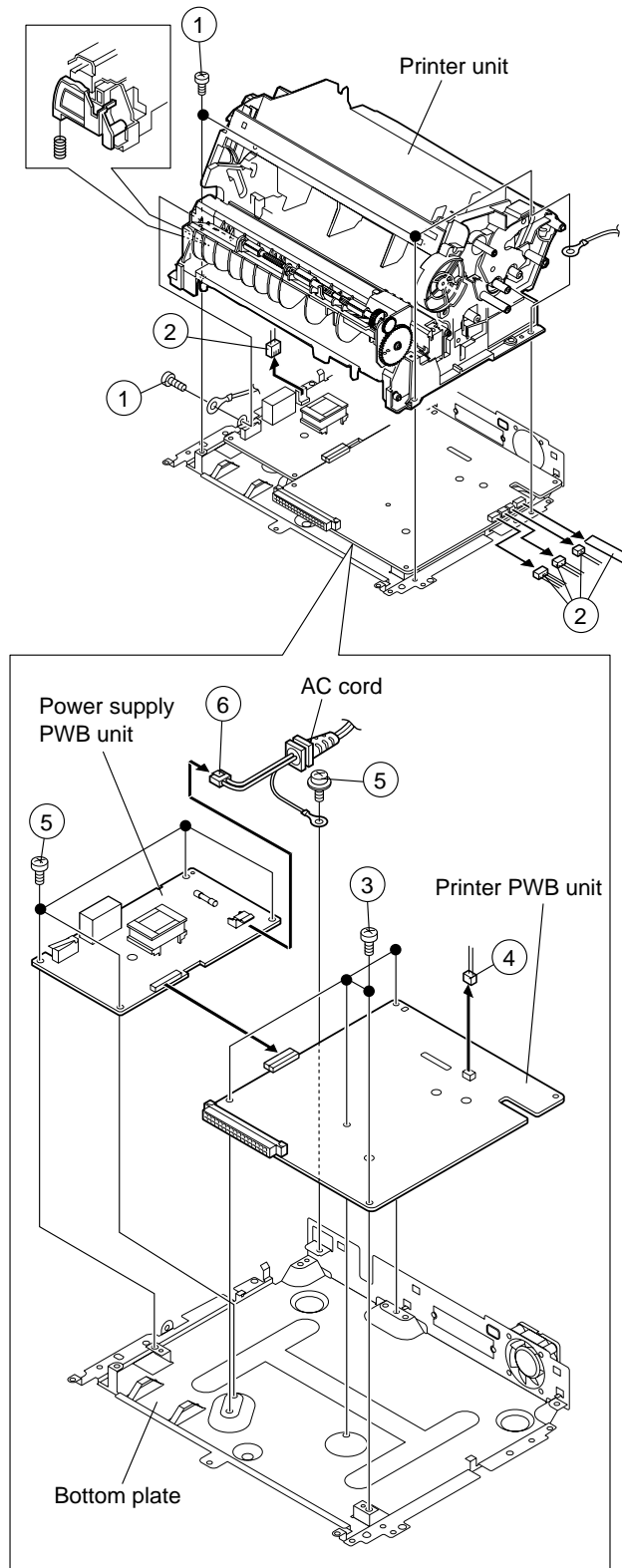


Fig. 9

5. Feed guide unit, Scanner bracket

- 1 Remove two screws, and remove feed guide unit. (Hook x 7)
- 2 Remove two screws.
- 3 Remove three cables.
- 4 Remove two screws, and remove scanner bracket.
- 5 Remove two screws.

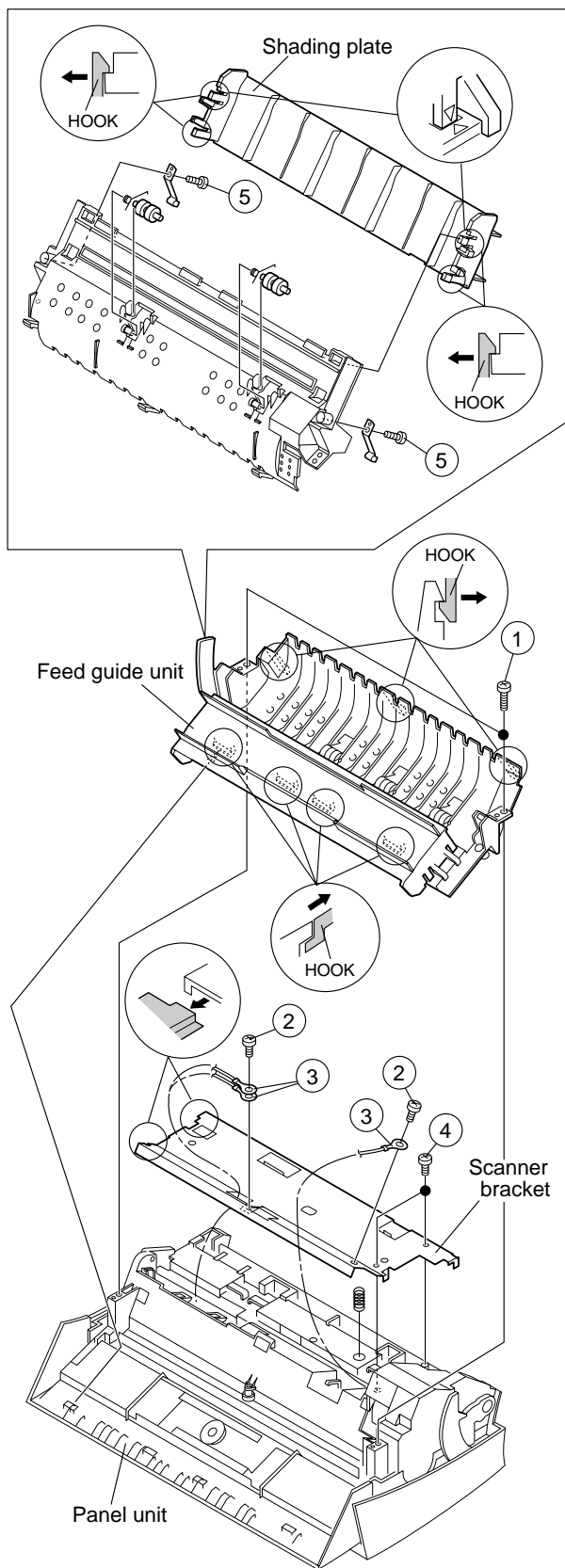


Fig. 10

6. Document guide lower, Scanner unit

- 1 Remove three screws, and remove document guide lower. (Hook x 3)
- 2 Remove screw.
- 3 Remove screw.

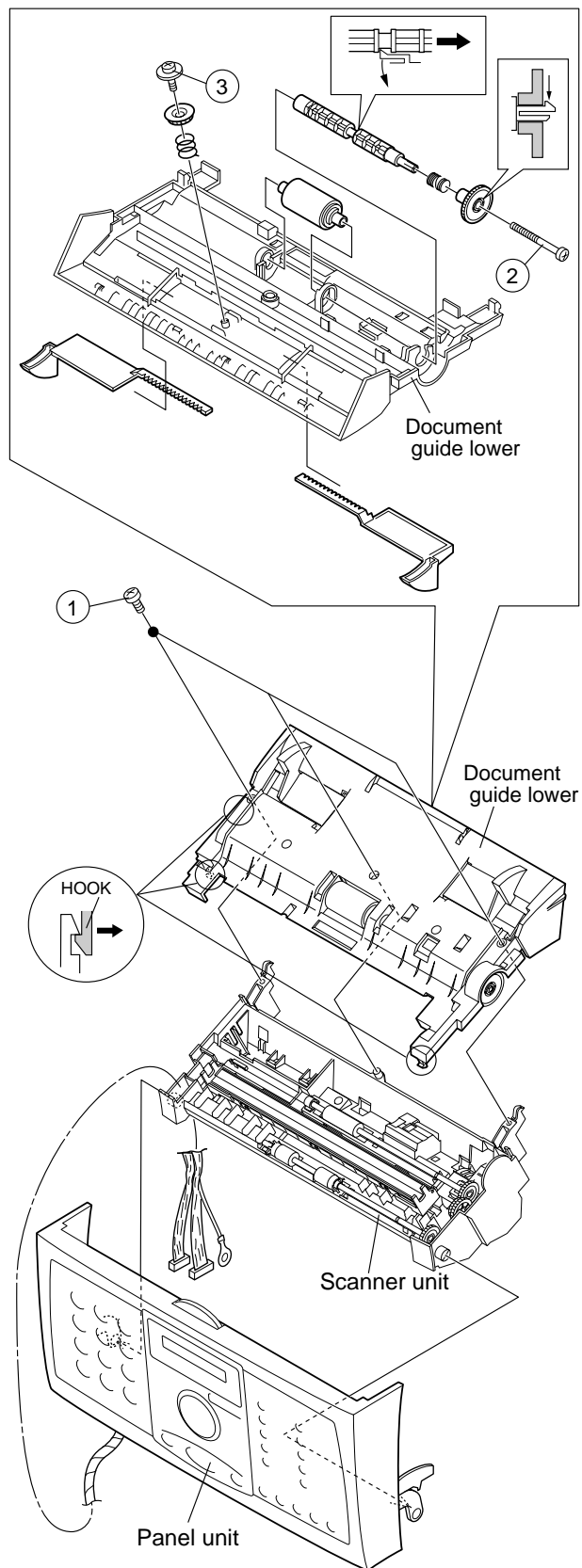


Fig. 11

7. Panel unit, Document guide upper unit

- 1 Remove two screws, and remove document guide upper unit.

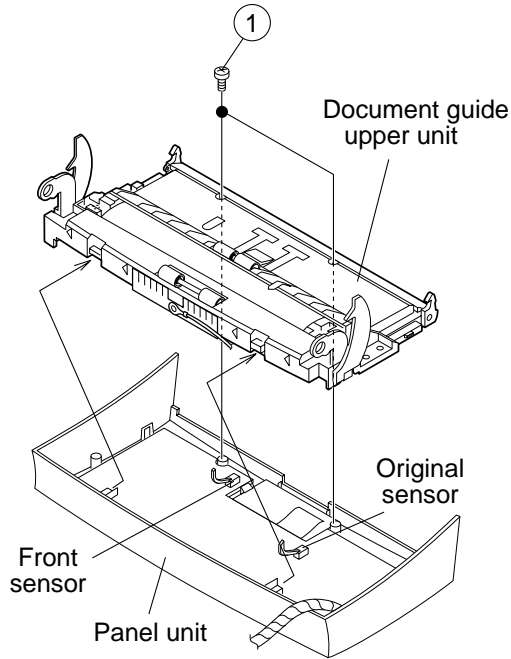


Fig. 12

8. Drive unit

- 1 Remove two screws, and remove drive unit.
- 2 Remove two screws.

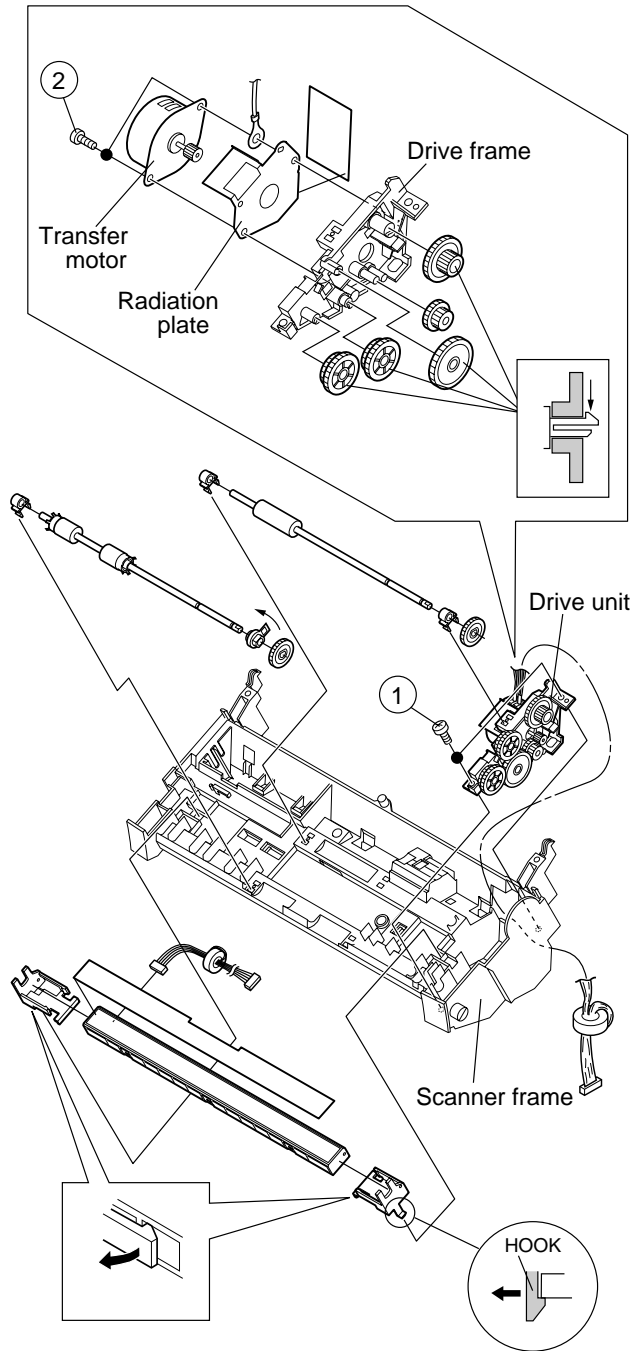


Fig. 13

9. Upper frame unit (optical frame unit)

- 1 Remove three connectors.
- 2 Remove four screws, and remove fan bracket and right fan.
- 3 Remove three screws, and remove gear plate.
At that time, fusing clutch gears and fusing clutch spring are also disassembled.
- 4 Remove motor idle gear.
- 5 Remove developer drive gear A and developer drive gear B.
- 6 Remove four screws.

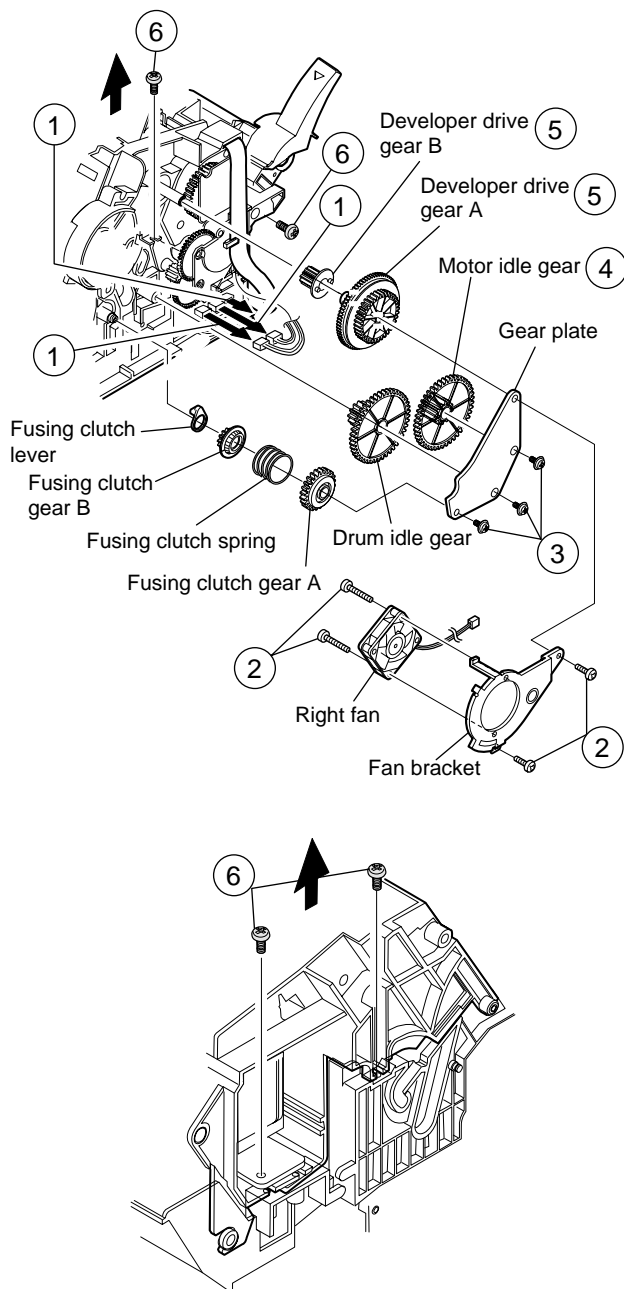


Fig. 14

- 7 Remove the arm of upper frame unit from the lower frame boss.
- 8 Rotate upper frame unit in the direction of arrow (B) so that the arm can be disassembled from the lower frame boss.

Note for assembly

- When attaching the upper and the lower frames, be careful not to pinch the cables.

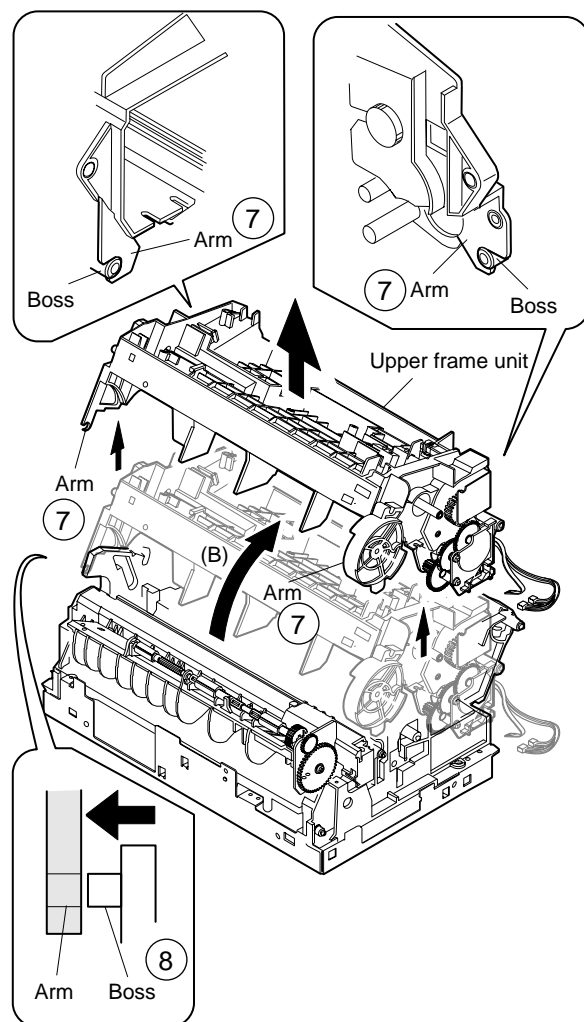


Fig. 15

10. Main motor

- 1 Remove two screws and remove fusing gear cover.
- 2 Remove PU idle gears.
- 3 Remove two screws.
- 4 Slide and remove main motor from the notch in the upper frame.
 - At that time, be careful not to damage or bend the shading sheet.

Note for assembly

- When attaching main motor, put the cable to the right side.

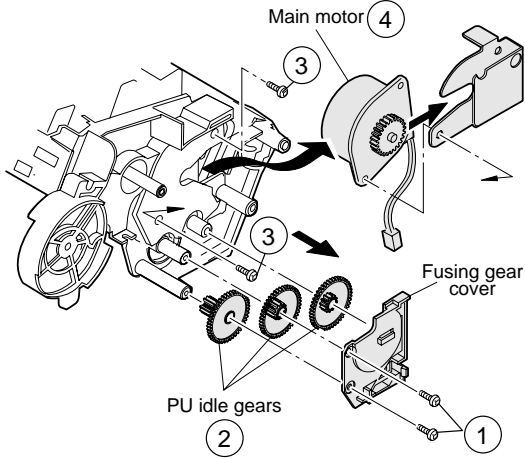


Fig. 16

11. Paper feed roller

- 1 Remove two screws and remove fusing gear cover.
- 2 Remove PU idler gears.

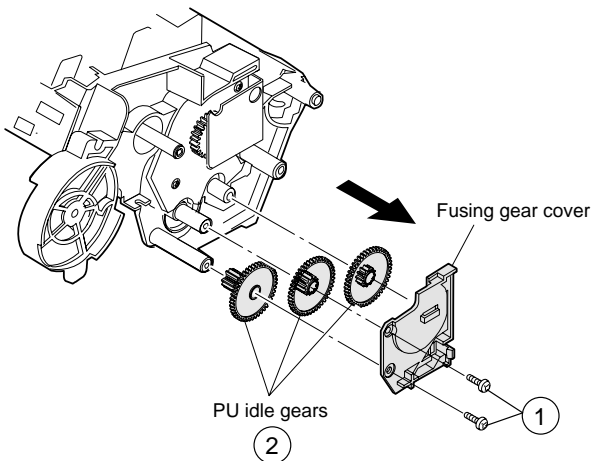


Fig. 17

- 3 Remove the tray lock lever.

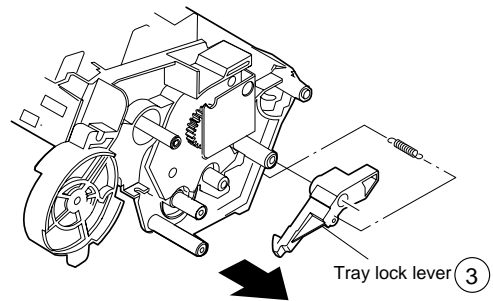


Fig. 18

The clearance between the clutch boss and the clutch gear must be 0.1(+0.02/-0.03)mm

- 4 Remove the red reversing screw from the paper feed roller shaft.
- 5 Remove the paper feed clutch gear.
- 6 Pull out the paper feed roller.
- 7 Pull out the clutch sleeve, the clutch spring, the clutch R sleeve, and the paper feed roller boss from the paper feed roller shaft at the same time.

Note for assembly

- When assembling the paper feed roller boss, the clutch R sleeve, the clutch spring, and the clutch sleeve to the paper feed roller, be careful to the directions of the parts. Insert one of the bent section (I) of the clutch spring into the hole (II) in the clutch R sleeve, and insert the other bent section into the hole (III) in the clutch sleeve securely.

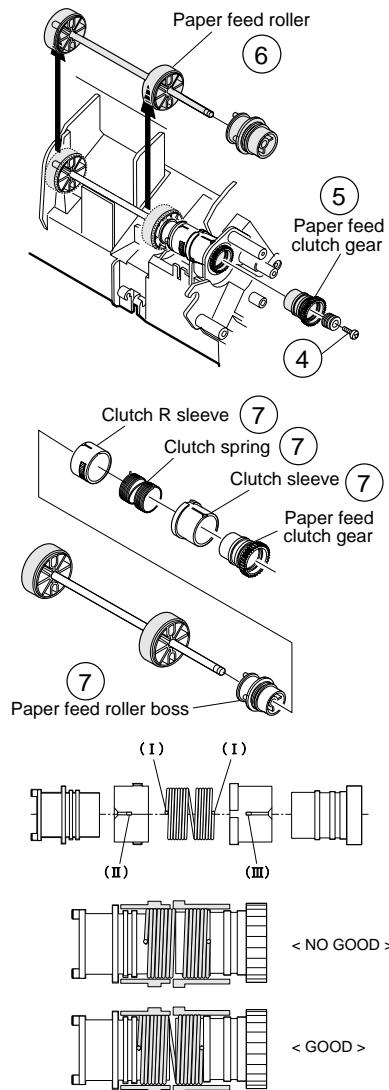


Fig. 19

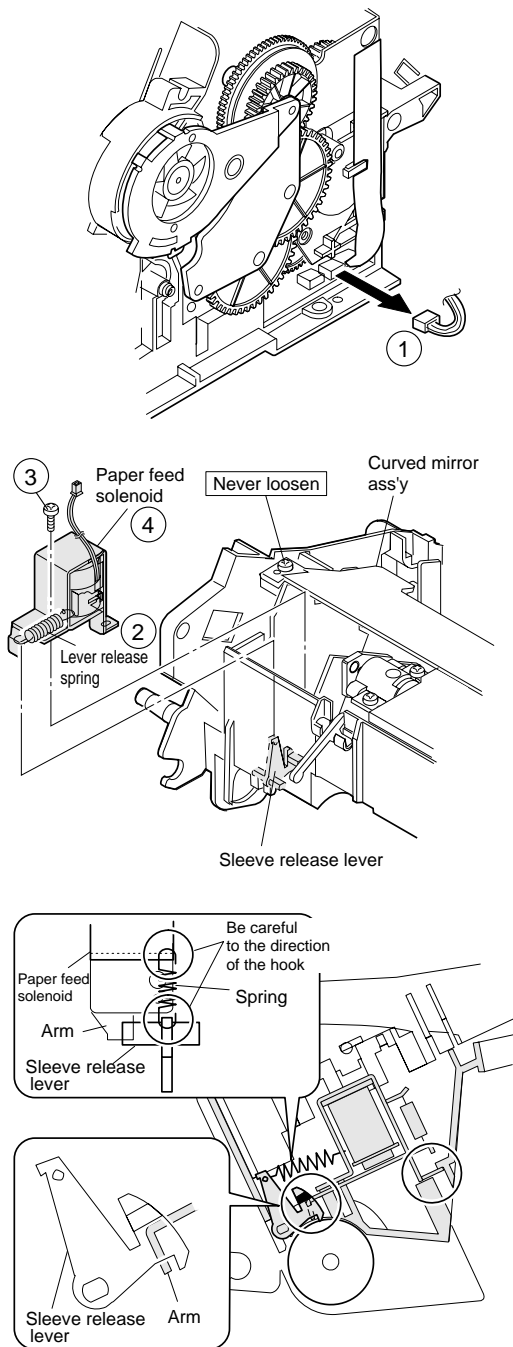
12. Paper feed solenoid

- 1 Remove connector.
- 2 Remove lever release spring which is attached to sleeve release lever.
- 3 Remove one screw.
- 4 Slide paper feed solenoid and remove it from between curved mirror ass'y and the upper frame.

Note: At that time, do not disassemble curved mirror ass'y. (Never loosen the fixing screw.) If it is removed or shifted, precise adjustments are required, which cannot be performed in the market.

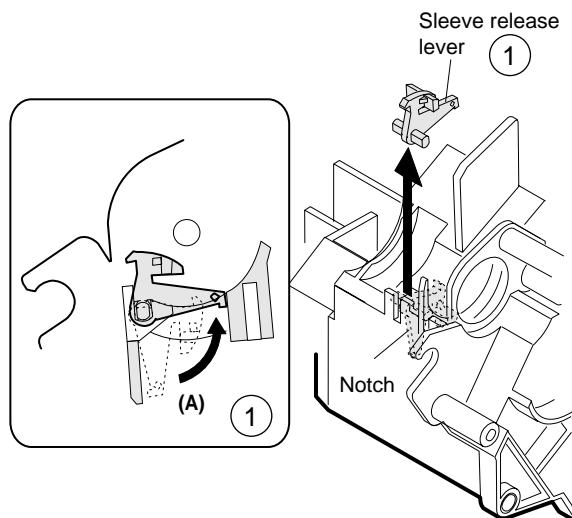
Note for assembly

- When lever release spring is completely removed, and when it is attached again, hang the one side of lever release spring on paper feed solenoid before attaching paper feed solenoid to the upper frame.
- When attaching the paper feed solenoid, refer to the above figure for the correct fixing position.
- Be careful that the arm of paper feed solenoid is under sleeve release lever.



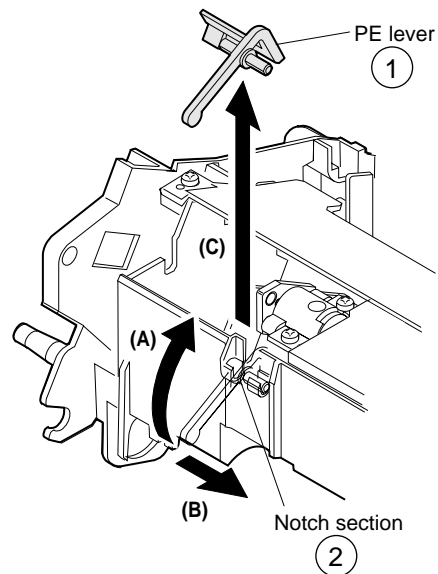
13. Sleeve release lever

- 1 Rotate sleeve release lever in the direction (A) and remove the shaft of sleeve release lever from the notch of the upper frame and remove it from the upper frame.



14. PE lever (Paper Empty lever)

- 1 Slightly turn the PE lever in the direction of arrow (A), and slide it in the direction of arrow (B).
- 2 Remove the notch section of PE lever shaft from the notch section of the upper frame as shown in arrow (C), and remove PE lever.



15. Lock lever

- 1 Remove connectors, and remove the cables from fusing gear cover.
- 2 Remove two screws, and remove fusing gear cover.
- 3 Remove lock lever spring, and pull out lock lever from the upper frame.

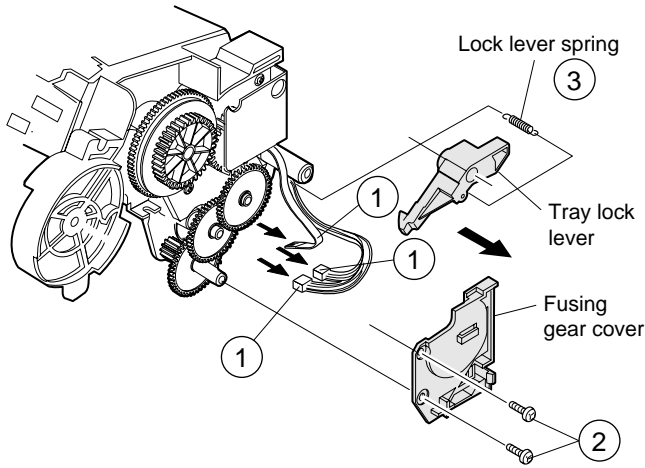


Fig. 23

16. Right fan

- 1 Remove four screws, and remove right fan and fan bracket.

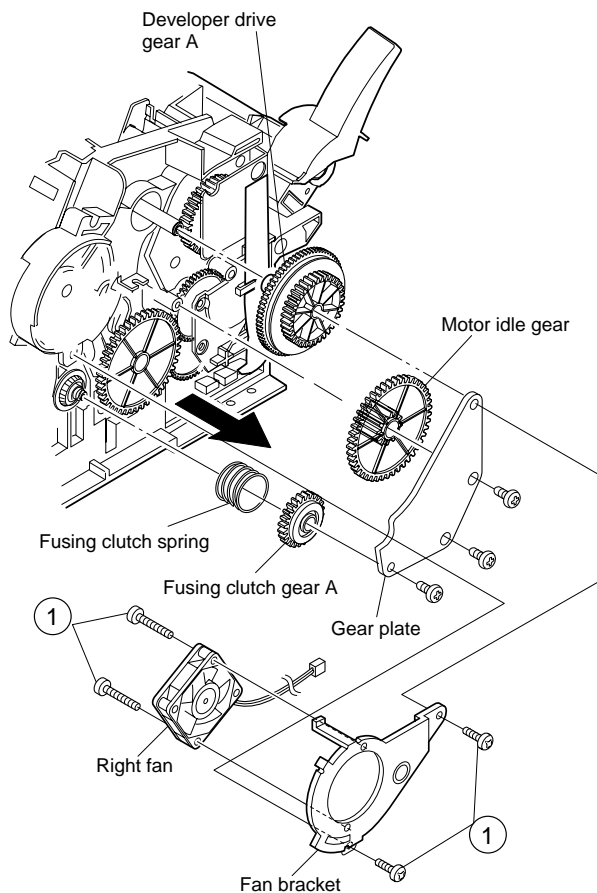


Fig. 24

17. Fusing unit

- 1 Remove connectors.
- 2 Release the protect of the cable connected to 1 from the lower frame.
- 3 Remove two fixing screws of fusing harness (white, black).

Power	Thermal fuse (upper)	Heater lamp (lower)
100V series	Black	White

- 4 Remove two screws of the fusing section.
- 5 Pull out the fusing unit.

Note for assembly

- When attaching the fusing harness, be careful to the color and do not attach reversely.

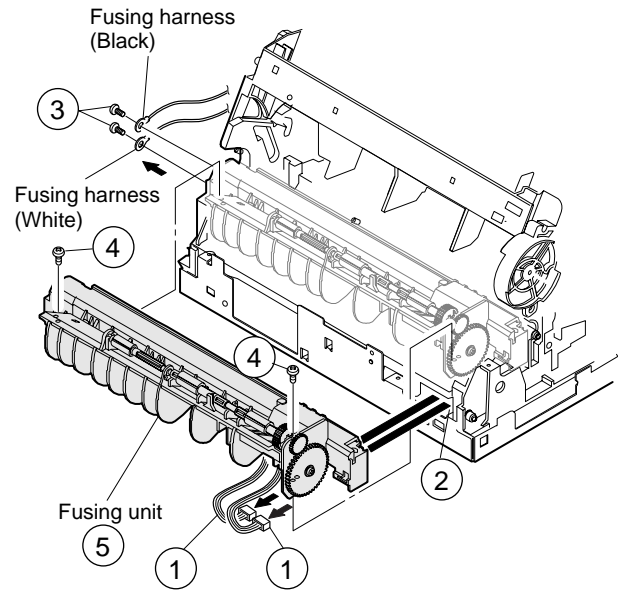


Fig. 25

18. Separate nails

- 1 Remove four springs and remove four separate nails.

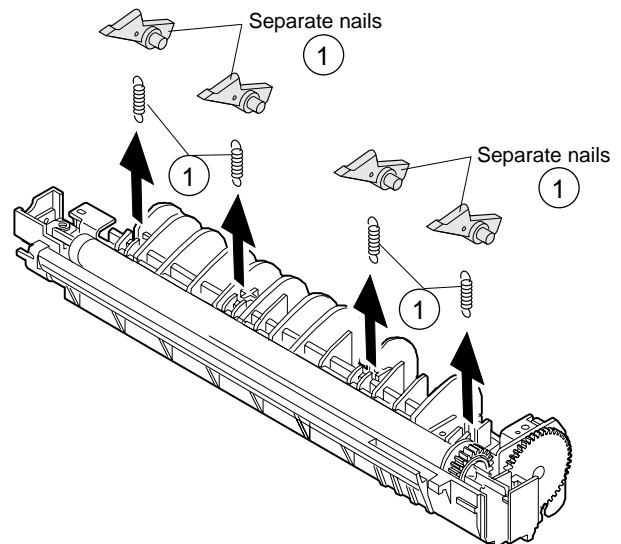


Fig. 26

19. Heat roller, heater lamp

- 1 Remove two screws.
- 2 Lift up the heat roller together with heater lamp, and slide it in the direction of arrow (A) and remove from fusing cover.
Insert paper between the separate nail and the heat roller not to damage the heat roller surface.
- 3 Remove heater lamp from heat roller.

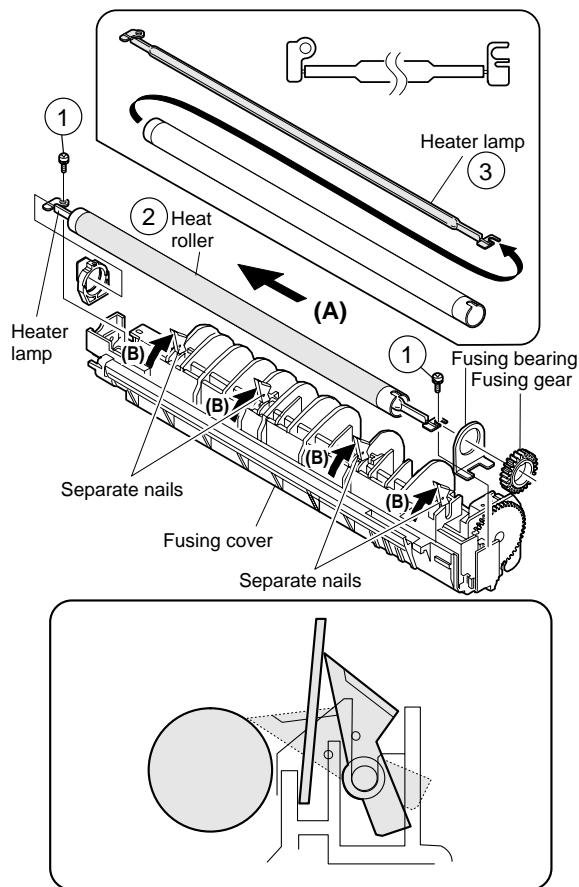


Fig. 27

Note for assembly (additional phrase)

When assembling the heat roller, insert a paper between the separate nail and the heat roller in order not to scratch the heat roller surface.

- When attaching heat roller to fusing cover, lift up the 4 parts of the separate nails.
- When inserting heater lamp into heat roller, check the inserting direction. (Check the shape of the terminal.)
- When attaching fusing gear, check the direction as follows.

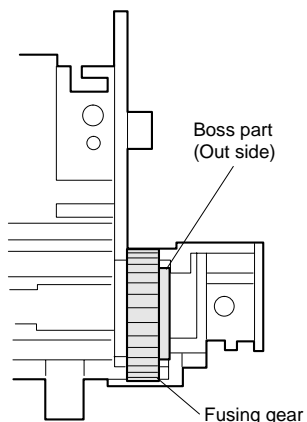


Fig. 28

- When passing heat roller through fusing gear, pass the notch of heat roller through the convex part of fusing gear as shown.

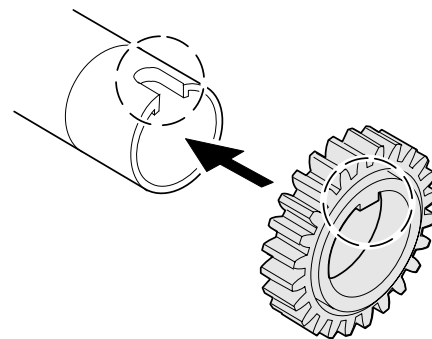


Fig. 29

20. Thermal fuses

- 1 Remove one screw.
- 2 Remove the temperature fuse holder from the fusing cover.
- 3 Release the protect of the temperature fuse holder cable, and remove the temperature fuse holder.
- 4 Remove the fuse sheet.
- 5 Remove two screws. (One from the back, and one from the front.)
- 6 Remove the temperature fuse from the fusing cover.

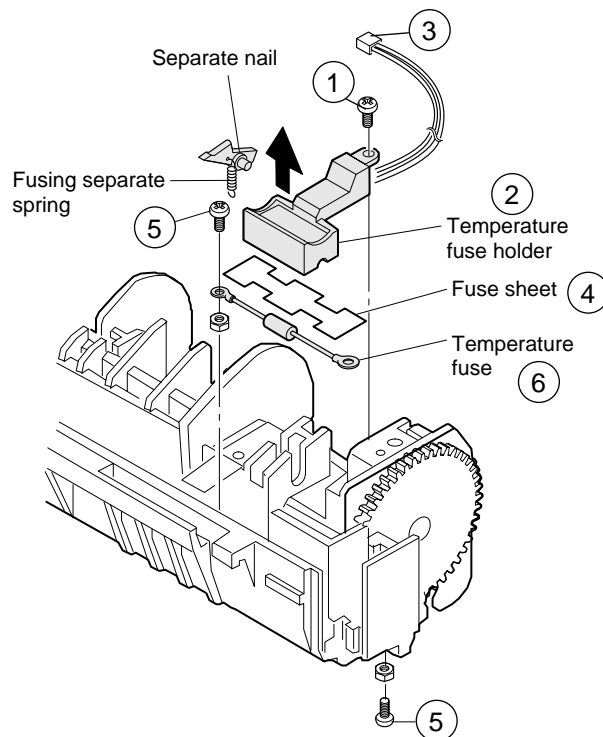


Fig. 30

21. Thermistor

- 1 Remove one screw, remove the protect of the thermistor cable, and remove the thermistor.

Note: Be careful not to mistake the installing direction of the thermistor. Attach so that the thermistor orange cover side is on the front side of the heat roller.

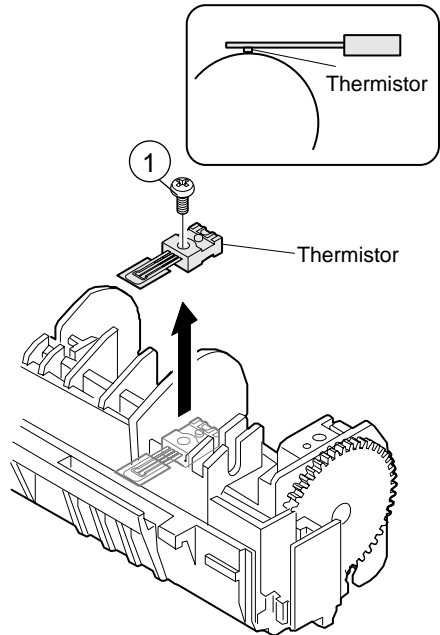


Fig. 31

22. AC connection wire

- 1 Remove one screw.
- 2 Remove AC connection wire in the direction of arrow (A). At that time, pull out the bent section of AC connection wire from the notch of the fusing cover.

Note for assembly

- When installing the wire, the nut is attached.

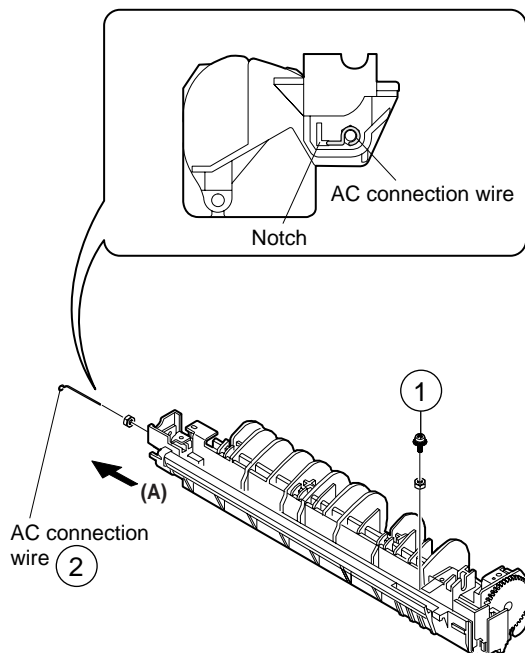


Fig. 32

23. Paper exit roller upper

- 1 Bend the shaft of paper exit roller upper A, and disengage it from the hook of fusing cover and remove it in the direction of arrow (A).
- 2 Remove the shaft of paper exit roller upper A from the notch of fusing cover, and remove paper exit roller upper A.
- 3 Use tweezers to disengage the hook of fusing knob, separate it into two sections, and remove it from paper exit roller upper A.
- 4 Remove paper exit roller upper B in the direction of arrow (B), and remove it from fusing cover.

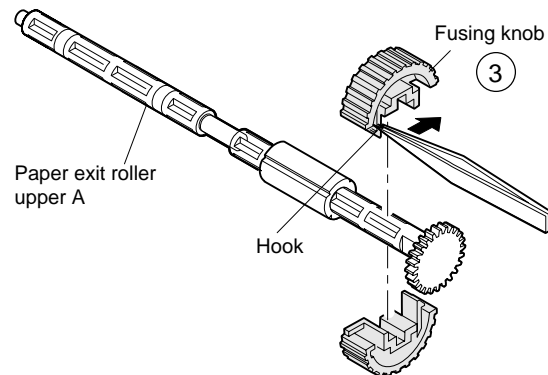
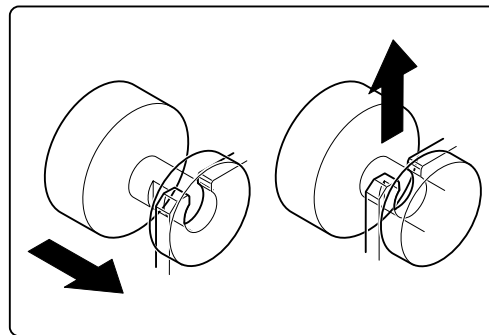
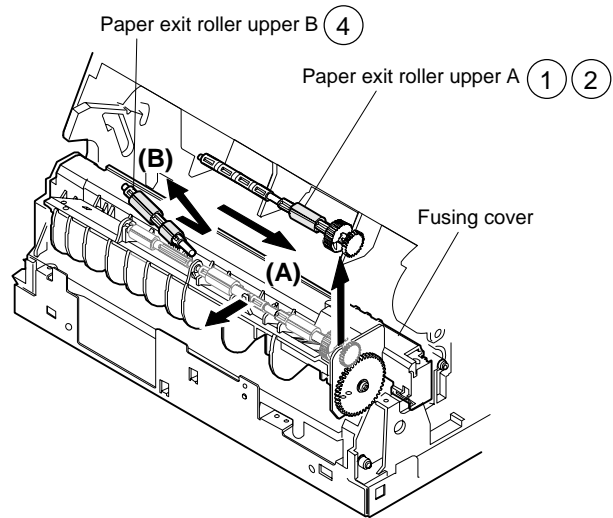


Fig. 33

24. Transfer roller

- 1 Insert a screwdriver into the bearing installation hole on the nondrive side and remove the bearing.
 - 2 Remove the transfer roller from the main body.
- Note:** When installing the transfer roller, install the pressure springs (2 pcs.) . Be careful not to scratch the transfer roller or not to attach foreign materials.

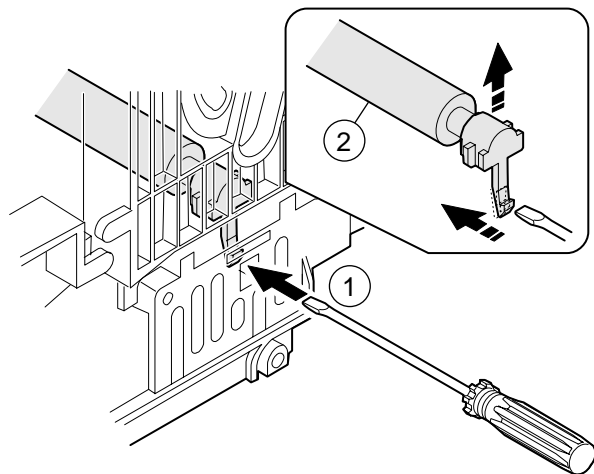


Fig. 34

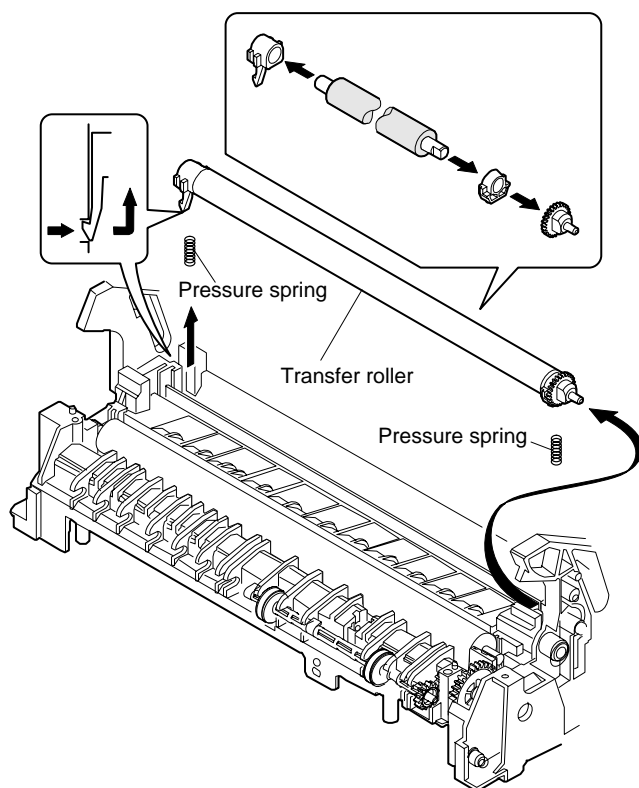


Fig. 35

25. Fusing roller

- 1 Remove the fusing roller.

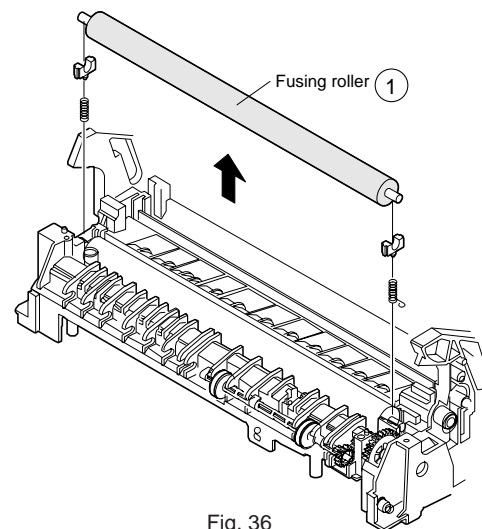


Fig. 36

26. Separation electrode

- 1 Remove two screws, and remove right fan and fan bracket.
 - 2 Remove three screws, and remove gear plate.
At that time, fusing clutch gear A and fusing clutch spring are also disassembled.
 - 3 Pull out motor idle gear and remove drum idle gear.
 - 4 Remove earth terminal fixing screw.
 - 5 Slide the earth terminal in the direction of A and remove it from the main body frame.
- When pulling out the grounding section of separation electrode lastly, the bent section of electrode is caught by the lower frame. Therefore, use a screwdriver (-) to hold the electrode section of separation electrode so as not to be caught as follows (Fig. 38).

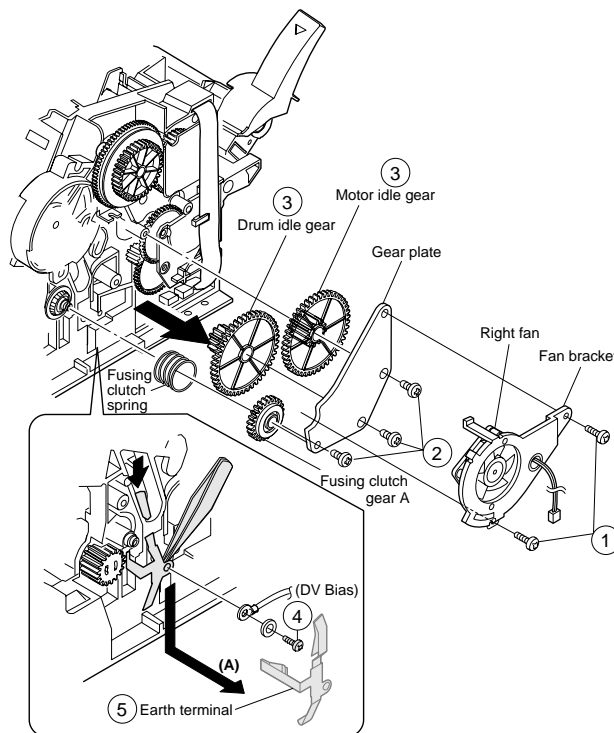


Fig. 37

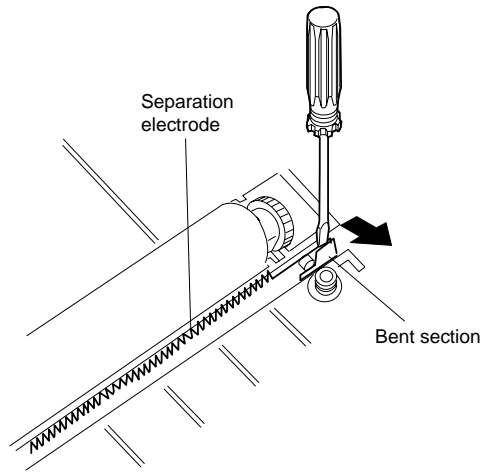


Fig. 38

- 6 Hold the right side of separation electrode with tweezers and disengage it from the lower frame boss and remove upward as follows.

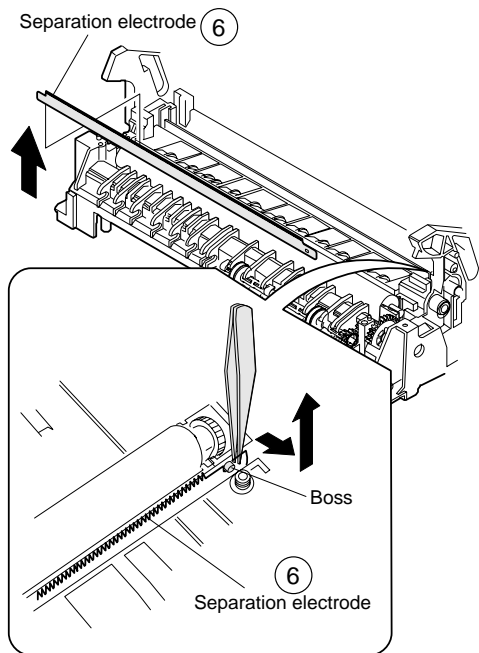


Fig. 39

Note : Drum earth electrode so that it is on the terminal on the PWB unit as follows.

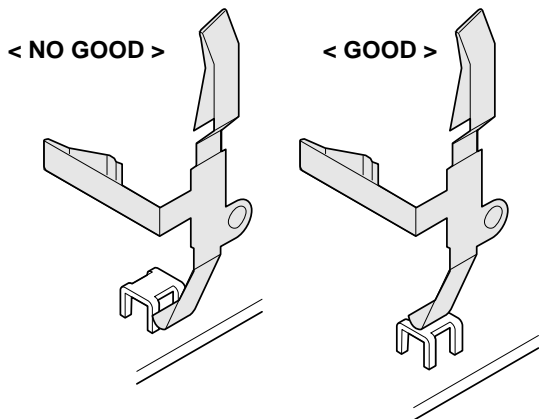


Fig. 40

27. PIN actuator (Paper in detection lever)

- 1 Turn the PIN actuator and slide the thin section of the shaft in the arrow (A) direction and remove it from the lower frame.

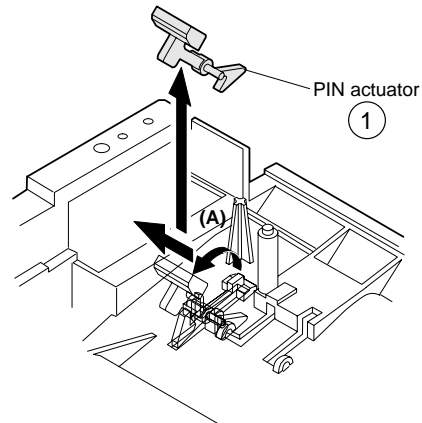


Fig. 41

28. POUT actuator (Paper out detection lever)

- 1 Turn the POUT actuator and slide the thin section of the shaft in the arrow (A) direction and remove it from the lower frame.

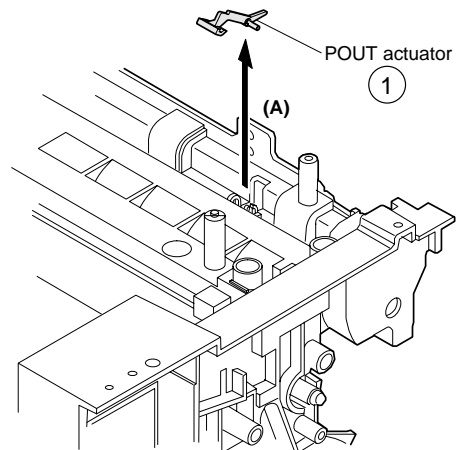


Fig. 42

Note for assembly

- When attaching the PWB unit to the lower frame, put the lower frame upside down. Face the PIN actuators and POUT actuator as shown in the figure below.

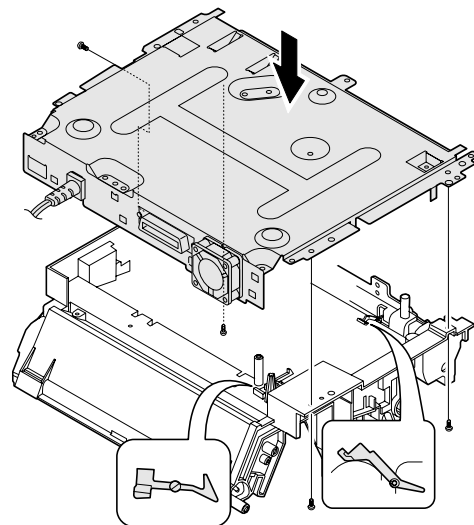


Fig. 43

29. Separate plate ass'y

- 1 Insert a screwdriver (-) between the separate plate unit arm and the lower frame from the lower frame paper passing side, and drive it in the direction of arrow (A) to remove the temporal fixing stopper and remove the separate plate upward (in the direction of arrow (B)).
- 2 Pull out the other separate plate ass'y toward you in the same manner.
- 3 Remove spring, and remove separate plate ass'y.

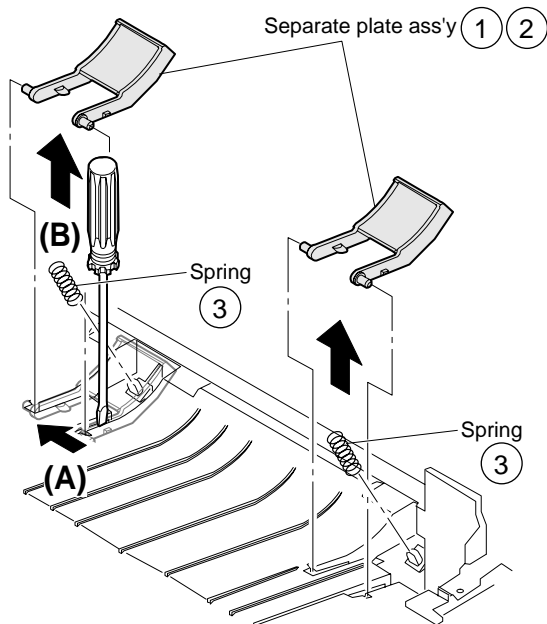


Fig. 44

30. High voltage terminal DR-MC (High voltage terminal: Photoconductor drum main charger)

- 1 Remove high voltage terminal DR-MC.
 - Terminal cover is included.

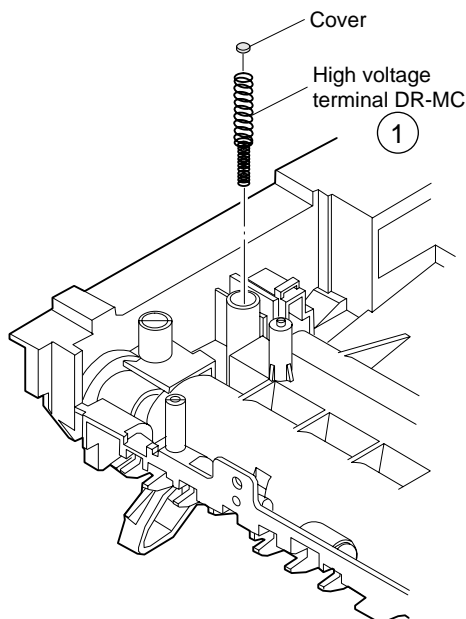


Fig. 45

31. High voltage terminal TC (High voltage terminal:transfer charger)

- 1 Use tweezers to pick up the projection of high voltage terminal TC, and remove high voltage terminal TC.

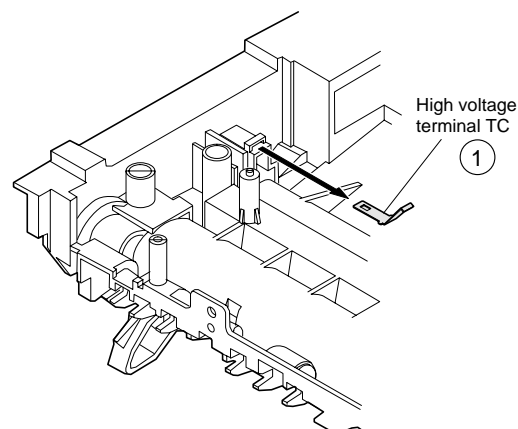


Fig. 46

32. DV bias electrode

- 1 Remove two screws, and remove fusing gear cover.
- 2 Remove PU idle gears.

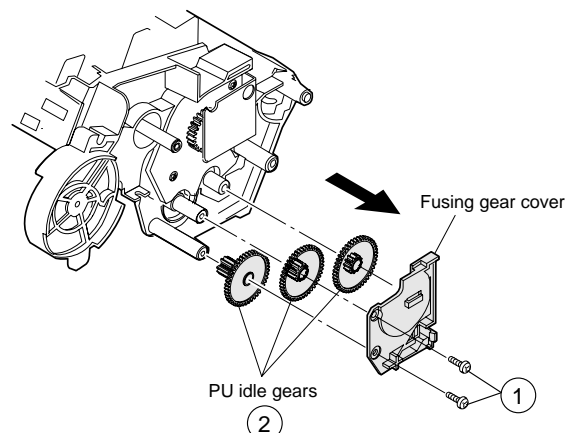


Fig. 47

- 3 Remove two screws.
- 4 Remove three screws, and remove gear plate. Then fusing clutch gear A and fusing clutch spring will come off.
- 5 Pull out motor idle gear.

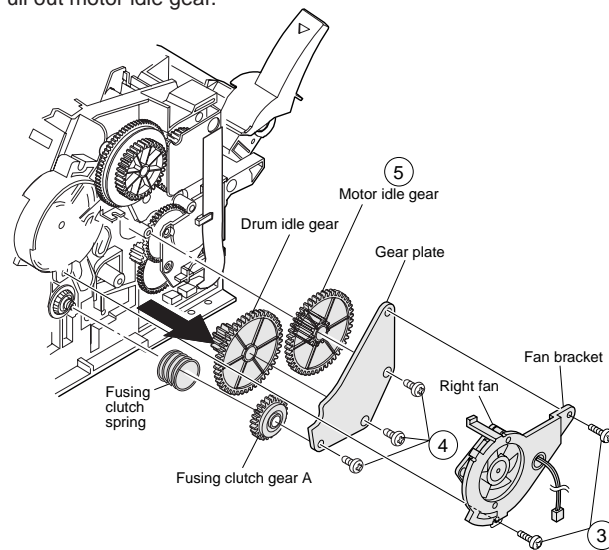


Fig. 48

- 6 Remove two screws.
- 7 Pull DV bias electrode toward you, and remove it from the lower frame.

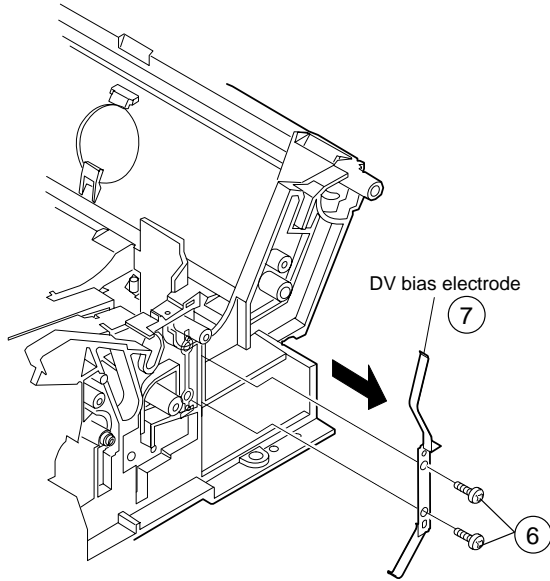


Fig. 49

Note for assembly

- When attaching DV bias electrode, adjust so that the contact is over the DC-bias electrode of the PWB unit.

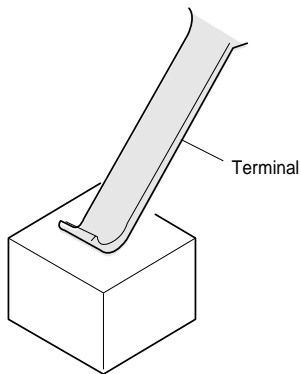


Fig. 50

Note

Fusing section:

- When fixing the cable of the temperature fuse and the thermistor, put it neat inside the projection of the frame. If not, paper jams may be resulted.

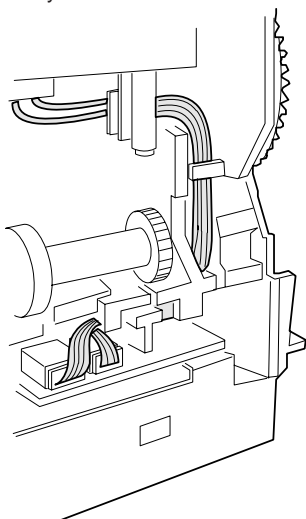


Fig. 51

Optical section

- Do not touch the mirror fixing screw in the optical section. If touched, the mirror bracket may be change, causing a shift in the print image position or vague images. The mirror angle cannot be adjusted in the market.
- Do not touch the volume attached. If touched, normal images cannot be produced. This adjustment cannot be made in the market.

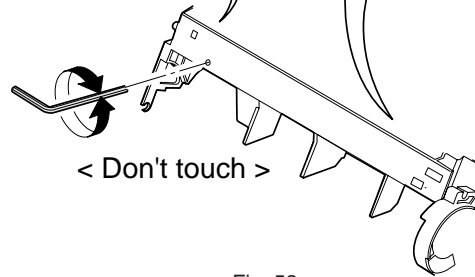
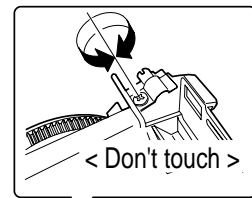
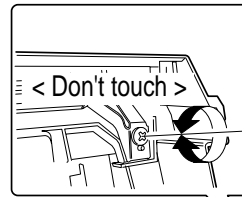
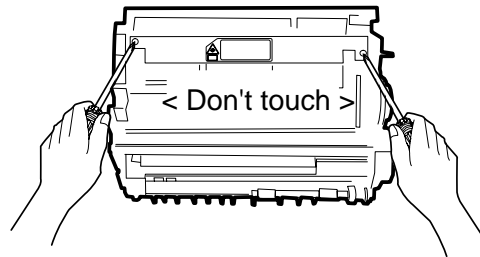


Fig. 52

33. Wire treatment

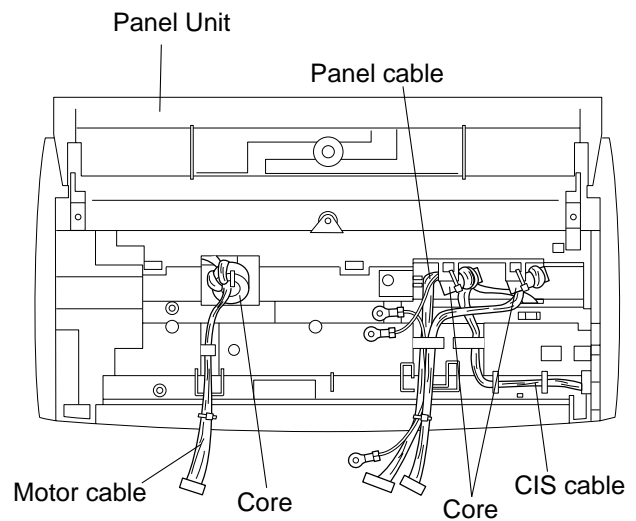
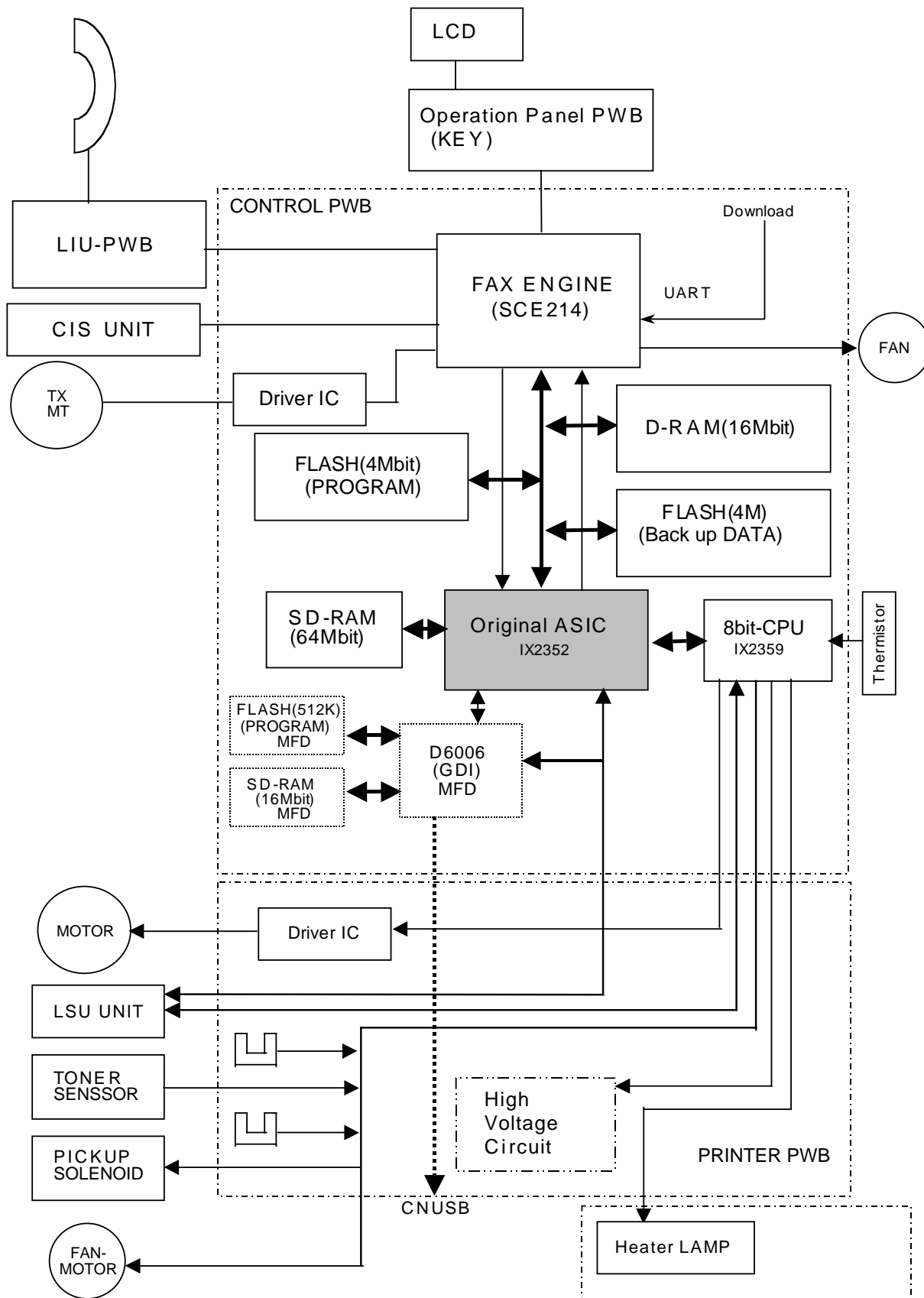


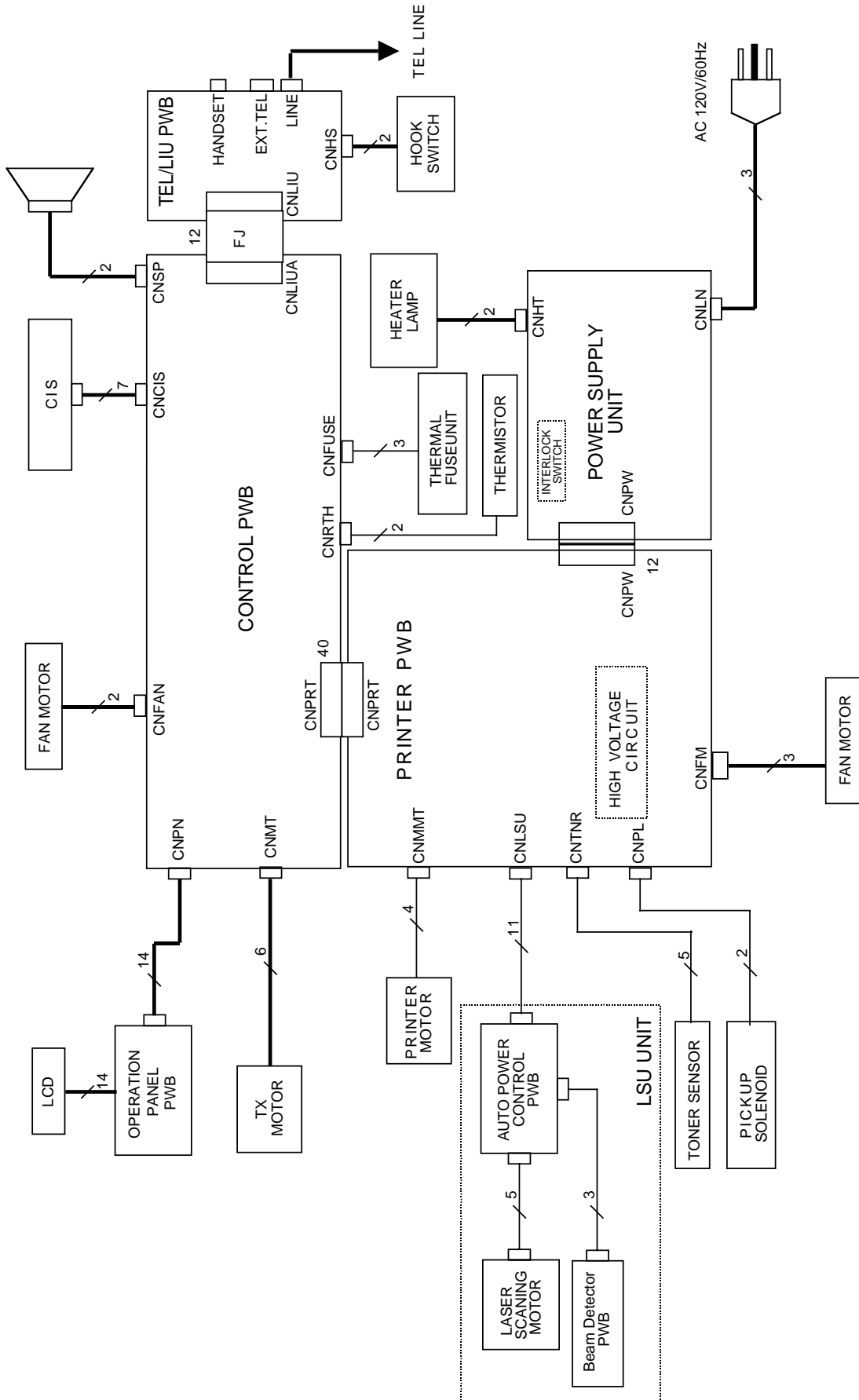
Fig. 53

CHAPTER 4. DIAGRAMS

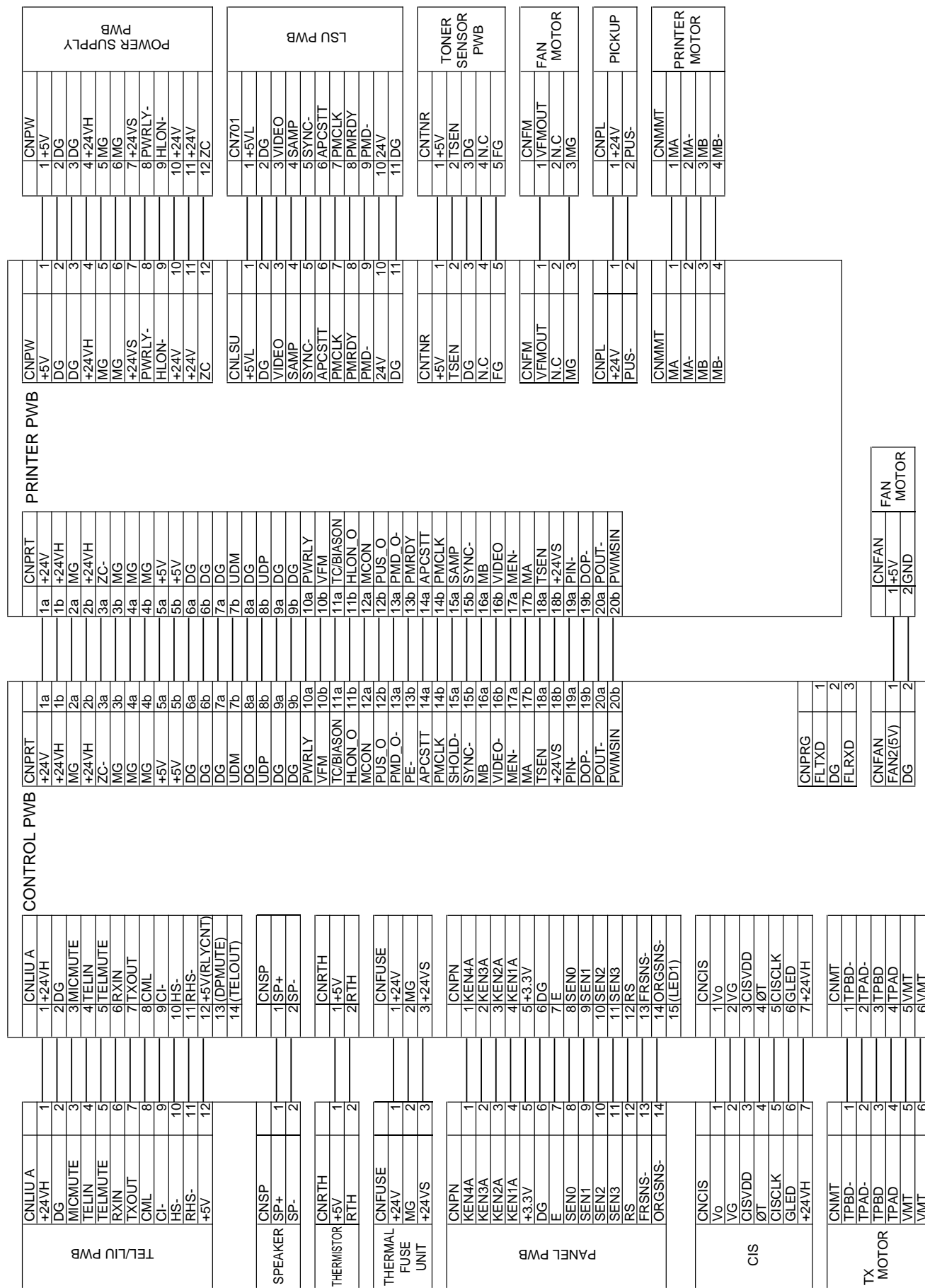
[1] Block diagram



[2] Wiring diagram



[3] Point- to-point diagram and connector signal name



CHAPTER 5. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

[1] Circuit description

1. General description

The compact design of the control PWB is obtained by using Risc Processor (CPU) in the main control section and high density printing of surface mounting parts. Each PWB is independent according to its function as shown in Fig. 1.

2. PWB configuration

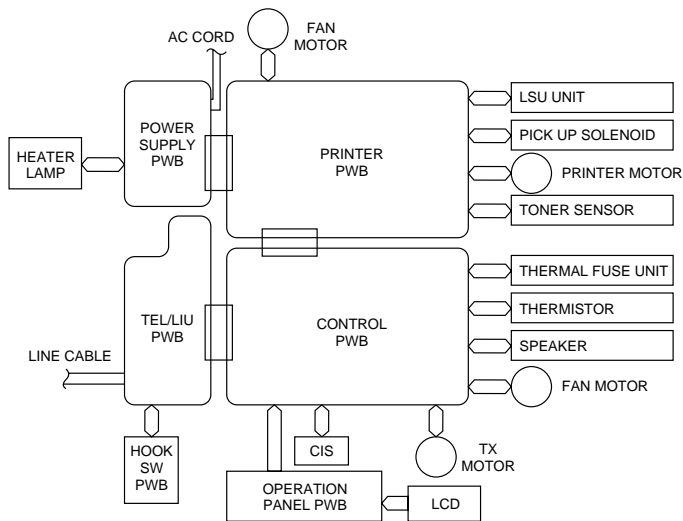


Fig. 1

(1) Control PWB

The control PWB controls peripheral PWBs, mechanical parts, transmission, and performs overall control of the unit.

This machine employs a 1-chip modem (SCE214) which is installed on the control PWB.

(2) TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB

This PWB controls connection of the telephone line to the unit.

(3) Power supply PWB

This PWB provides voltages of +5V and +24V to the another PWB.

(4) Panel PWB

The panel PWB allows input of the operation keys.

(5) Printer PWB

This PWB controls the printer mechanical parts.

(6) LCD PWB

This PWB controls the LCD display.

3. Operational description

Operational descriptions are given below:

- Transmission operation

When a document is loaded in standby mode, the state of the document sensor is sensed via the SCE214 (IC11).

If the sensor signal was on, the motor is started to bring the document into the standby position. With depression of the START key in the off-hook state, transmission takes place.

Then, the procedure is sent out from the modem and the motor is rotated to move the document down to the scan line. In the scan processor, the signal scanned by the CIS is sent to the internal image processor and the AD converter to convert the analog signal into binary data. This binary data is transferred from the scan processor to the image buffer within the RAM and encoded and stored in the transmit buffer of the RAM. The data is then converted from parallel to serial form by the modem where the serial data is modulated and sent onto the line.

- Receive operation

There are two ways of starting reception, manual and automatic. Depression of the START key in the off-hook mode in the case of manual receive mode, or CI signal detection by the LIU in the automatic receive mode.

First, the SCE214 controls the procedure signals from the modem to be ready to receive data. When the program goes into phase C, the serial data from the modem is converted to parallel form in the modem interface which is stored in the receive buffer of the RAM. The data in the receive buffer is decoded software-wise to reproduce it as binary image data in the image buffer. The data is DMA transferred to the recording processor within the ASIC (IC8) and sent to the LSU on printer PWB.

CPU (IC9) and ASIC (IC8) control printing data, LSU, main motor, high-voltage circuit, heater control and fan motor.

- Copy operation

To make a copy on this facsimile, the COPY key is pressed when the machine is in stand-by with a document on the document table and the telephone set is in the on-hook state.

First, depression of the COPY key advances the document to the scan line. Similar to the transmitting operation, the image signal from the CIS is converted to a binary signal in the DMA mode via the reading processor which is then sent to the image buffer of the RAM. Next, the data is transferred to the ASIC in serial mode to send the image data to the printer PWB in order to print. The copying takes place as the operation is repeated.

[2] Circuit description of control PWB

1. General description

Fig. 2 shows the functional blocks of the control PWB, which is composed of 6 blocks.

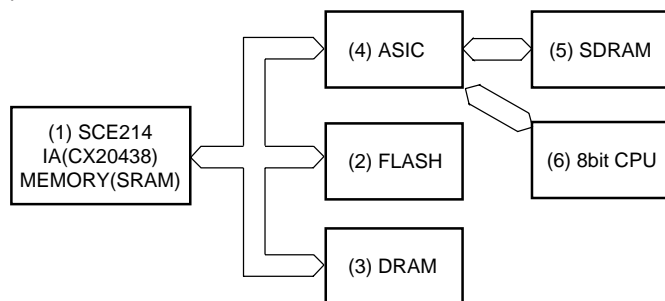


Fig. 2 Control PWB functional block diagram

2. Description of each block

(1) Main control block

The main control block is composed of CONEXANT 1 chip fax engine (SCE214), FLASH (4Mbit x 2), DRAM (16Mbit), ASIC (μ PD65944). Devices are connected to the bus to control the whole unit. And this block employs SDRAM (IC7) and 8bit CPU (IC9).

1) SCE214 (IC11) : pin-176 QFP (FAX CONTROLLER)

1 chip fax engine has internal integrated analog (20438) and internal memory (SRAM : 32kbit).

2) SST39LF040-45 (IC3): pin-32 TSOP (FLASH)

FLASH of 4Mbit equipped with software for the main CPU.

3) LH28F400BVE-TL85 (IC5): pin-48 TSOP (FLASH)

FLASH of 4Mbit equipped with MEMORY for registration data.

4) IS41LV8205 (IC6): pin-28 SOJ (DRAM)

Image memory for recording process.

- Memory for recording pixel data without paper.
- Memory for system work and ECM receive buffer.

5) μ PD65944 (IC8): pin-144 QFP (ASIC)

ASIC between SCE214 and printer unit.

It converts the resolution and the aspect ratio of the serial scanning data sent by SCE214 and sends the converted data to printer unit.

6) M12L64164A-7T (IC7): pin-54 TSOP (SDRAM)

Dedicated image buffer for ASIC (IC8).

7) μ PD780032A (IC9): pin-64 QFP (8bit CPU)

Printing control with ASIC (IC8).

(2) IC11 (SCE214) Hardware description

1) Integrated Controller (SCC)

The Controller contains an internal MC24 Processor with a 16-MB address space and dedicated circuitry optimized for facsimile image processing and monitoring and for thermal or thermal transfer printer support.

The CPU provides fast instruction (up to 10 MHz clock speed) execution and memory efficient input/output bit manipulation. The CPU connects to other internal functions over an 8-bit data bus and 24-bit address bus and dedicated control lines.

The 24-bit external address bus, 8-bit data bus, control, status and decoded chip select signals support connection to external DRAM, and FLASH memory.

2) DRAM Controller

The CX06835 includes a DRAM controller with signal and page mode access support which supports fast, normal, or slow refresh time. DRAM memory space is provided in one block up to 4 MB. A maximum of 4 MB of DRAM is supported. This space has a programmable size and starting address. Refresh is performed automatically and is supported in stand-by mode. CAS and RAS signal support is provided for one-DRAM banks for both 4-bit and 8-bit organizations. Access speeds from 50ns to 70ns can be supported.

3) DMA Channels

Six internal DMA channels support memory access for scanner, T.4/T.6, and resolution conversion. DMA Channel 2 can be reprogrammed for external access to thermal printing, thermal transfer, or plain paper inkjet printing.

4) External RAM and ROM

Moveable and programmable size external SRAM memory of up to 1 MB, DRAM memory of up to 4 MB, and ROM of up to 2 MB can be directly connected to the SCE214. By using an external address decoder, the size of SRAM and/or ROM can be extended. The ROM stores all the program object code.

5) Flash Memory Controller

The SCE214 includes a flash memory controller that supports NOR, NAND, and Serial NAND-type flash memory. The supported size of NOR-type memory is up to 1 MB and the supported size of NAND-type memory is unlimited.

6) Stepper Motor Control

Eight outputs are provided to external current drivers: four to the scanner motor and four to the printer motor. The stepping patterns are programmable and selectable line times are supported. A timeout circuit controls the power control of the motors. The printer or scanner motor outputs can be programmed as GPOs for applications using single motor or paper printers.

7) T.4/T.6 Compressor/Decompressor

MH, MR and MMR compression and decompression are provided in hardware. T.4 line lengths of up to 8192 pixels are supported. MMR and Alternating Compression/Decompression (ACD) on a line by line basis provide support for up to three independent compression and decompression processes.

8) Bi-level Resolution Conversion

One independent programmable bi-level 1D-resolution conversion block is provided to perform expansion or reduction on the T.4 decompressed data and scan image data. Image expansion can be programmed up to 200% and reduction down to 33%. Vertical line ORing and data output bit order reversal is also provided.

9) Printer IF

The Printer Interface provides a standard connection between the SCE214 and a thermal printhead to support thermal printing or thermal transfer. The thermal printer interface consists of programmable data, latch, clock, and up to four strobe signals. Programmable timing supports traditional thermal printers, as well as the latchless split mode printers, and line lengths of up to 2048 pixels. Line times from 5 ms to 40 ms are supported.

The SCE214 includes a thermal ADC (TADC) function utilizing a D/A converter and a comparator to monitor the printhead temperature. External terminating resistors must be supplied; the values are determined by the specific printhead selected.

As an option, plain paper inkjet printing can be supported.

10) Scanner and Video Control

Five programmable control and timing signals support common CCD and CIS scanners. The video control function provides signals for controlling the scanner and for processing its video output. Three programmable control signals (START, CLK1n, and CLK2) provide timing related to line and pixel timing. These are programmable with regard to start time, relative delay and pulse width.

Two video control output signals (VIDCTL[1:0]) provide digital control for external signal pre-processing circuitry. These signals provide a per pixel period, or per line period, timing with programmable polarity control for each signal.

11) Video Processing

The CX06835 supports two modes of shading correction for scanner data non-uniformity arising from uneven sensor output or uneven illumination. Corrections are provided on either an 8-pixel group or are applied separately to each pixel. Dark level correction and gamma correction are also provided.

Two-dimensional Error Diffusion/Dithering is performed on halftone images.

The CX06835 includes an 8 x 8 dither table, which is programmable and stored internally (8-bit per table entry). The table is arranged in a matrix of 8 rows by 8 columns. The video processing circuit provides mixed-mode detection/processing and multi-level Resolution Conversion for the scanner multi-level data. The conversion ratio of the multi-level Resolution Conversion is fixed to B4-A4 conversion.

12) Operator Panel Interface

Operation Panel functions are supported by the operator output bus OPO[6:0], the operator input bus OP[3:0], and two control outputs (LCDCS and LEDCTRL).

The CX06835 can directly interface to a 28-key keypad.

A 2-line LCD display module with 20 characters per line can be supported.

13) Synchronous Serial Interface (SSIF)

One or optionally two Synchronous only Serial Interfaces (SSIF) are built into the CX06835, which allows it to communicate with external peripherals. Each SSIF provides separate signals for Data (SSTXD, SSRXD), Clock (SSCLK), and Status (SSSTAT). Each SSIF is a duplex, three-wire system. The SSIF may be configured to operate as either a master or a slave interface. The bit rate, clock polarity, clock phase, and data shifting order are programmable.

14) Synchronous/Asynchronous Serial Interface (SASIF)

One or optionally two Synchronous/Asynchronous Serial Interface (SASIF) performs the following:

- Serial-parallel conversion of data received from a peripheral device.
- Parallel-to-serial conversion of data for transmission to a peripheral device.

This interface consists of serial transmit data (SASTXD), serial receive data (SASRXD), and a serial clock (SASCLK). The SASIF includes a programmable bit rate generator for asynchronous and synchronous operations. The data shifting order, data bit number, and the SASCLK polarity are programmable.

The optional SASIF 2 has an additional pin called DSS_AVAIL. This signal can be used to tristate the SASCLK2 and SASTXD2 signals.

15) Real Time Clock (RTC)

The CX06835 includes a battery backup real time clock. The RTC will automatically maintain the proper date and time for 32 years. Leap year compensation is included. A 32.768 kHz or 65.536 kHz crystal is required by the RTC.

16) Tone Generator (ALT_TONE)

The CX06835 provides a programmable tone generator output. The frequency of the tone generator is programmable from 400 Hz to 4 kHz. By using a PWM programmable high frequency as a modulation frequency, the output level can be made programmable.

17) Watchdog Timer

The Programmable Watchdog Timer is intended to guard against firmware lockup on the part of either executive-controlled background tasks or interrupt-driven tasks, and can only be enabled by a sequence of events under control of the Watchdog Control Logic. Once the Watchdog Timer has been enabled, it can not be disabled unless a system reset occurs.

18) Reset and Power Control

The RESETn I/O pin provides an internally generated reset output to external circuits, or it can accept an externally generated reset signal. This reset signal will not reset the RTC. Separate RTC battery power inputs are provided for battery-backup functions. A BATRSTn pin is provided, which resets the RTC circuits and other SCC circuits.

19) Power Up/Down Control

Power Up/Down detection is provided internally. The threshold voltages are:

- Power Up detection level = 2.83V to 2.95V.

An internally generated power down signal controls internal switching between primary and battery power. This control signal is also provided as an output on the PWRDWNn pin. An externally generated power down detector (optional) can be provided as an input on the PWRDWNn pin by setting the INTPWRDWNEn pin.

20) Stand-by and Sleep Modes

Two power saving modes are provided to reduce the power consumption. In stand-by mode, the CPU is functional, but the modem clock is turned off to save power. When this occurs, the modem may be activated by software under different conditions. In sleep mode, the clock is cut off from both the modem and the CPU to increase the power savings.

The system can be activated by paper insertion, key pressing events, and telephone ring detection.

21) Embedded Modem DSP

The embedded modem DSP is a synchronous 9600 bps half-duplex modem with error detection and DTMF generation/reception. It provides data transmission/reception from regular PSTN lines, PBX, or private lines.

The modem can operate at any standard V.29 data speed up to 9600 bps as well as in V.21 and V.23 modes.

The modem is designed for use in Group 3 facsimile machines. It satisfies the requirements specified in ITU-T recommendations V.29, V.27ter, V.21 Channel 2, and T.4, and meets the signaling requirements of T.30. It also performs HDLC framing according to T.30 at all speeds.

Note: For technical details, refer to the FM209/FM214 Designer's Guide, (document 1175).

22) Software and Firmware Support Features

Available software and embedded firmware provides the following:

- Modem support for speeds up to 9600 bps.
- ECM under conditional assembly.
- DRAM memory support under conditional assembly.
- MH, MR and MMR support.
- Page memory receiving.
- 5ms minimum scan line time.
- Conditional Error Diffusion or Dither table (8x8) support.
- Dark Level Correction support.
- Single motor support.
- 28-key operator panel support.
- Call progress support for Europe and U.S.A.
- Monochrome inkjet print engine support.

SCE214 (IC11) Terminal descriptions

Pin No.	Pin List	I/O	Input Type	Output Type	Pin Description
1	VDDPLL	—	—	—	PLL Power
2	VSSPLL	—	—	—	PLL GND
3	ROMCSn	O	—	13Xs	—
4	SYNC/GPO[20]	O	—	13Xs	—
5	WRn	O	—	13Xs	—
6	RDn	O	—	13Xs	—
7	DEBUGn	I	Hu	—	—
8	TSTCLK	O	—	13Xs	—
9	VSS	—	—	—	Digital GND
10	SXIN	I	Osc0	—	—
11	SXOUT	O	—	Osc0	—
12	OPO[0]/GPO[8]/SMPWRCTRL	O	—	13Xs	—
13	OPO[1]/GPO[9]/PMPWRCTRL	O	—	13Xs	—
14	OPO[2]/GPO[10]/RINGER	OZ	—	13Xs	—
15	OPO[3]/GPO[11]	O	—	13Xs	—
16	OPO[4]/GPO[12]/SSTXD1	O	—	13Xs	—
17	OPO[5]/GPO[13]	O	—	13Xs	—
18	OPO[6]/GPO[14]	O	—	13Xs	—
19	OPI[0]/GPIO[21]/SSRXD1	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
20	OPI[1]/GPIO[22]/SSSTAT1	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
21	OPI[2]/GPIO[23]/SSCLK1	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
22	OPI[3]/GPIO[24]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
23	LDCDS/GPO[17]	O	—	1XC	—
24	VDD	—	—	—	Digital Power
25	RASn	O	—	13Xs	—
26	CAS[0]n	O	—	13Xs	—
27	DWRn	O	—	13Xs	—
28	VBAT	—	—	—	RTC Battery Power
29	XIN	I	Osc1	—	—
30	XOUT	O	—	Osc1	—
31	WRPROTn	O	—	1XC	—
32	TEST[1]	I	Hd	—	—
33	TEST[0]	I	Hd	—	—
34	BATRSTn	I	H	—	—
35	INTPWRDWNEn	I	H	—	—
36	PWRDWNn	I/O	H	13Xs	—
37	N.C.	—	—	—	—
38	ADGA	—	VADG	—	PADC Analog GND
39	VREFn/CLREF	I	VR-	—	PADC
40	VIN	I	VA	—	PADC
41	ADGA	—	VADG	—	PADC Analog GND
42	ADVA	—	VADV	—	PADC Analog Power
43	ADXG	—	VXG	—	PADC
44	VREFp	I	VR	—	PADC
45	VSS	—	—	—	VSS Digital GND
46	IVREFn	O	—	VR-	PADC
47	IVREFp	O	—	VR+	PADC
48	VDD	—	—	—	Digital Power
49	THADI	I	Analog	—	TADC
50	VSS	—	—	—	Digital GND
51	GPIO[17]/DSPIRQn	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
52	GPIO[16]/IRQ[8]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
53	GPIO[15]/CS[5]n	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
54	GPIO[13]/CS[3]n	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
55	GPIO[37]/IRQ15n/DSPCSn	I	Hu	13Xs	—
56	GPIO[4]/CPCIN/TPHPWRCTRL/DMAREQ	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
57	STRB[0]	O	—	1XC	—
58	STRB[1]	O	—	1XC	—
59	STRB[2]	O	—	1XC	—
60	STRB[3]	O	—	1XC	—
61	PLAT	O	—	3XC	—
62	PDAT	O	—	2XC	—
63	PCLK/DMAACK	O	—	3XC	—

SCE214 (IC11) Terminal descriptions

Pin No.	Pin List	I/O	Input Type	Output Type	Pin Description
64	VDD	—	—	—	Digital Power
65	GPIO[11]/BE/SERINP/SR4IN	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
66	GPIO[19]/RDY/SEROUT	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
67	START	O	—	2XC	—
68	CLK1n/GPO[25]	O	—	13Xs	—
69	CLK2/GPO[24]	O	—	13Xs	—
70	GND	—	—	—	IA GND
71	MCLK	ID	—	—	Main Clock from DSP
72	CTRLI	ID	d	—	Control Data from DSP
73	TESTC	ID	d	—	IA Test
74	SOUT	OD	—	T	Serial Data to DSP
75	SIN	ID	d	—	Serial Data to DSP
76	FSYNC	I/OD	d	—	Frame Sync Signal (IA)
77	POR	IA	d	—	Hardware Reset
78	GND	—	—	—	IA GND
79	LINE_INP	IA	—	—	Analog Input to Line Pre-Amp.
80	MIC_INP	IA	—	—	Positive differential Analog Input to Microphone Pre-Amp.
81	MIC_INM	IA	—	—	Negative differential Analog Input to Microphone Pre-Amp.
82	MIC_BIAS	OA	—	—	2.2 V Nominal DC Bias Source for Electret Microphone
83	BG	OA	—	—	Analog reference Voltage Output
84	VC	OA	—	—	Analog Ground Bias Output
85	AVDD	PWR	—	—	IA Analog Power
86	GND	—	—	—	IA GND
87	LINE_OUTP	OA	—	—	Line Driver Output
88	SPKR_OUTP	OA	—	—	Positive Speaker Driver Output
89	SPKR_OUTM	OA	—	—	Negative Speaker Driver Output
90	DVDD	PWD	—	—	IA Digital Power
91	MODE_0	ID	u	—	Connect to VSS (IA Mode Selection)
92	ICLK	I/OD	—	—	IA Bit Clock Input/Output
93	VSS	—	—	—	VSS Digital GND
94	FCSn[1]/VIDCTL[0]/GPO[23]	O	—	13Xs	—
95	IARESET	O	—	13Xs	DSP to EXTIA POR
96	IACLK	O	—	13Xs	DSP to EXTIA MCLK
97	VDD	—	—	—	Digital Power
98	IA1CLK	I	H	—	DSP from EXTIA ICLK
99	SR3IN/DSPIRQn	I	H	—	DSP from primary EXTIA SOUT/EXT. Modem IRQn
100	SR4OUT	O	—	13Xs	DSP to primary EXTIA SIN
101	SR1IO	O	—	13Xs	DSP to EXTIA CTRL1
102	SA1CLK	I	H	—	DSP from EXTIA FSYNC
103	GPIO[7]/SSRXD2/SASRXD2	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
104	GPIO[6]/SSTXD2/SASTXD2	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
105	GPIO[5]/SSCLK2/SASCLK2	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
106	GPIO[10]/SSSTAT2/DSS_AVAIL	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
107	VSS	—	—	—	Digital GND
108	RESETn	I/O	Hu	2XC	—
109	GPIO[3]/SASCLK	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
110	GPIO[2]/SASRXD	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
111	GPIO[1]/SASTXD	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
112	GPIO[9]/FRDn	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
113	GPIO[8]/FWRn	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
114	A[0]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
115	A[1]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
116	A[2]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
117	A[3]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
118	A[4]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
119	VDD	—	—	—	Digital power
120	A[5]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
121	A[6]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
122	A[7]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
123	A[8]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
124	A[9]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
125	A[10]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
126	A[11]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus

SCE214 (IC11) Terminal descriptions

Pin No.	Pin List	I/O	Input Type	Output Type	Pin Description
127	A[12]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
128	A[13]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
129	A[14]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
130	A[15]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
131	A[16]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
132	VDD	—	—	—	Digital Power
133	VSS	—	—	—	Digital GND
134	A[17]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
135	A[18]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
136	A[19]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
137	A[20]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
138	A[21]/EYECLK	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
139	A[22]/EYESYNC	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
140	A[23]/EYEXY	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Address Bus
141	D[0]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Data Bus
142	D[1]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Data Bus
143	D[2]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Data Bus
144	D[3]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Data Bus
145	D[4]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Data Bus
146	D[5]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Data Bus
147	D[6]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Data Bus
148	D[7]	I/O	Tu	13Xs	CPU Data Bus
149	GPIO[20]/ALTTONE	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
150	GPIO[26]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
151	GPIO[27]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
152	GPIO[28]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
153	GPO[26]	O	—	13Xs	—
154	GPO[27]	O	—	13Xs	—
155	GPO[28]	O	—	13Xs	—
156	GPO[29]	O	—	13Xs	—
157	GPO[30]/SR3OUT	O	—	13Xs	—
158	GPIO[29]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
159	GPIO[31]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
160	GPIO[32]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
161	VDD	—	—	—	Digital power
162	GPIO[34]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
163	GPIO[35]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
164	GPIO[36]	I/O	Hu	13Xs	—
165	Vss	—	—	—	Digital GND
166	VDD	—	—	—	Digital Power
167	PM[0]/GPO[0]	O	—	13Xs	—
168	PM[1]/GPO[1]	O	—	13Xs	—
169	PM[2]/GPO[2]	O	—	13Xs	—
170	PM[3]/GPO[3]	O	—	13Xs	—
171	SM[0]/GPO[4]	O	—	13Xs	—
172	SM[1]/GPO[5]	O	—	13Xs	—
173	SM[2]/GPO[6]	O	—	13Xs	—
174	SM[3]/GPO[7]	O	—	13Xs	—
175	REGDMA/GPO[18]/CLKDIV[0]	I/O	T	13Xs	—
176	WAITn/GPO[19]/CLKDIV[1]	I/O	T	13Xs	—

(3) Panel control description

The following controls are performed by the SCE214.

- Operation panel key scanning
- Operation panel LCD display

(4) Signal connection block

- Main control block diagram

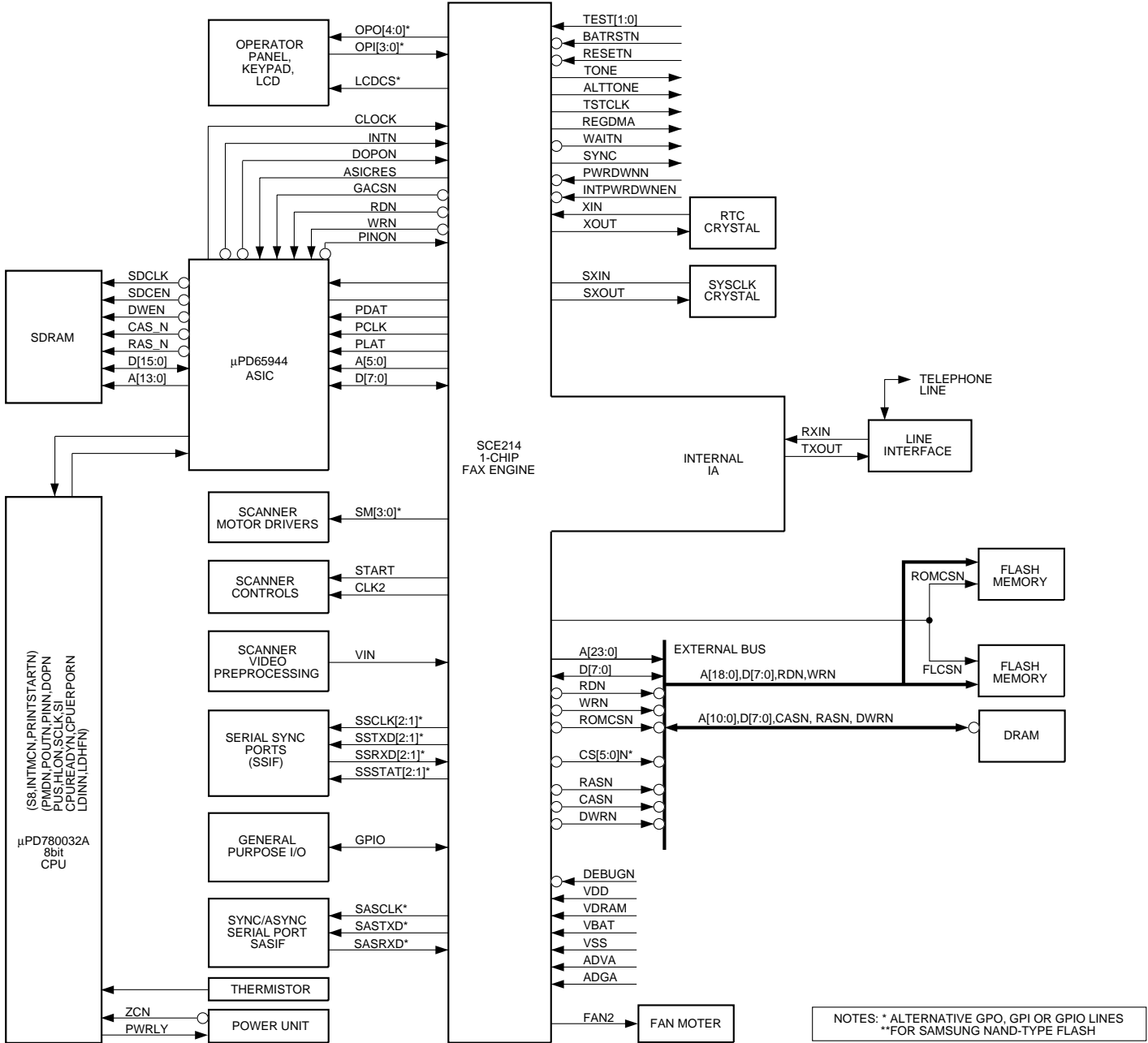


Fig. 3

- Mechanism/Recording control block

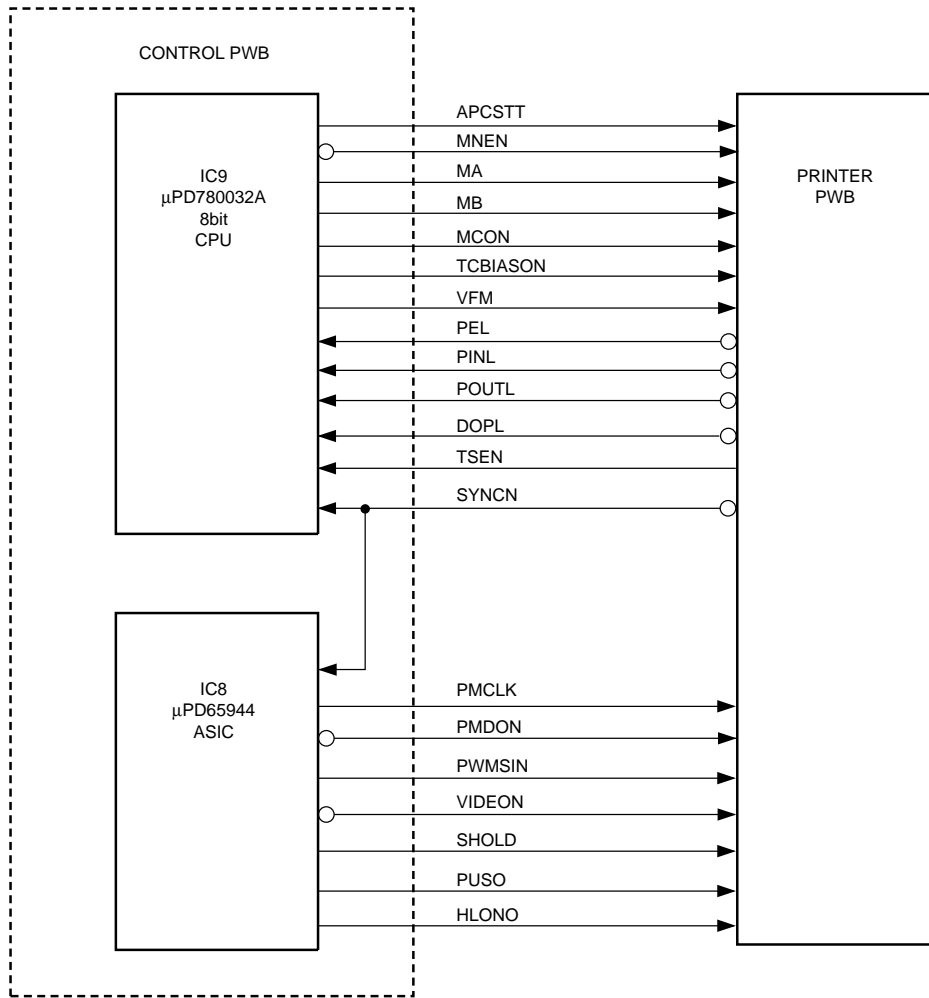


Fig. 4

(5) Modem block (CX20438)

Integrated Analog Control Registers for CX20438

The CX20438 IA can be used as a Primary Integrated Analog (PIA) codec or as a Secondary Integrated Analog (SIA) codec, depending on the signal connection with the SCE Controller ASIC device. In the SCE100 product, both the PIA and the SIA are packaged external to the SCE Controller device, whereas in the SCE209, the PIA is packaged with the SCE209 Controller and the SIA is external.

The CX20438 IA provides gain, filtering, internal analog switching, and an internally sourced microphone bias output. The IA is controlled by three control registers and an address register located in internal RAM space which are accessed via the modem interface memory. These registers provide individual controls for the IA's inputs, outputs, gain settings, and switching.

The registers are located in internal DSP RAM. Each bit of each 8-bit IA control register has exactly the same meaning for the PIA and the SIA. The LSB of each 16-bit address contents is used to control the PIA. The MSB of each 16-bit address contents is used to control the SIA.

The following table the PIA/SIA control register RAM access code.

Register	SBRAMx	BRx	Crx	IOx	AREXx	ADDx	PIA Reg*	SIA Reg*
IACR1	0	0	0	0	0	D0	0	1
IACR2	0	0	0	0	0	D4	0	1
IACR3	0	0	0	0	0	D5	0	1
IAADD	0	0	0	0	0	CE	0, 1	0, 1

NOTES: *Registers to use when x=1. When x=2, add 10h.

- For changes made to IACR1 to be effective, the host must write to IAADD with a value of 0002h.
- For changes made to IACR2 to be effective, the host must write to IAADD with a value of 0006h.
- For changes made to IACR3 to be effective, the host must write to IAADD with a value of 0007h.

Configuration default values are shown below.

CONFIGURATION	DEFAULT VALUE		
	IACR1	IACR2	IACR3
V.17/V.33	1D9Eh	0008h	0000h
V.29	1D9Eh	0008h	0000h
V.27ter	1D9Eh	0008h	0000h
V.21 Ch. 2	1D9Eh	0008h	0000h
V.23/Caller ID	1D9Eh	0008h	0000h
Tone Transmit/Detect	1D9Eh	0008h	0000h
Voice/Audio Codec	0D16h	0008h	0000h
Speakerphone	0D16h	0008h	0000h

The following signal flow block diagram is for a signal IA and it applies to both PIA and SIA.

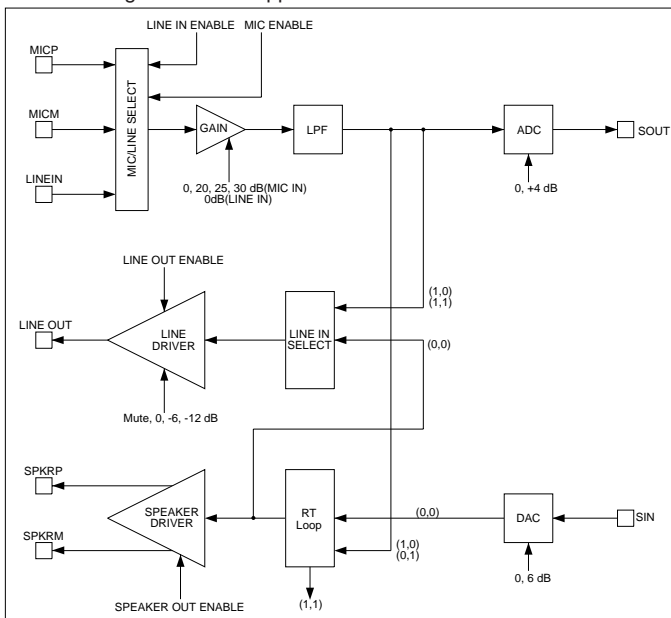


Fig. 5 PIA/SIA Signal Flow Control

(6) IC8 (μPD65944) Hardware description

1) ASIC Functional Description

- Serial data reception from FaxEngine
- FaxEngine external bus connection
- Print data smoothing
- Resolution change and image scaling (50% to 200%)
 Horizontal scanning 203.2dpi -> 406.4dpi
 Vertical scanning 97.79dpi (Standard)/195.58dpi (Fine)/391.16dpi (SuperFine) -> 391.16dpi
- Centering in horizontal scanning direction
- Buffer memory, page buffer control (SDRAM) and memory access control
- Compatible with multiple copying (repeat printing)
- Laser control, video signal output control
- Polygon motor/main charge drive waveform generation
- Pickup solenoid and heater lamp driven hardware protection
- Serial interface between microcomputer for engine control and μPD780032A (PrinterEngine)

2) Print Data Conversion Process

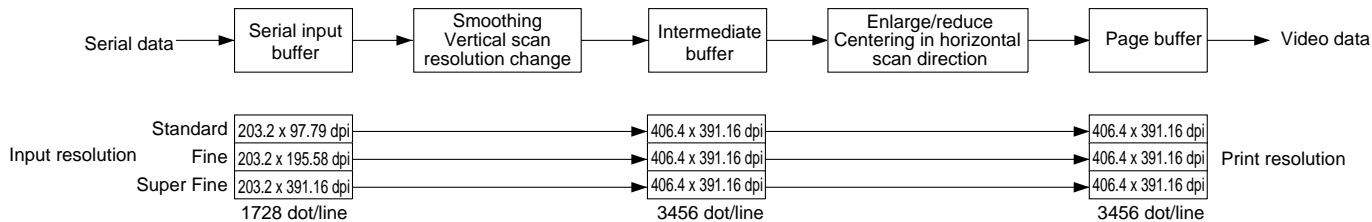


Fig. 6 Print Data Conversion Process

3) ASIC Constitution

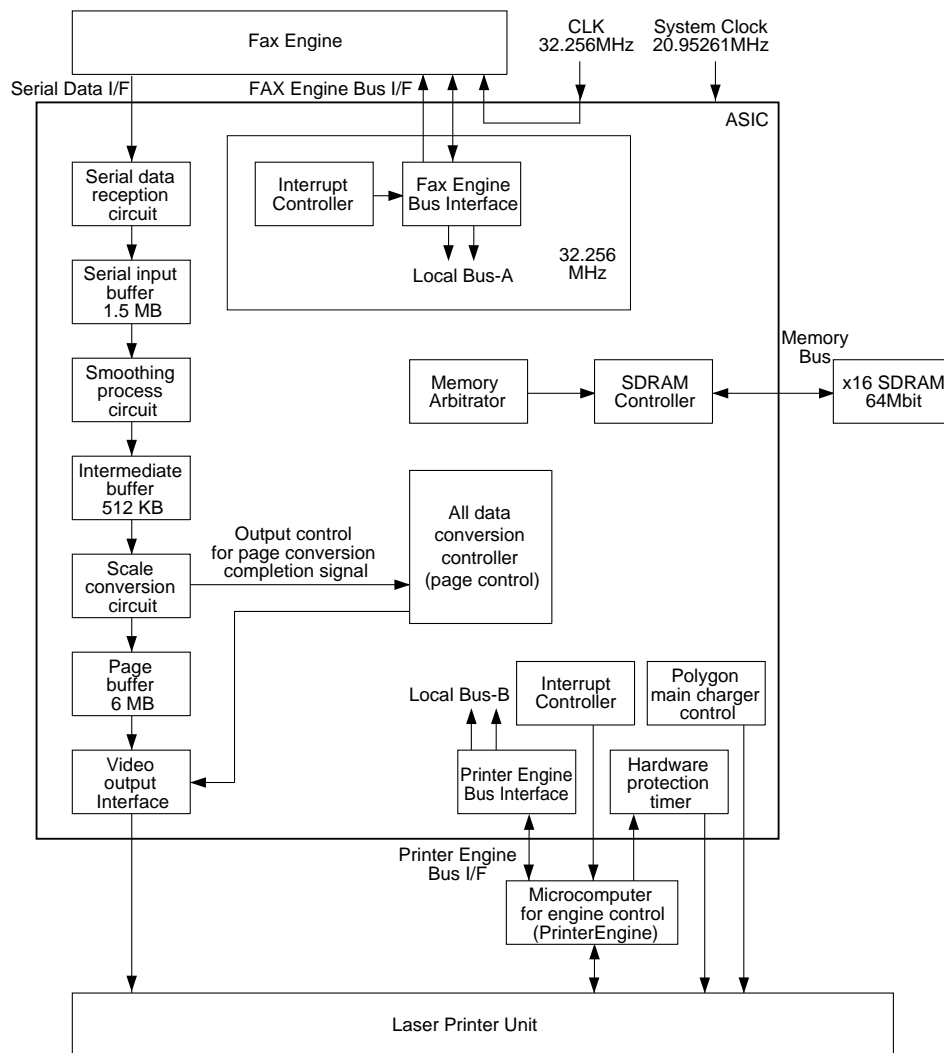


Fig. 7 ASIC Constitution

(7) IC9 (μ PD780032A) Hardware description**1) Features**

- Internal memory

Item	Program memory (ROM/ Flash memory)	Data memory (Fast RAM)
Product Name		
μ PD780032A	16Kbyte	512byte

- External memory extension space: 64 KB
- Changeable minimum instruction execution time from high speed (0.24 μ s: with 8.38 MHz main system clock) to super low speed (122 μ s: with 32.768 kHz sub system clock)
- Command set for system control
 - Bit processing in entire address space
 - Built-in command for multiplication/division
- I/O port: 51 pins (N-ch open drain: 4 pins)
- 10 bit resolution A/D converter: 8 channels (μ PD780034A sub series only)
- Serial interface: 3 channels
 - 3-wire Serial I/O mode: 2 channels
 - UART mode: 1 channel
- Timer: 5 channels
 - 16 bit timer/ event counter: 1 channel
 - 8 bit timer/ event counter: 2 channels
 - Clock timer: 1 channel
 - Watchdog timer: 1 channel
- Interrupt vector: 20
- 2 clock oscillation circuits (main system clock and sub system clock)
- Power supply voltage: V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V

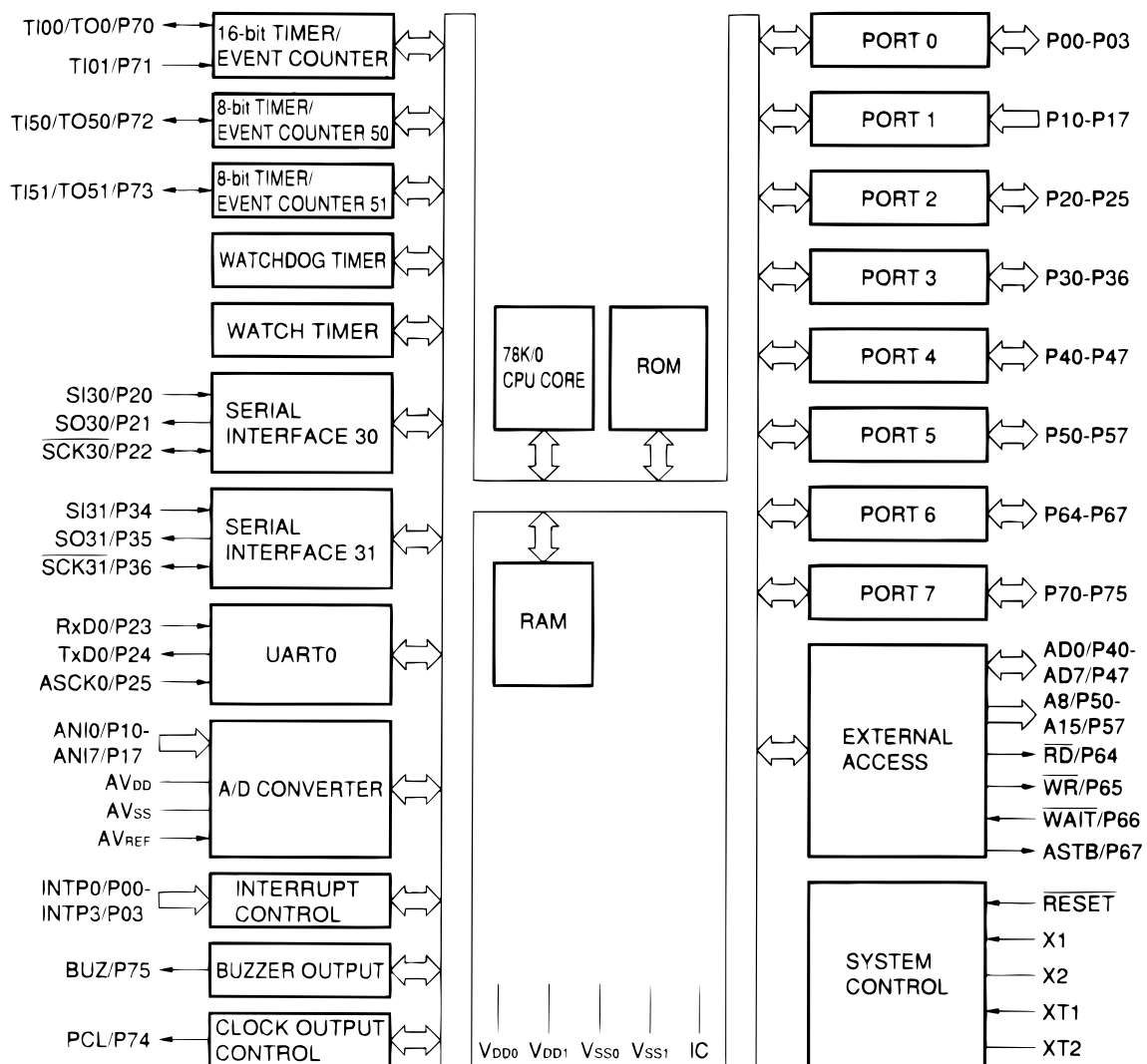
2) Block diagram

Fig. 8 Block Diagram

[3] Circuit description of printer PWB (PCU)

The CPU and ASIC control printing.

1) Block diagram

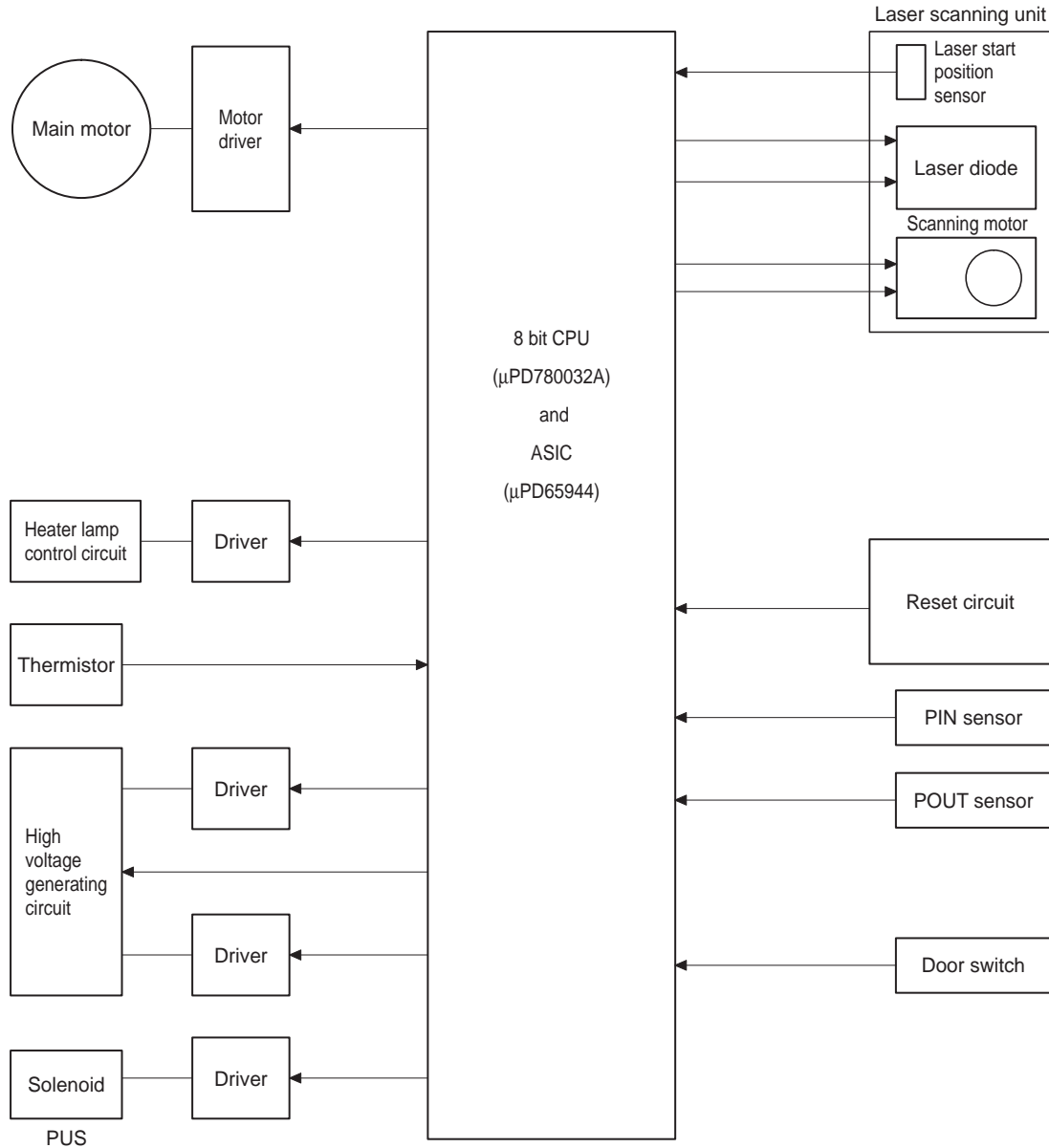


Fig. 9

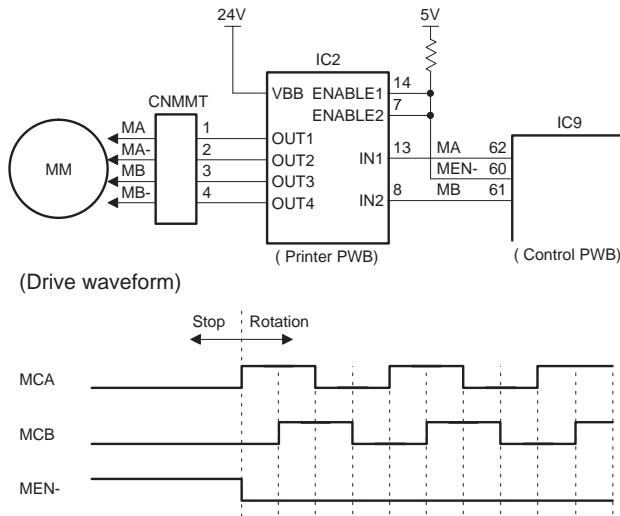
The PCU controls the following functions and items:

- 1 Rotation of the main motor (pulse motor)
- 2 High voltage output
- 3 Fusing temperature
- 4 Optical system (polygon motor/ laser APC circuit start)
- 5 Temperature correction of fusing temperature and high voltage output

2) Unit control

a. Main motor drive circuit

This machine uses the 4-phase pulse motor, and is driven by the following pulses and the circuit



(Drive waveform)

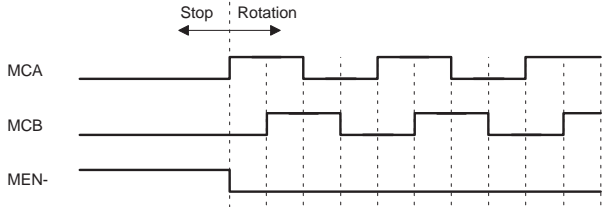


Fig. 10

b. Paper feed controller

Basically, the feed roller is rotated 1.5 times. If interval between PUS and PIN is within 0.5 sec., it is rotated 1 time.

The procedure of clutch control

- 1 Timer is cleared by PUS ON according to clutch control demand.
- 2 PUS OFF 100 ms after PUS ON
- 3 PUS ON again 450 ms after the procedure 1 above.
- 4 If paper is remained in PIN 500 ms after the procedure 1, the third PUS ON is stopped.
- 5 PUS OFF 1.25s after the procedure 1. Clutch control demand OFF if additional control is cancelled.
- 6 PUS ON again 1.534s after the procedure 1.
- 7 Clutch control demand OFF 3.366s after the procedure1.

If the paper is not fed normally and the paper in detector signal (PIN_) is not outputted even with the above operation, the PCU judges it as a paper jam display is made.

The paper in detector signal (PIN_) is used for the top margin control signal in addition to jam detection.

The diagram below shows timings of clutch operation.

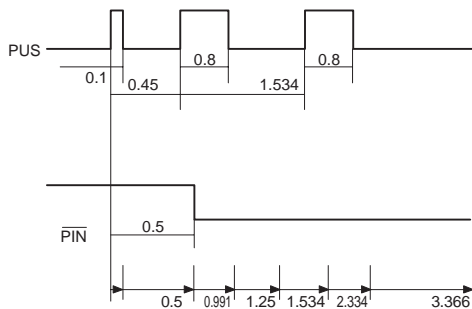


Fig. 11

c. Electrical connection

In the paper feed and transportation system, drive parts and sensors are connected as shown in the figure below.

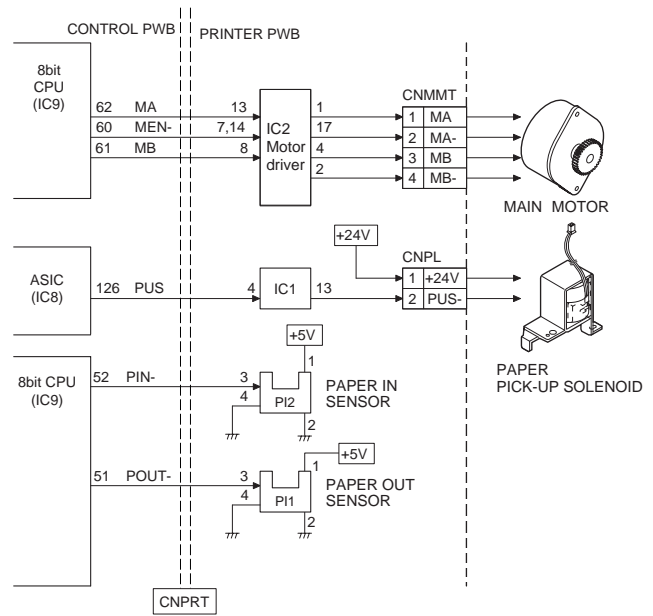


Fig. 12

- The main motor, which is the drive source for the paper feed and transportation system, is a 4-phase stepping motor in 2-phase excitement bipolar system, The step angle is 7.5°.
- The pick-up solenoid operates on 24V to turn on/off paper feed.
- There are following kinds of sensors.

Paper in sensor: (Transmission photo transistor):

This sensor is used to detect the paper feed timing of the next paper (in prefeed) and to make synchronization between paper transport and image forming on the drum. This sensor is also used to detect paper jams.

Paper out sensor: (Transmission photo transistor):

This sensor senses paper exit, and paper jam.

d. High voltage unit control

The high voltage unit outputs the following voltages:

- Main charger voltage (DC-950V + AC600V peak to peak)
- Transfer charger voltage (DC+2100V + AC600V peak to peak)
- Developing bias voltage (DC-390V)

The following signals are outputted from the CPU (ASIC) to control the above voltages.

• MCON

This signal is to turn on/off the main charger.

When this signal is outputted, Q7 is driven to the high impedance state. Then Q9 conducts to drive transformer T2.

As a result, the main charger voltage is outputted to the secondary side of the transformer.

• TC/BIASON

This signal is to turn on/off the transfer charger and the developing bias voltage.

When this signal is outputted, Q3 is driven to the high impedance state. former.

• PWMSIN

This signal is to control the main charger voltage and the transfer charger voltage. The PWM pulse of 288.76Hz is outputted.

This pulse waveform adds the AC component to the main charger voltage and the transfer charger voltage.

By changing the pulse duty of this signal, the main charger voltage and the transfer charger voltage are controlled (during temperature correction operation).

When the pulse duty of this signal is changed, the collector currents of Q4 and Q8 are changed. Therefore, the base current of Q9 and the drive current of transformer T2 are changed to change the main charger voltage and the transfer charger voltage.

R29, R31, C19, and C20 from a filter circuit which dulls the waveform of PWMSIN signal.

e. Electrical connection

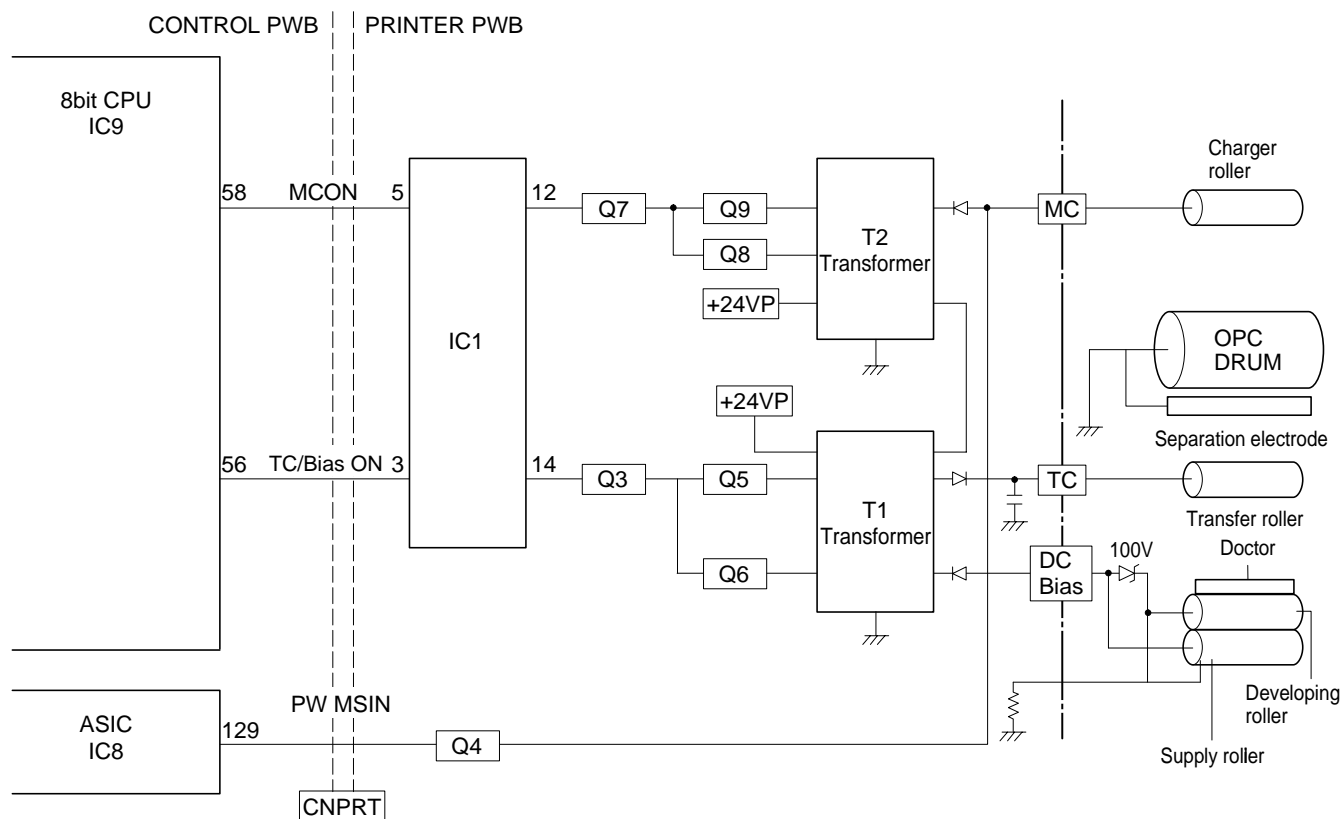


Fig. 13

f. Laser scanning unit

This unit controls the laser beam power and laser beam scanning.

The control is performed with the signals inputted outputted to or from the CPU and ASIC.

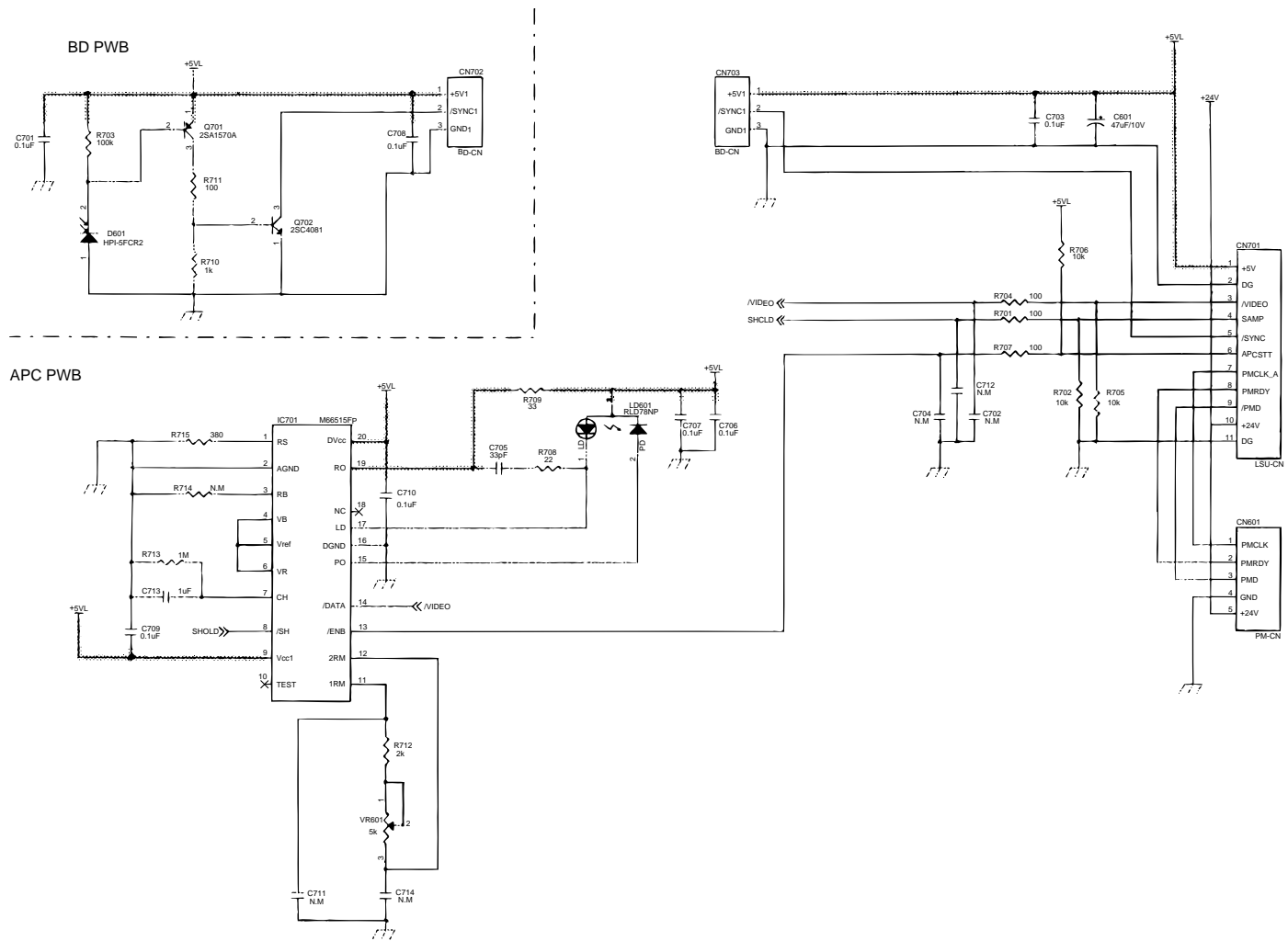


Fig. 14

1) Signal functions

PMCLK

Clock signal for driving the scanning motor. (770Hz)

PMD

Scanning motor ON/OFF signal.

APCSTT

Used to start the laser beam generation circuit.

SYNC

This signal is outputted when the laser beam scanned by the laser beam sensor signal is sensed by sensor (Photo diode D601).

Used for the left margin control.

VIDEO

This signal is used to control the laser diode emitting.

Not only when the laser beam is emitted to perform the LEND process, but also when the laser beam is emitted as image data, ASIC controls and the signal is outputted from video terminal.

2) Laser beam power control

The laser beam power is controlled in the laser emitting unit PWB.

This circuit functions to keep the laser beam output power at a constant level.

The laser beam output is monitored with photo diode LD601 for monitor. When the laser beam output rises above the specified value, the impedance of photo diode LD601 is decreased to decrease the monitor input (3PIN) voltage of the laser diode control IC (IC701).

Then the laser diode (LTO28GS) drive voltage is decreased to decrease the laser beam output to the specified level.

When the laser beam output is decreased below the specified level, the contrary operation are performed.

3) Starting operation

Warm-up operation of laser scanning is described below.

The operation is made when the cover is closed from the open state, and is made before starting printing.

The PMCLK signal is the clock signal for scanner motor speed control. It is rectangular waveform of 770Hz.

- 1 The PMD_signal is to turn on/off the scanner motor. When this signal is outputted, the scanner motor is operated.
- 2 After 2 sec of starting the scanner motor, the laser power control signal APCSTT and the laser diode ON signal VIDEO (LEND) are outputted to output laser beams.
- 3 After 0.5sec from outputting the VIDEO (LEND) signal and turning on the laser diode, the LEND process operation is started.

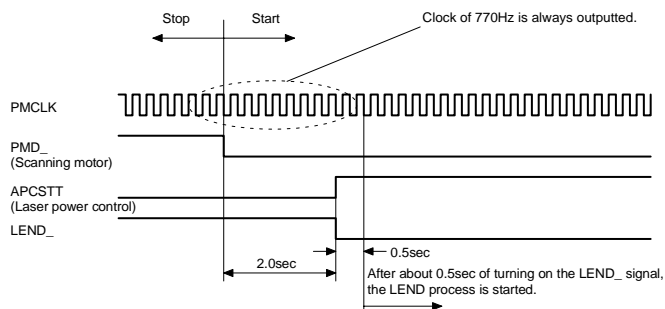


Fig. 15

4) LEND process operation

The LEND process operation means outputting the HSYNC (HSYNC_) signal for left margin control.

To control the left margin, the scanning position of the scanning mirror on the virtual area of the left side out of the margin must be precisely detected when the scanning motor reaches the stable rpm. Therefore, the dummy laser beam must be outputted to detect the position.

The laser beam scanning position is detected by the laser beam sensor, and the SYNC signal is outputted.

The dummy laser beam is outputted for every scanning of one line only when the scanning position of the scanning mirror is outside the left area of virtual paper. (The laser is forcibly turned on by the PCU when the laser beam scanned by the scanning mirror come in front of the laser beam sensor (left margin reference).)

Note: The laser beam is not outputted continuously during printing operation of one paper. It repeated ON and OFF for every scanning of one line.

The laser beam is outputted only when the LEND process for controlling the print left margin is made and when the print image is drawn on the photoconductor.

• Laser control signal

LEND signal is controlled based on HSYNC signal.

For simultaneous APC control, SAMP signal is also controlled.

These timings are made by ASIC. The line-end-off section is set by the register.

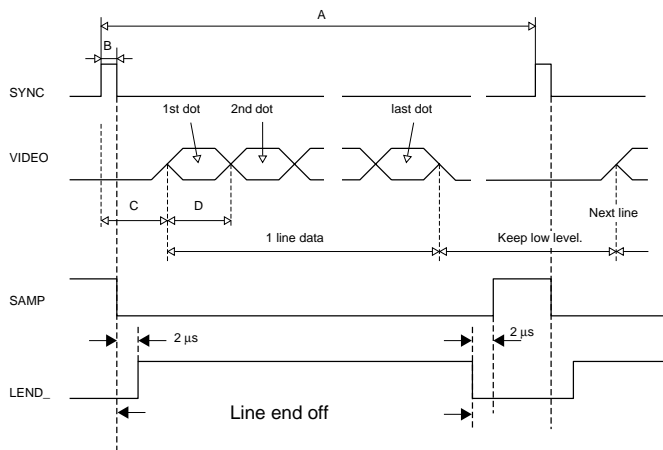


Fig. 16

- 1 When the LEND_ signal is on, the dummy laser beam is outputted, and the scanned laser beam is detected by the laser beam sensor to output the SYNC signal. When the SYNC signal is outputted, the CPU detects the scanning position.
- 2 At the rising of the SYNC signal, the CPU turns off the LEND_ signal. By this, the dummy laser beam is turned off. When the CPU detects the scanning position with the SYNC signal, the dummy laser beam becomes unnecessary.
- 3 The draw signal Video_ is made from the DDATA_ signal of one line outputted from the ASIC. When it is outputted, the laser beam is turned on off accordingly. This corresponds to the making of latent electrostatic images on the photoconductor drum.
- 4 When making of latent electrostatic images for one line is completed, the CPU turns on the LEND_ signal before the output timing of the SYNC.

Procedures 1~4 are repeated.

Resolution	Time				
	A	B	C	D	Line end off
406.4 x 391.16dpi	1298.7524µH	4.6 ~15.3µSec	(45.971µSec)	(190.907nSec)	510µs

g. Electrical connection

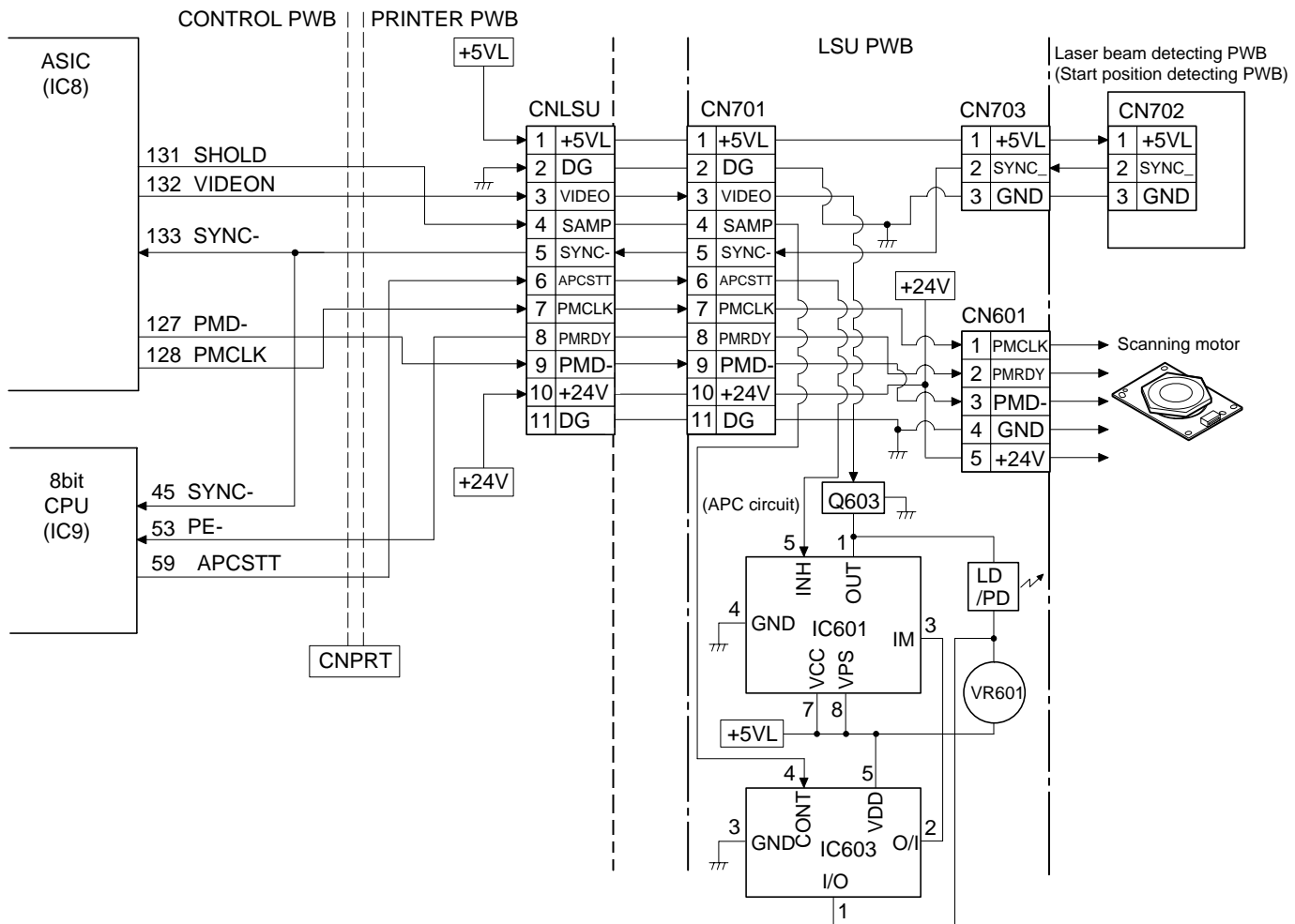


Fig. 17

The laser diode control board is driven in synchronization with the VIDEO signal sent from the CPU board.

By the operation of the laser diode control board, infrared laser beams of 780nm are outputted from the laser diode and made in parallel by the collimator lens, and focused onto the scanning motor by the first cylinder lens.

The scanning mirror rotation is controlled by the scanning motor to be constant at 7700rpm (400dpi), and the laser beam is directed to the main scanning direction.

The scanning motor is of six-surface, and six-line print is made for one rotation of the scanning motor. The laser beam reflected by the scanning mirror is directed to the curved mirror by the first reflection mirror. Before reaching the curved mirror, the laser beam enters the photo sensor on the start position detector board, making vertical synchronization and print data synchronization (generating the SYNC signal).

The curved mirror directs the laser beam to the second reflection mirror in parallel and in even interval regardless of difference in angles of incidence from the first reflection mirror. The laser beam reflected by the second reflection mirror is passed through the second cylinder lens to reach the photoconductor drum.

The second cylinder lens corrects blur of the images caused by variations in the installing angle due to the two-surface scanning mirror, providing stable laser beams to the photoconductor drum for each line.

h. Fusing unit control

The fusing section is heated by the heater lamp (400W). The heater lamp is controlled (turned on/off) to keep the optimum temperature. The following signals are outputted by the ASIC and CPU for control.

1) Signal functions

• HLON

This signal is to turn on/off the heater lamp. When this signal is outputted, photo triac PD101 turns on to turn on triac T2. Then an AC power is supplied to the heater lamp to turn on the heater lamp.

• RTH

This is the output signal of the thermistor which detects the surface temperature of the heat roller. It is inputted to the CPU. The heater lamp is turned on/off depending on the value of RTH voltage.

2) Protect against overheat

Though the heater lamp ON signal (HLON) is normal, if triac PD101 and T2 are kept ON, overheat may result.

To prevent against this, temperature fuses are used.

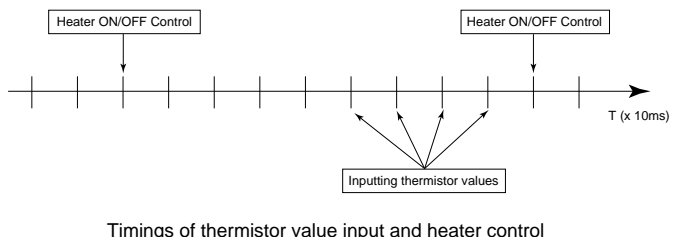
When the fusing roller surface temperature exceeds about 187 degrees C, the temperature fuse blows off to open the 12V power line which drives the power relay RY101, opening the power line for the photo triac PD101 and triac T2. Therefore, the power is not supplied to the heater lamp.

A temperature fuse is also provided in the heater lamp power line. In case of overheating, the heater lamp power line is opened directly.

3) Timing of temperature detection and heater control

As shown by the following timings, four values of software thermistor voltage are input as A/D conversion values. The mean value of two medians among these four is regarded as the newest thermistor value (temperature).

- The value is compared with the temperature (155°C) control value every 100 ms.
- If the value is higher than 155°C, the heater becomes OFF. If lower, the heater becomes ON.
- The heater ON timing is in accordance with the timing of Power Zero Cross interrupt.



Timings of thermistor value input and heater control

Fig. 18

4) Heater control (Temperature control)

Control method

1 Base machine printing (Copy, List, Receiving)

- Temperature control is started when data to be printed are produced (or when slips are to be prepared).
- Temperature is controlled at 155 °C. (Heater OFF over 155 °C. Heater ON below 155 °C.)
- After printing, temperature is not controlled. (Heater is not turned ON.)
- Fan motor starts revolving from the beginning of temperature control and stops 120 seconds after printing is finished.

2 PC printing

- Temperature control is started when PC starts printing.
- Temperature is controlled at 155 °C. (Heater OFF over 155 °C. Heater ON below 155 °C.)

- After printing, temperature is not controlled.
- Fan motor starts revolving from the beginning of temperature control and stops 120 seconds after printing is finished.

Temperature control is not started from the start of printing because the first copying time should be within 28 seconds.

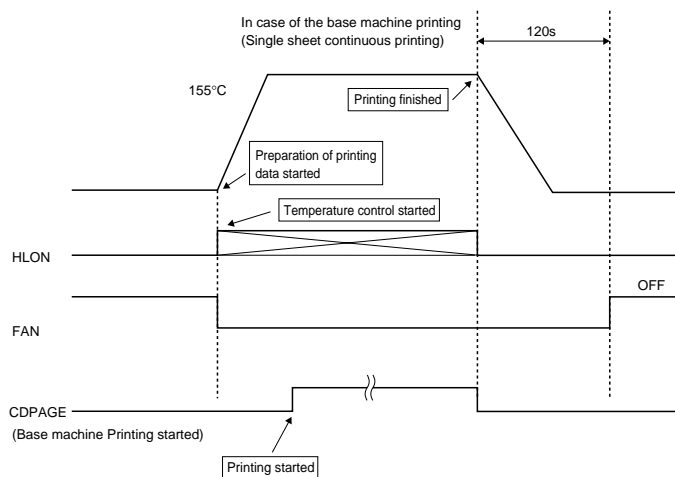
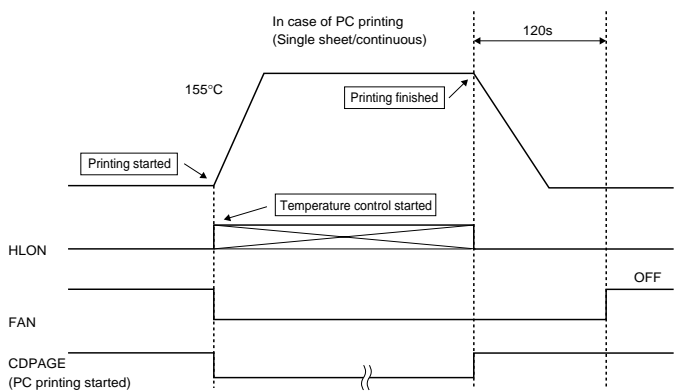


Fig. 19



The Heater ON timing is set during Zero Cross interrupt.

Fig. 20

i. Electrical connection

- Heater lamp: The 400W halogen lamp is used.
 This spring presses the pressure roller with a 690g pressure on one side.
- Thermistor: Thermistor of chip type with good response is used to respond to rapid heating (rapid warm-up of about 8 sec) of the heat roller.
- Temperature fuse 1 (132°C): Temperature fuse 1 is installed to the fusing cover. It blows off when the ambient temperature of the fusing cover rises abnormally (132°C).
- Temperature fuse 2 (187°C): Temperature fuse 2 is in close contact with the heat roller. It blows off when the heat roller temperature rises abnormally high (187°C).

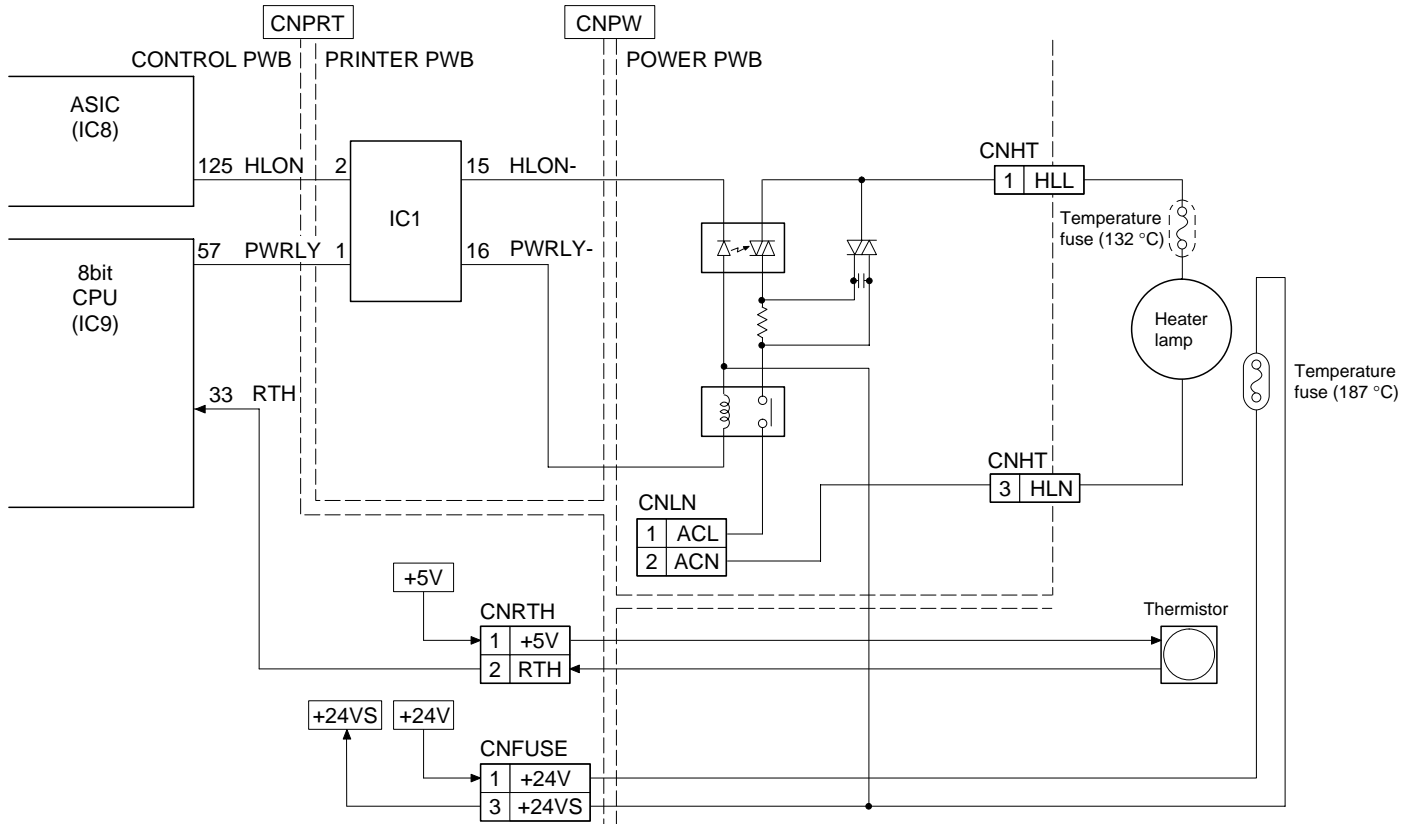


Fig. 21

- The heat roller surface temperature is maintained to the optimum level by controlling ON/OFF of the heater lamp according to the temperature data (voltage) from the thermistor. The heat roller surface temperature is controlled to 155°C. Two temperature fuses are provided to protect the heat machine from an abnormally high temperature in the fusing section. The heater lamp is lighted by the AC power.

j. Timing chart

• Printing process

Pre-revolution processing

Timing from DPAGE (internal signal of ASIC) to BIAS ON (pre-revolution processing) is specified.

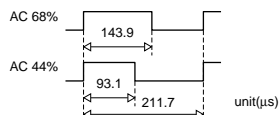
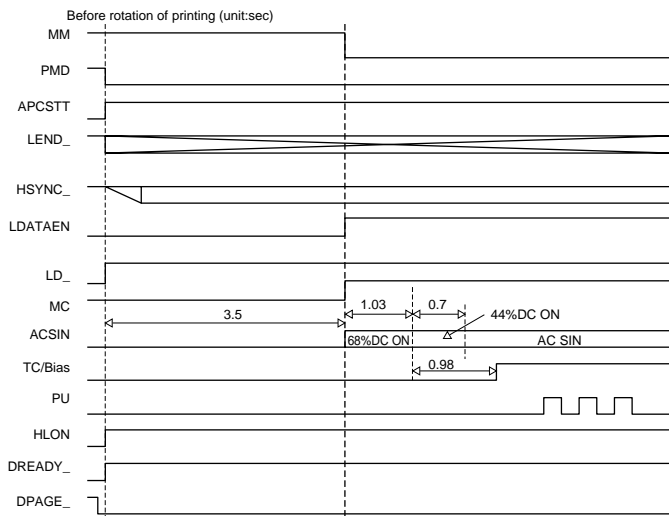


Fig. 22

Laser control becomes hard control from the movement when HSYNC interruption was permitted.

Post-revolution processing

Timings from POUT to motor stop (post-revolution processing for printing) are specified.

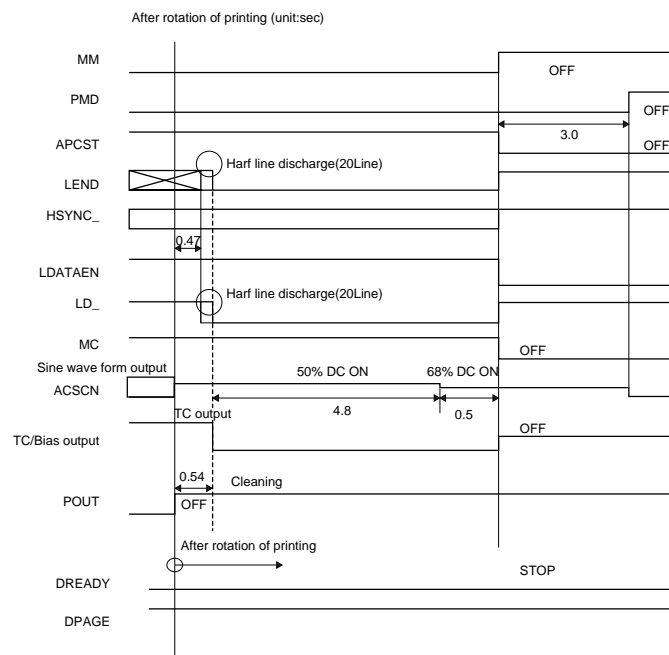


Fig. 23

Continuous printing processing

*1 Waiting according to fixing temperature (Environmental temperature)

*2 Top margin

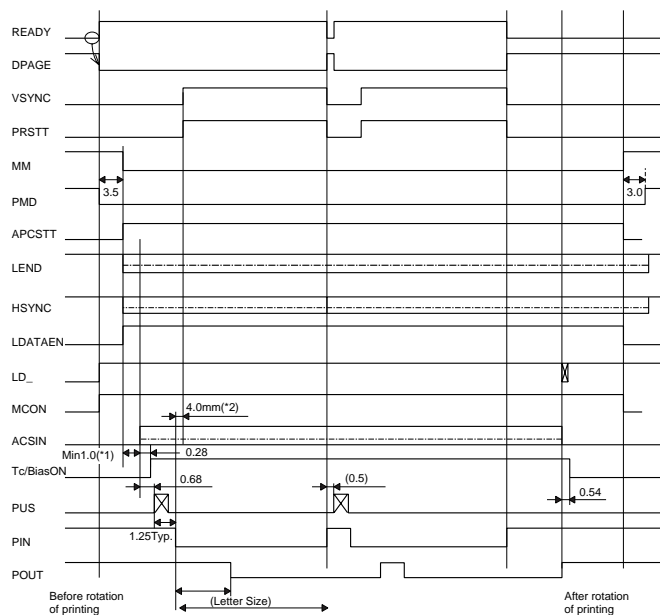


Fig. 24

Revolution before cleaning when power is on and cover is closed

Unit: second

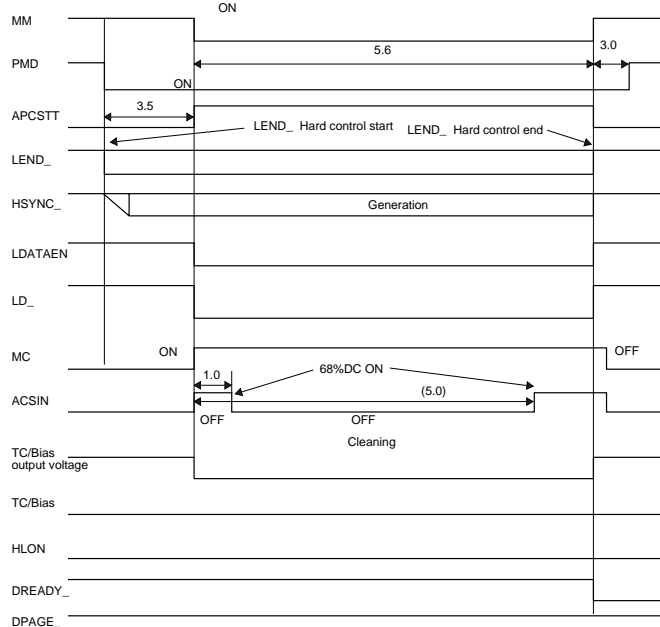


Fig. 25

k. Top margin control

Top margin is set according to the number of lines (the number of HSYNC interrupt) from detail paper Pin On to LASER input.

The interval between Pin On and point D is 52.6747 mm.

The interval between Point D and point B is: 27.33 (C-D) + 8.3769 (B-C) = 35.7069 mm

If top margin is 4 mm,

$$52.6747 - 35.7069 + 4 = 20.9678 \text{ m}$$

In case of the actual software processing, chattering of the sensor is considered to be observed for 9 msec.

The processing speed is 50 mm/sec; while chattering is being observed, paper is fed by 0.45 mm ($9 \times 50/1000 = 0.45 \text{ mm}$).

In order to gain top margin of 4 mm, printing data should be processed after paper is fed by 20.5178 mm ($20.9678 - 0.45 = 20.5178 \text{ mm}$) following PIN On detection.

The base machine resolution in the sub-scanning direction is 391.16 dpi; If the value 20.5178 mm is converted into the number of lines, 315.9 lines are obtained from $391.16 \times 20.5178/25.4$. Accordingly the software set value is considered to be based on 316 lines.

Similarly, considering from the fact that resolution of PC printing is 600 dpi, the number of lines is 484.6 lines ($600 \times 20.5178/25.4=484.6$).

The software set value is based on 485 lines.

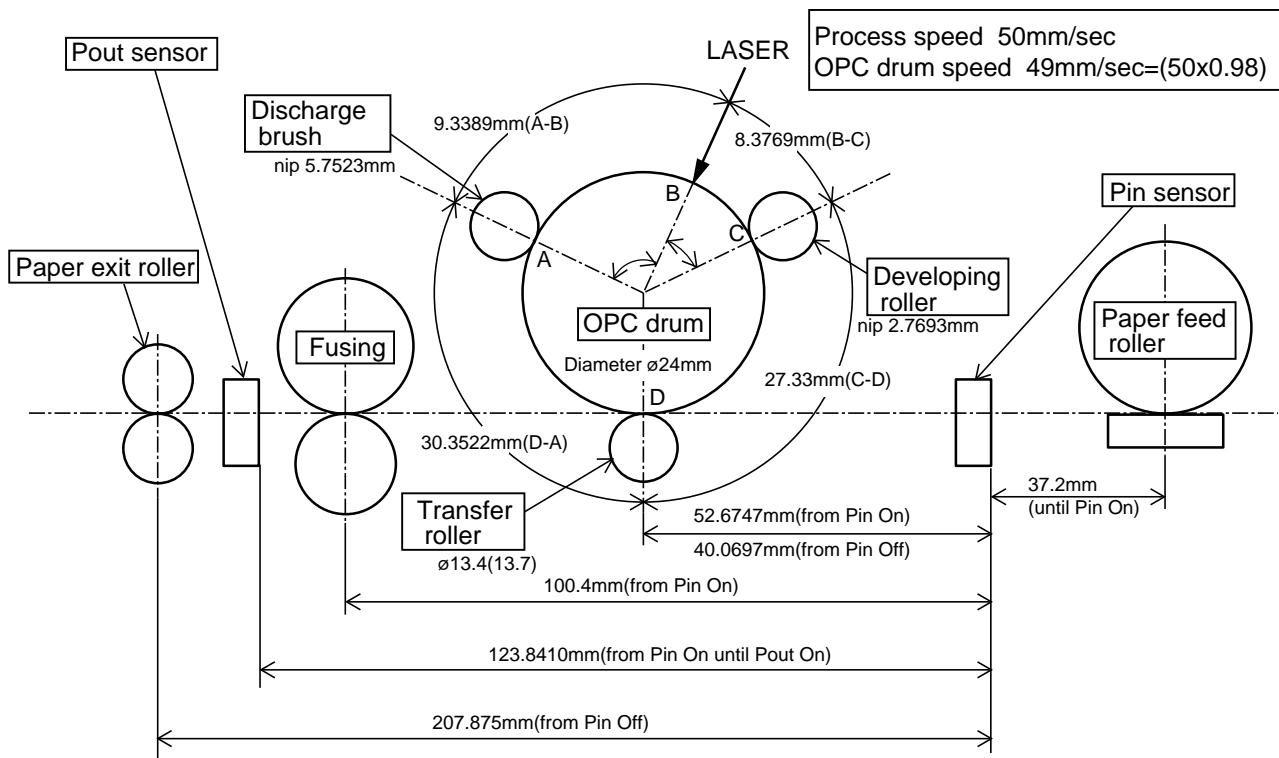


Fig. 26

[4] Circuit description of TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB

1. TEL/LIU block operation description

(1) Block diagram

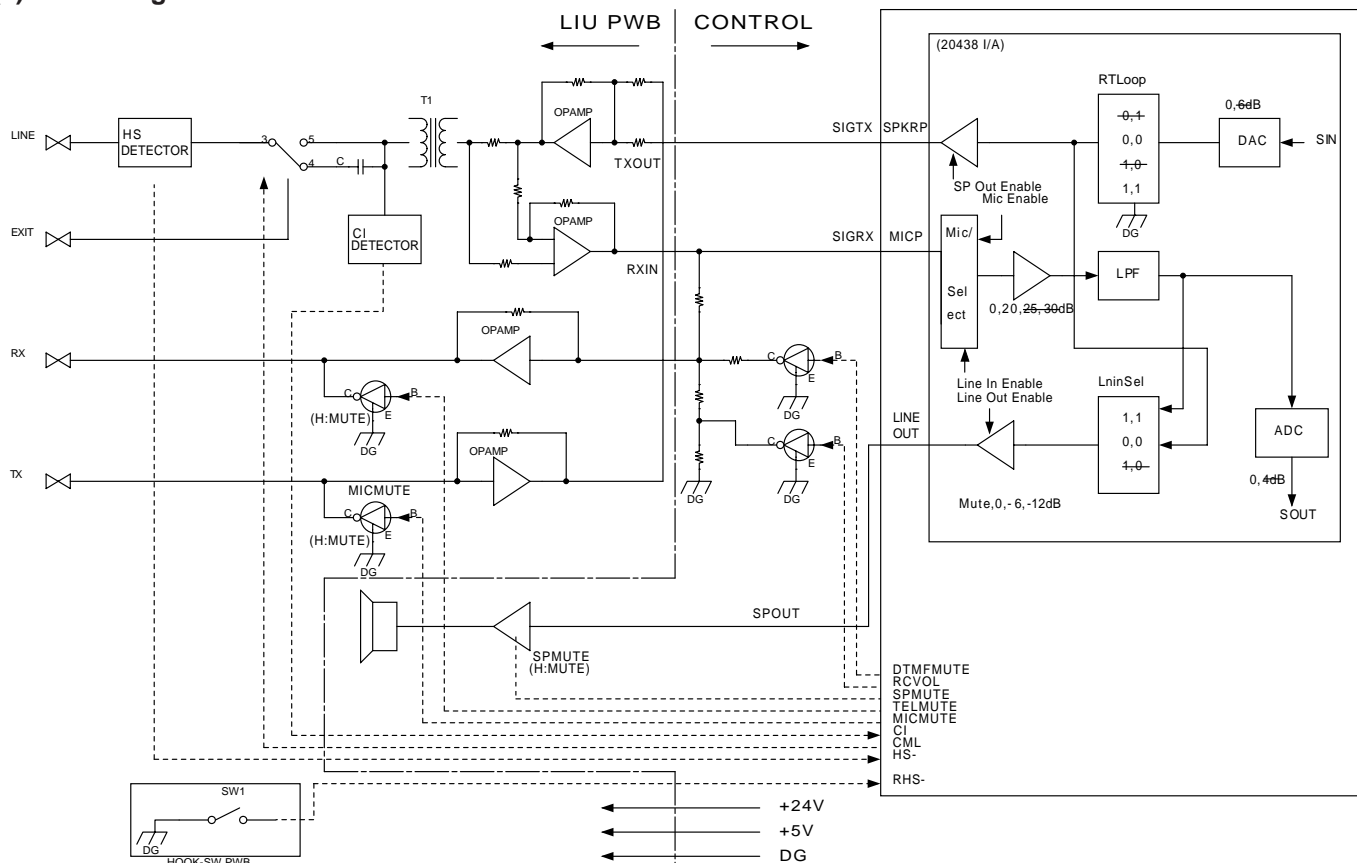


Fig. 27

(2) Circuit description

The TEL/LIU PWB is composed of the following 8 blocks.

1. Surge protection circuit
2. On-hook status detection circuit
3. Dial pulse generation circuit
4. CML relay
5. Matching transformer
6. Signal selection
7. CI detection circuit
8. Power supply and bias circuits

(3) Block description

1) Surge Protection circuit

This circuit protects the circuit from the surge voltage occurring on the telephone line.

- The AR1 protects the circuit from the 390V or higher line surge voltages.
- The AR3 protects the circuit from the 470V or higher vertical surge voltage.

2) On-hook status detection circuit

The on-hook status detection circuit detects the status of the hook switch (\overline{RHS}) of built-in telephone, and the status of the hook of a telephone externally connected.

- The status of on-hook switch (\overline{RHS}) is determined from the logical level of \overline{RHS} signal. (\overline{RHS} is in the hook SW PWB)

\overline{RHS} LOW: ON-HOOK

\overline{RHS} HIGH: OFF-HOOK

- External telephone hook status detection circuit (\overline{HS})

This circuit comprises the photo-coupler PC1, resistors R7 and R8, Zener diodes ZD3 and ZD4.

When an external telephone is connected and enters the on-hook mode, the LED of photo-coupler PC1 emits light and the light receiving element turns on.

\overline{HS} LOW: EXT. TEL OFF-HOOK

\overline{HS} HIGH: EXT. TEL ON-HOOK

3) Dial pulse generation circuit

The pulse dial generation circuit comprises the CML relay.

4) CML relay

The CML relay switches over connection to the matching transformer T1 while the FAX or built-in telephone is being used.

5) Matching transformer

The matching transformer performs electrical insulation from the telephone line and impedance matching for transmitting the TEL/FAX signal.

6) Signal selection

The following signals are used to control the transmission line of TEL/FAX signal. For details, refer to the signal selector matrix table.

[Control signals from output port]

Signal Name	Description
CML	Line connecting relay and DP generating relay H: Line make L: Line break
SP MUTE	Speaker tone mute control signal H: Muting L: Muting cancel
TEL MUTE	Handset receiver mute control signal H: Muting L: Muting cancel
MIC MUTE	Handset transfer mute control signal H: Muting L: Muting cancel
RCVOL DTMFMUTE	Speaker volume control signal

	RCVOL	DPMFMUTE
High	L	L
Middle	L	H
Low & DTMF	H	H

[Signals for status recognition according to input signals]

Signal Name	Function
RHS	H: The handset is in the on-hook state. L: The handset is in the off-hook state.
CI	Incoming call (CI) detection signal.
$\overline{\text{HS}}$	H: The handset or external telephone is in the on-hook state. L: The handset or external telephone is in the off-hook state.

[Other signals]

Signal Name	Function
TEL IN	Receiving signal from line
TEL OUT	Transfer signal from handset
TXOUT	Transmission (DTMF) analog signal output from modem
RXIN	Reception (DTMF, others) analog signal input into modem

No.	Signal Name (CNLIU)	No.	Signal Name (CNLIU)
1	+24V	7	TXOUT
2	DG	8	CML
3	MICMUTE	9	CI
4	TELIN	10	$\overline{\text{HS}}$
5	TELMUTE	11	$\overline{\text{RHS}}$
6	RXIN	12	+5V

No.	Signal Name (CNHS)	No.	Signal Name (CNHS)
1	RHS	2	DG

7) CI detection circuit

The CI detection circuit detects the CI signals of 15.3 Hz to 68 Hz. A CI signal, which is provided to the photo-coupler PC2 through the C7 (0.82 μ F), R6 (22 K), and ZD7 when the ring signal is inputted from the telephone line.

8) Power supply and bias circuits

The voltages of +5V and +24V are supplied from the control PWB unit.

(Example: Fax signal send)

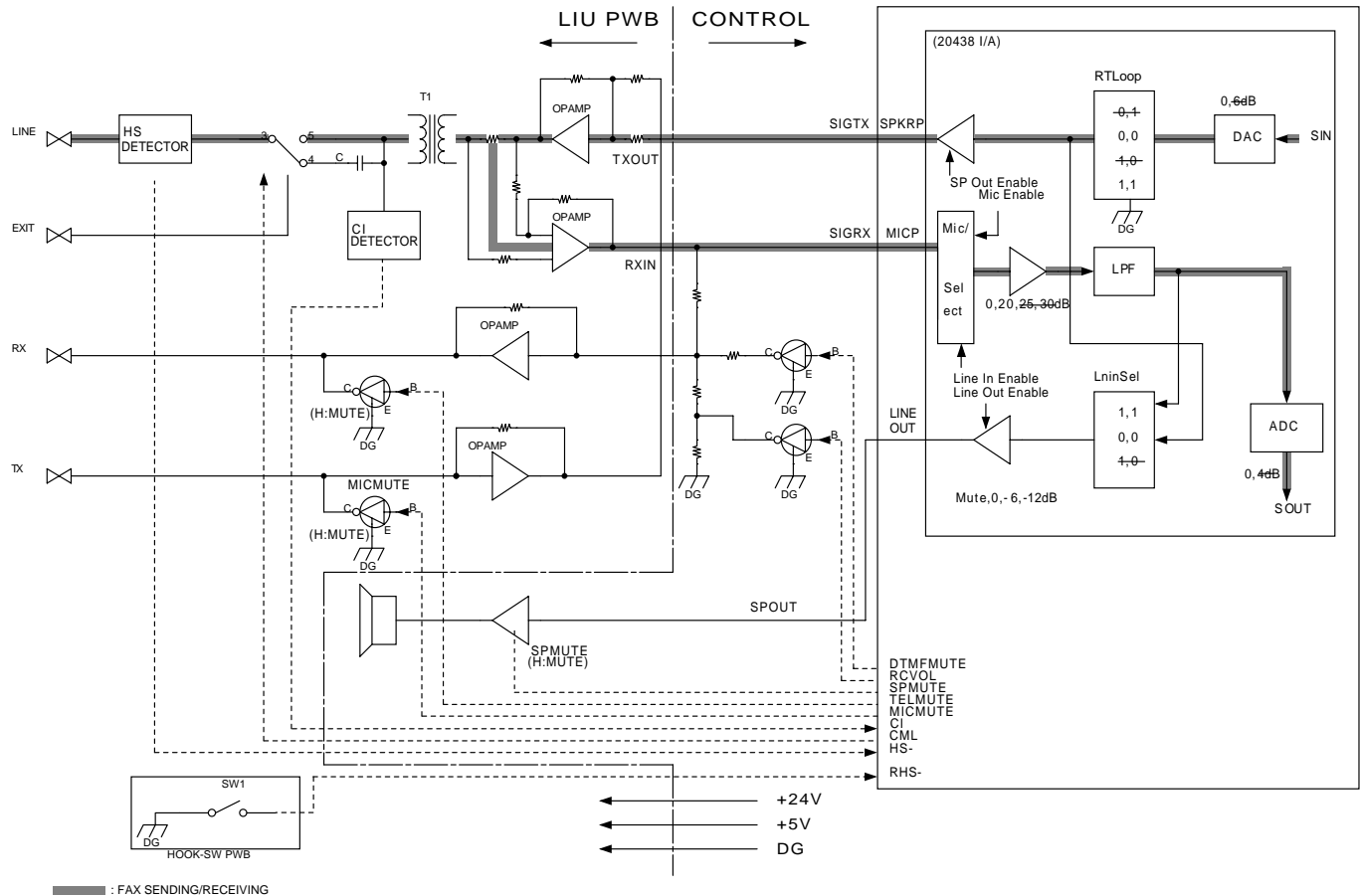


Fig. 28

[5] Circuit description of power supply PWB

This power supply unit has the function to convert the AC120V (50/60Hz) to DC24V, and provide these output to the equipment. The following explains the function of each block. (See Fig. 29)

1. Filter circuit block

This circuit reduces the outgoing noise through the input lines which is generated in the power supply unit and prevents the invasion of the noise from the lines.

(The excessive surge such as thunder is prevented by the varistor (Z1).)

2. Rectification and smoothing circuit block

This circuit rectifies and smoothes AC input and provides the DC voltage to the switching circuit block.

3. Switching circuit block

This circuit converts the DC voltage (provided from the rectification and smoothing circuit block) to the high-frequency pulse voltage by FET (Q1)'s switching (on/off repeat) and provides the energy to the transformer (T1). It discharges the energy (charged during the FET ON time) to the secondary side during the FET OFF time through the secondary windings. The output voltages on the secondary side provided by the energy depend on the ratio of the winding turns (primary : secondary) etc.

4. Control circuit block

This circuit block controls the output voltage by transmitting the detected 24V voltage to the primary control circuit through the photo-coupler (PC1). In case of the over-current, this circuit reduces providing the energy to the transformer. In case of the over-voltage, this circuit reduces providing the energy to the transformer by letting the power-zener (D202 : connected between the 24VH output voltage and GND) into the short mode and letting the over-current protection circuit work.

5. 24 VH output circuit block

This circuit block rectifies and smoothes the high-frequency pulse voltage provided by the transformer, and provides the DC24V output to the equipment. The output voltage is adjusted by the variable resistor (VR101).

6. 24 V output circuit block

This circuit block supplies DC24V output to equipment through a micro-switch (SW101) from 24VH provided by the transformer.

7. +5 V output circuit block

This circuit block rectifies and smoothes the high-frequency pulse voltage provided by the transformer and provides about DC6.5V output to the regulator IC and provides the DC5V output to the equipment.

8. AC output circuit block

This circuit block supplies AC output from AC input to equipment through the optical-isolator (PC2) and the power-relay (RL1) by signals (+24V/HL ON+/PWRLY-).

9. Zero cross circuit block

This circuit block rectifies the AC input, and provides the ZC signal to equipment through the photo-coupler (PC3).

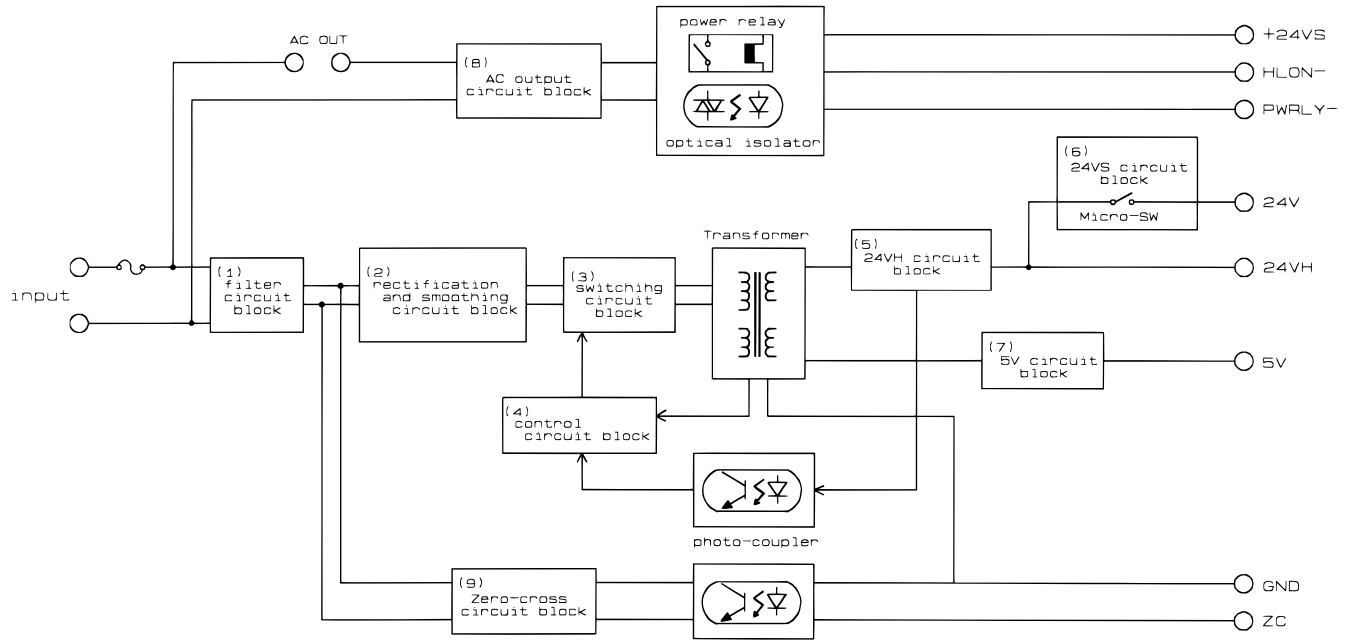


Fig. 29

[6] Circuit description of CIS UNIT

This CIS unit picks up optical information from the document, converts it into an electrical (analog) signal and it to the control PWB.

1. Block diagram

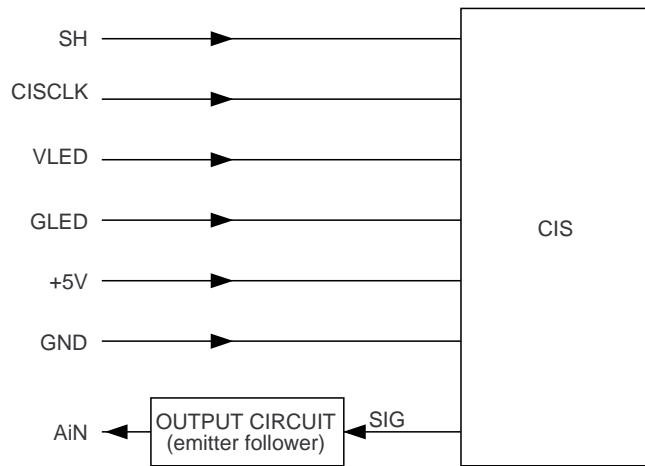


Fig. 30

2. Description of blocks

(1) CIS

The IA2008-MB71B standard type of contact image sensor that consists of 1728 picture elements.

Receiving two drive signal (SI,CLK) from the control PWB, the transferred photoelectric analog signal SIG is impedance converted, and the signal AiN, is supplied to the control PWB.

(2) Waveforms

1. CLK, SI, SIG signals within the control PWB.

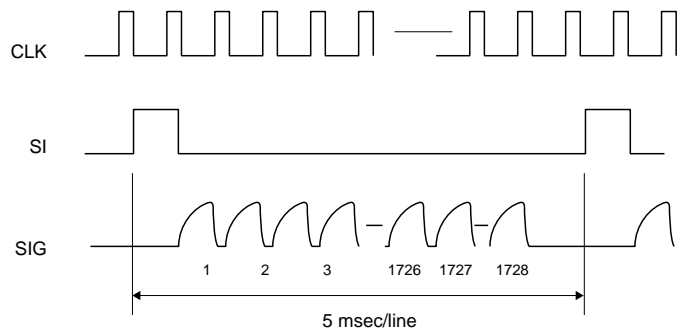
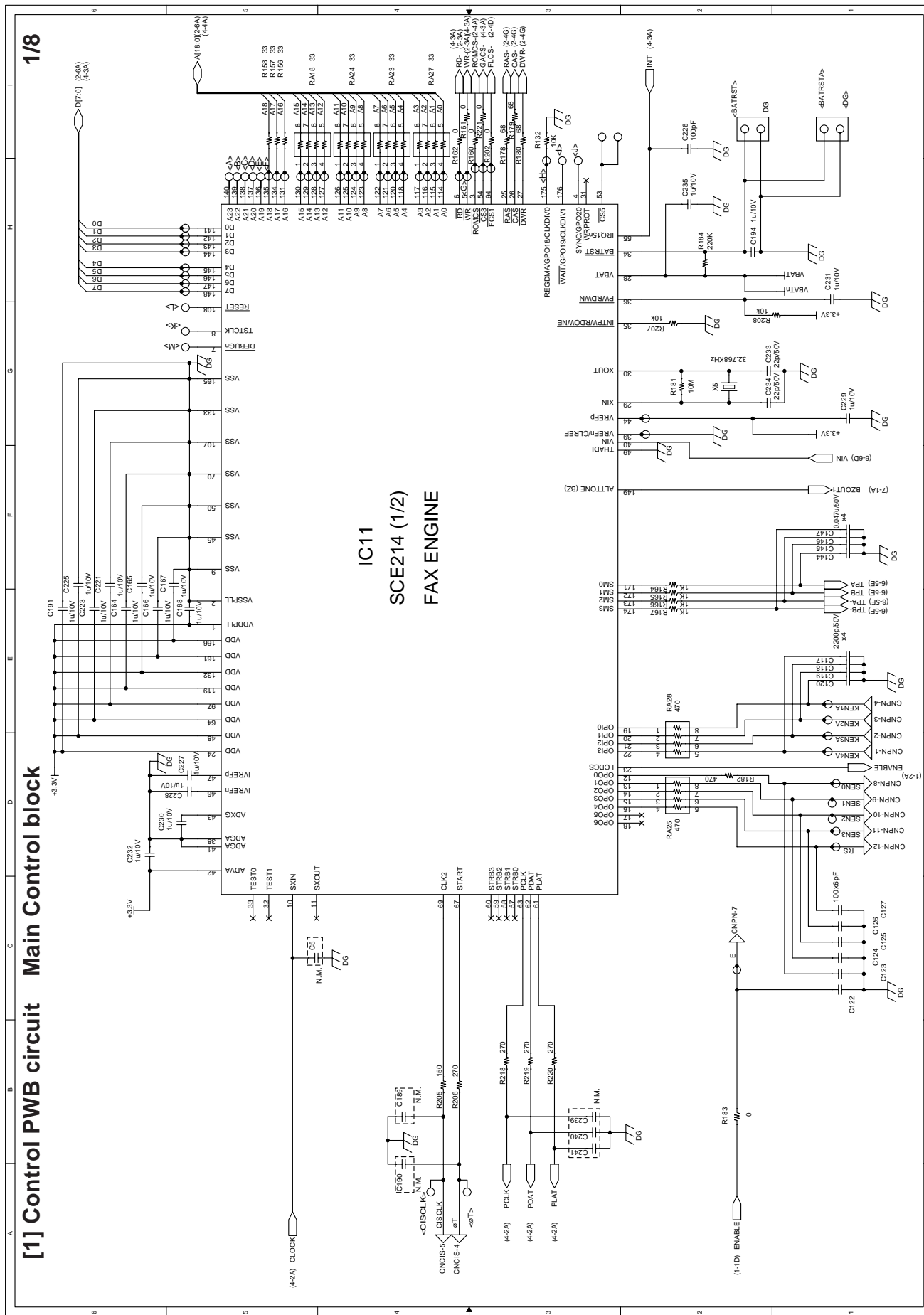


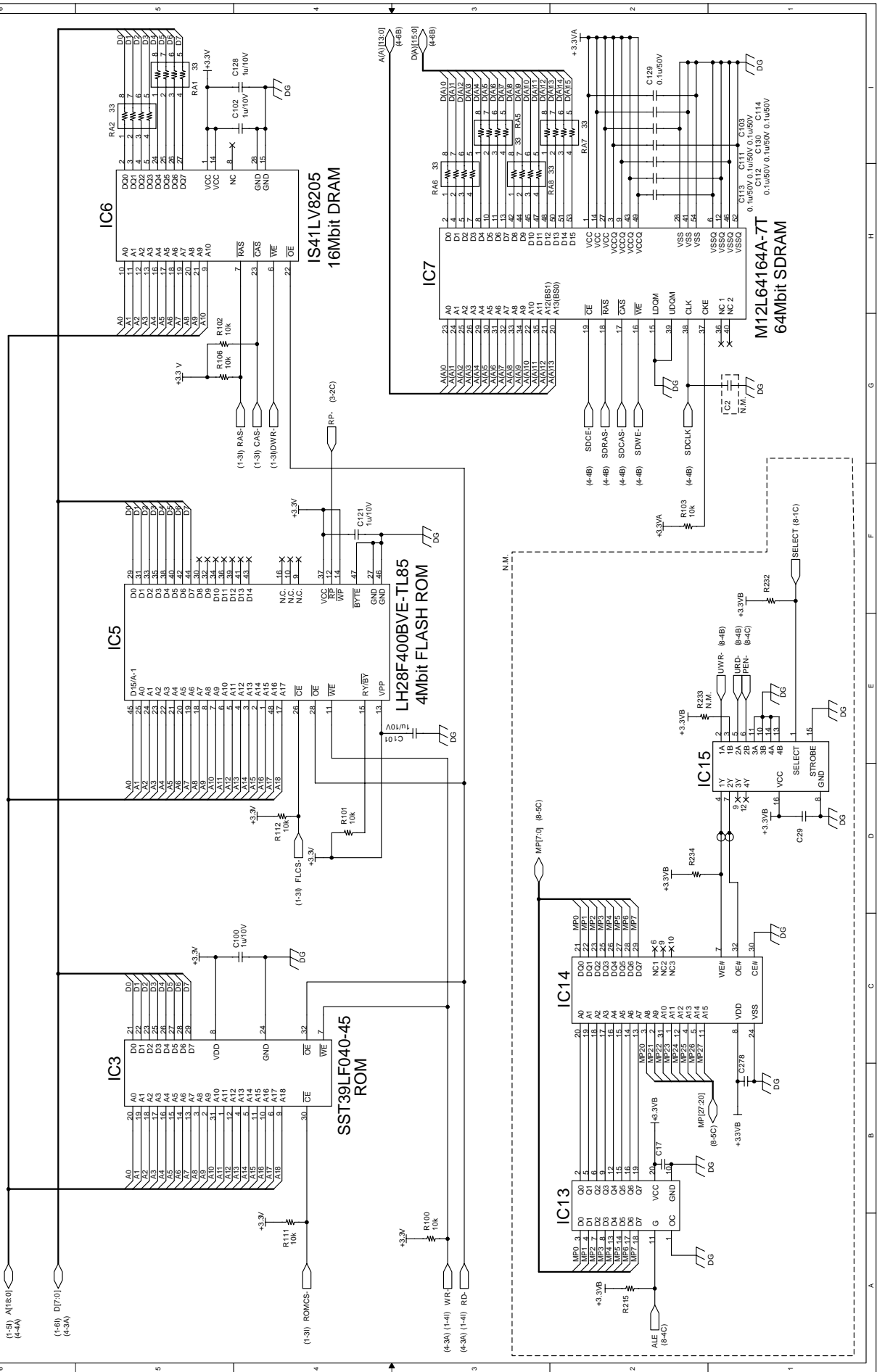
Fig. 31

CHAPTER 6. CIRCUIT SCHEMATICS AND PARTS LAYOUT

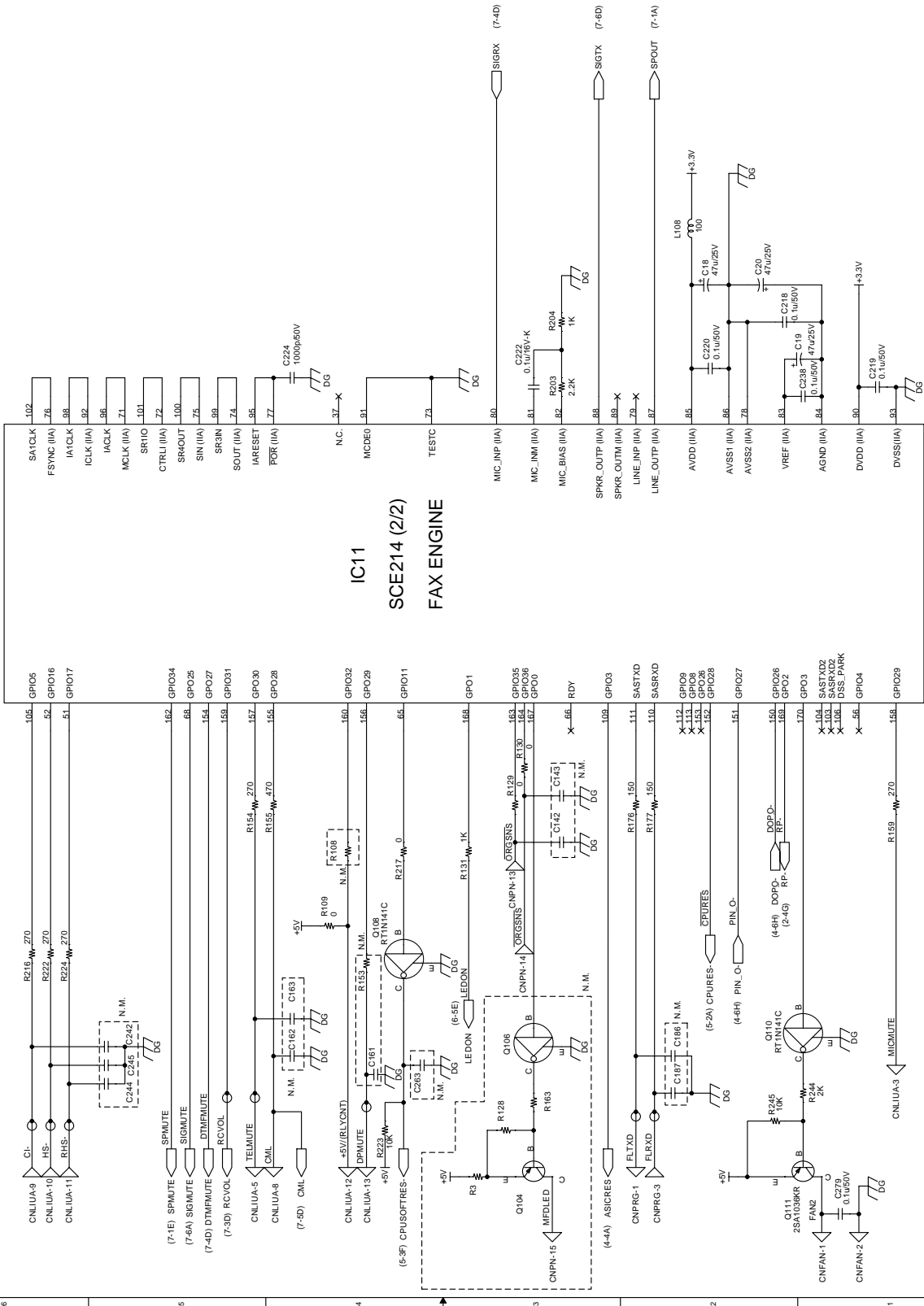


Memory block

2/8

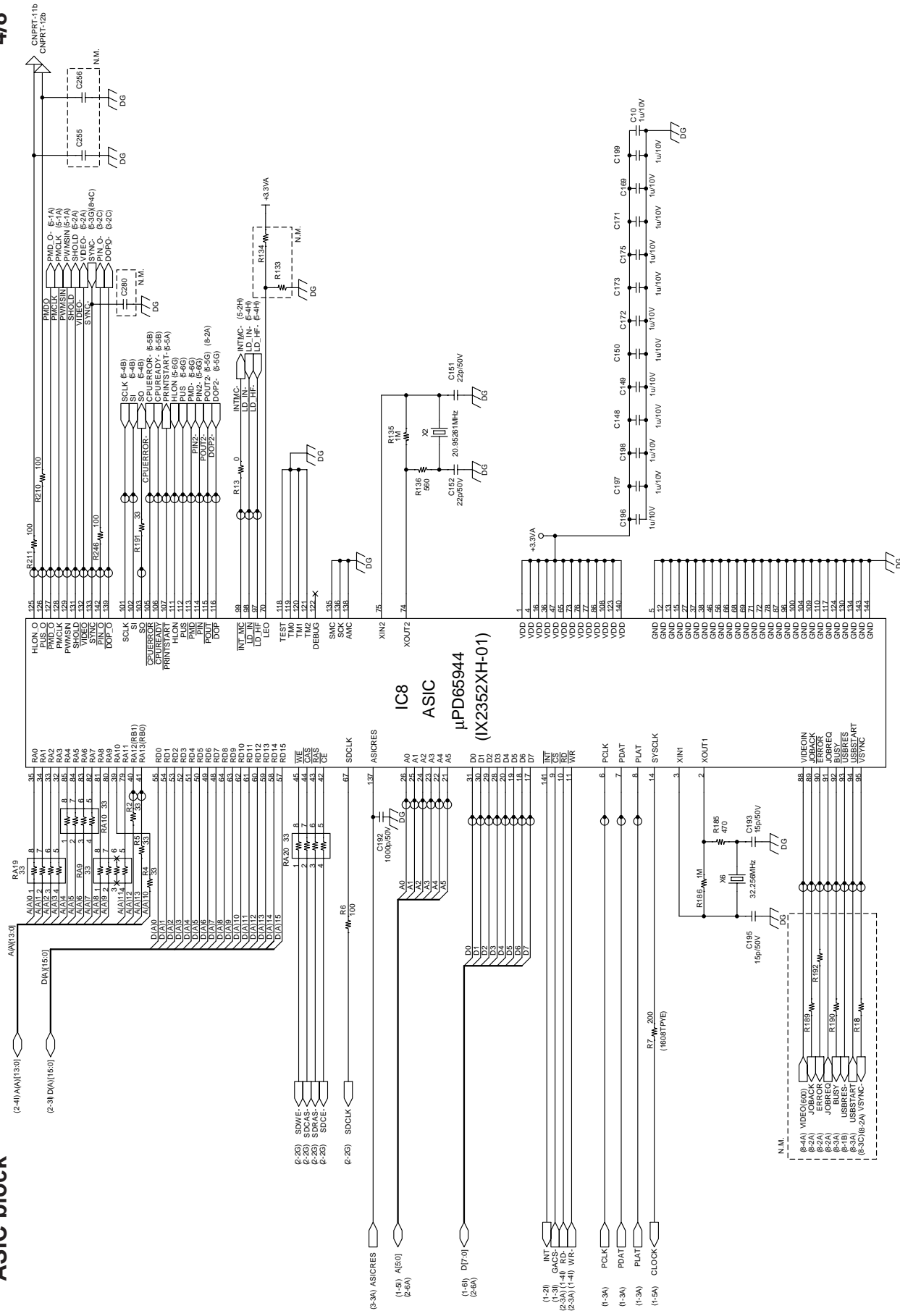


Fax Modem block



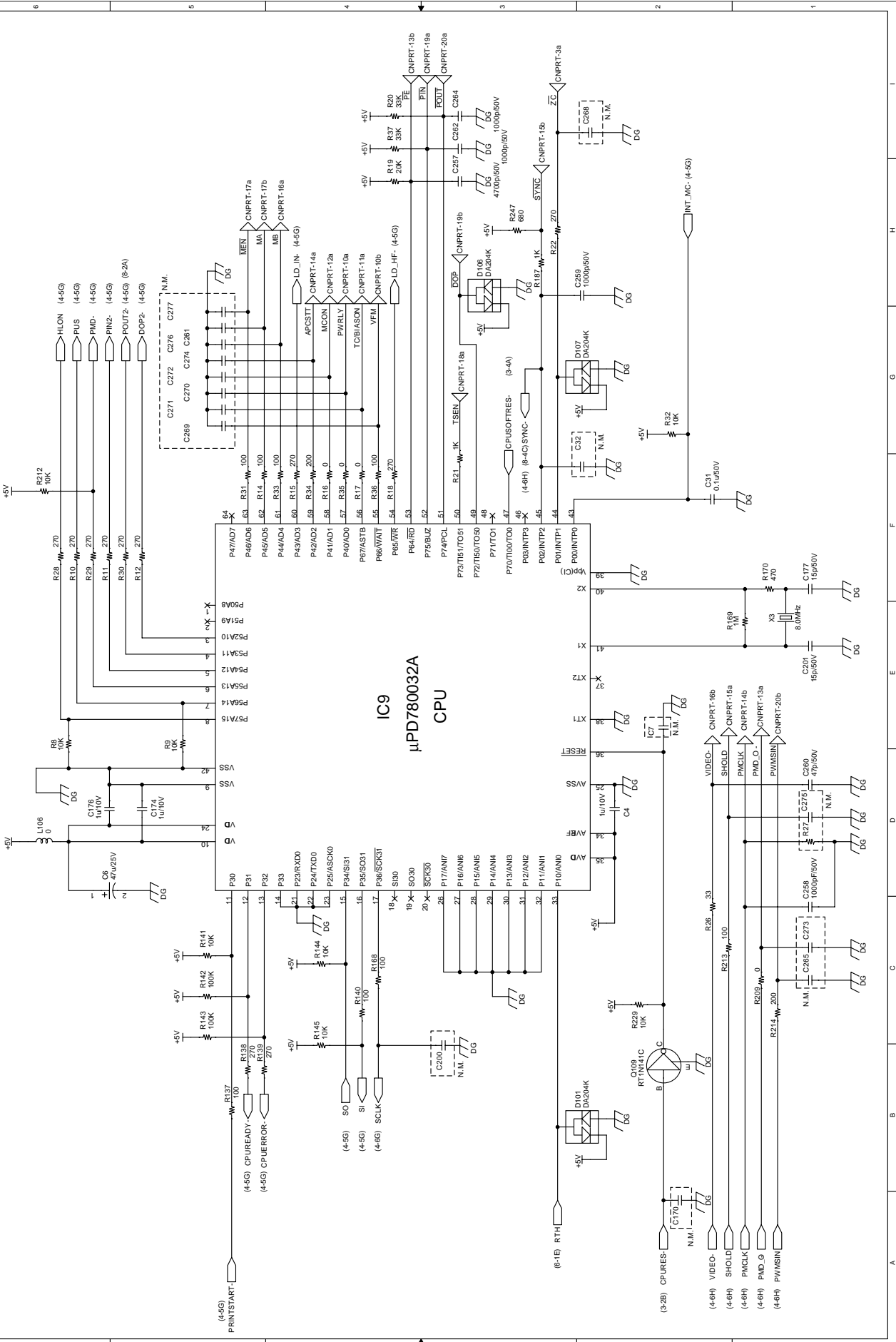
ASIC block

4/8



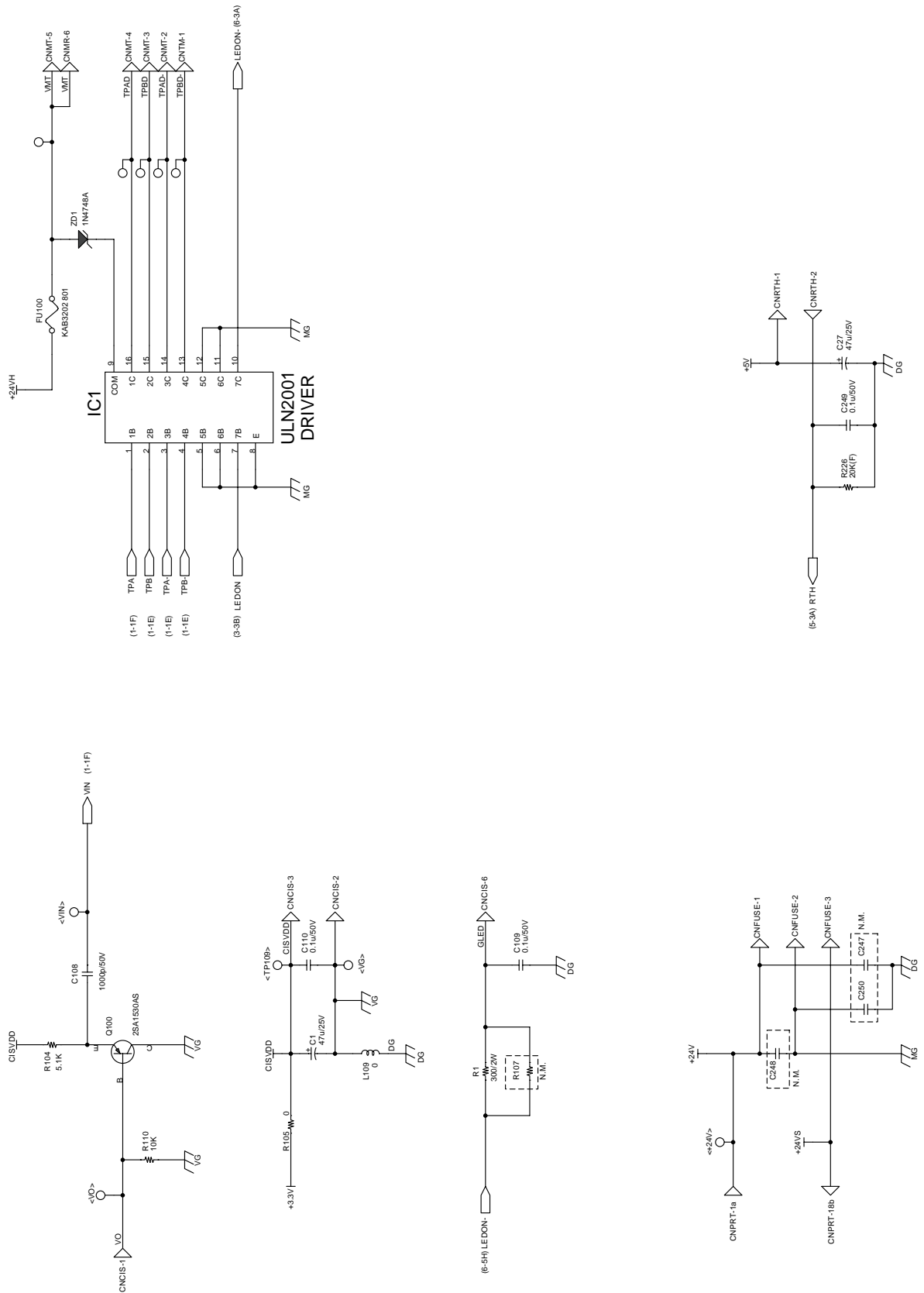
5/8

Mechanism CPU block



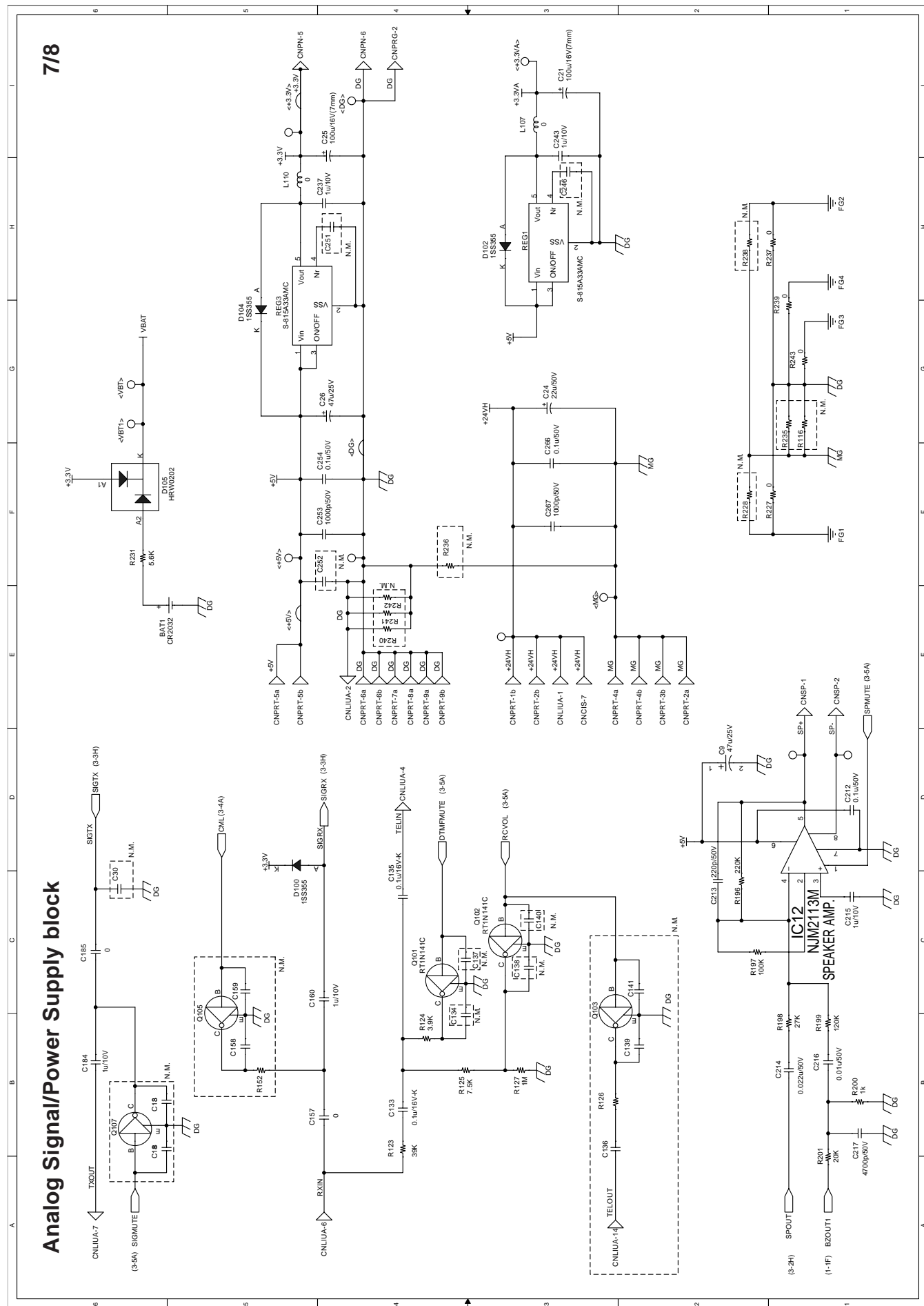
Video Processing/Motor Driver block

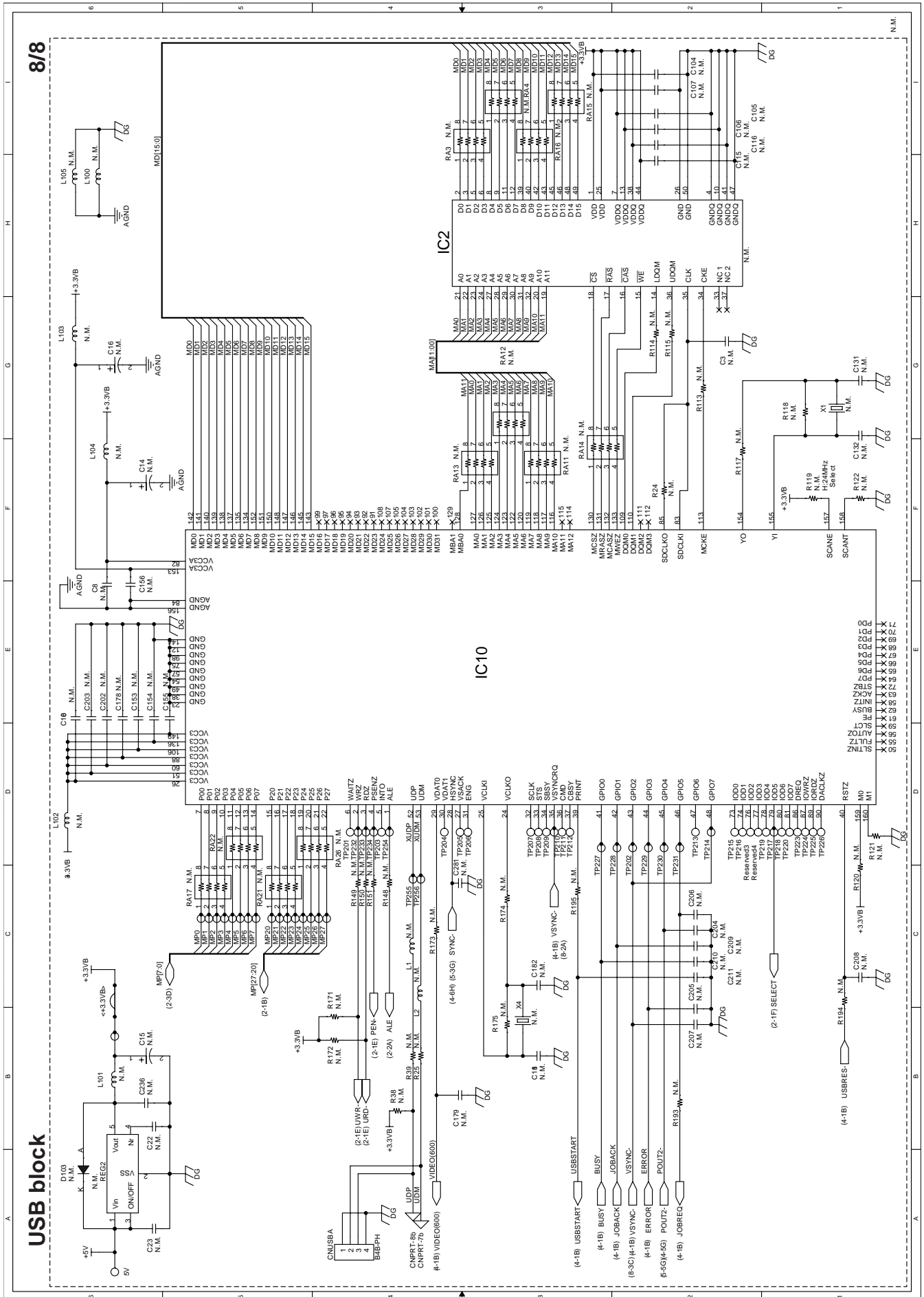
6/8



Analog Signal/Power Supply block

7/8

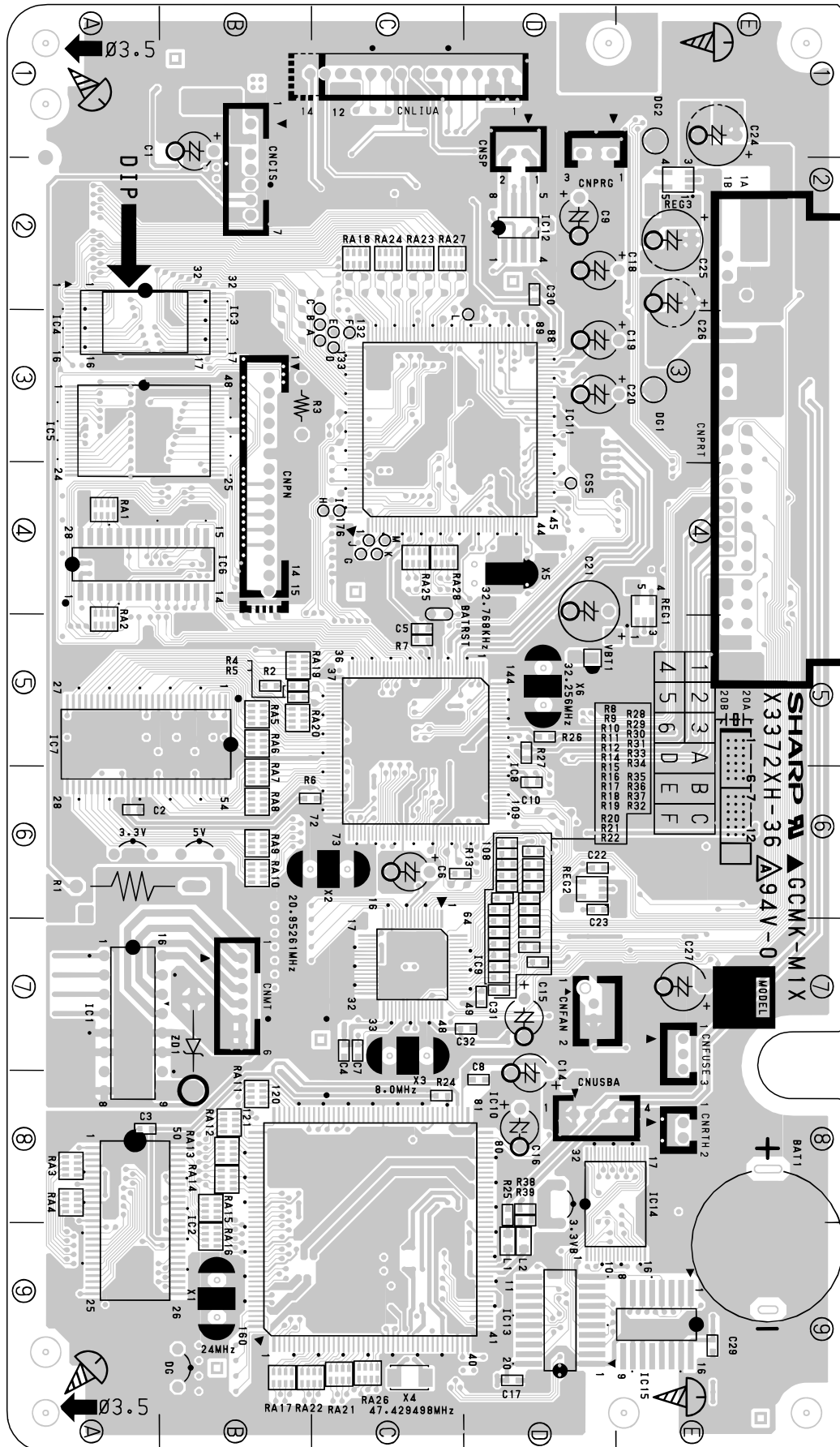




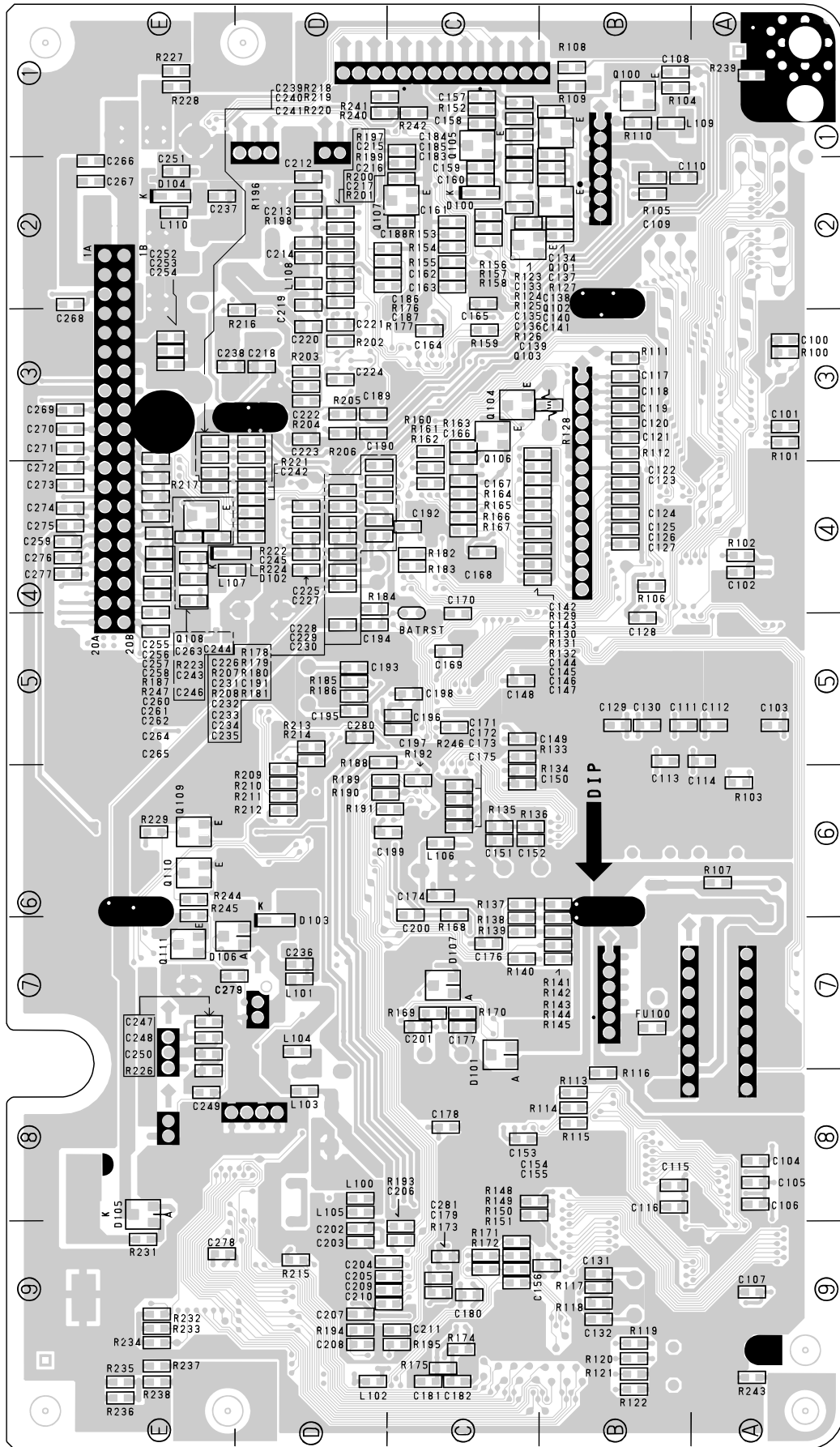
8/8

USB block

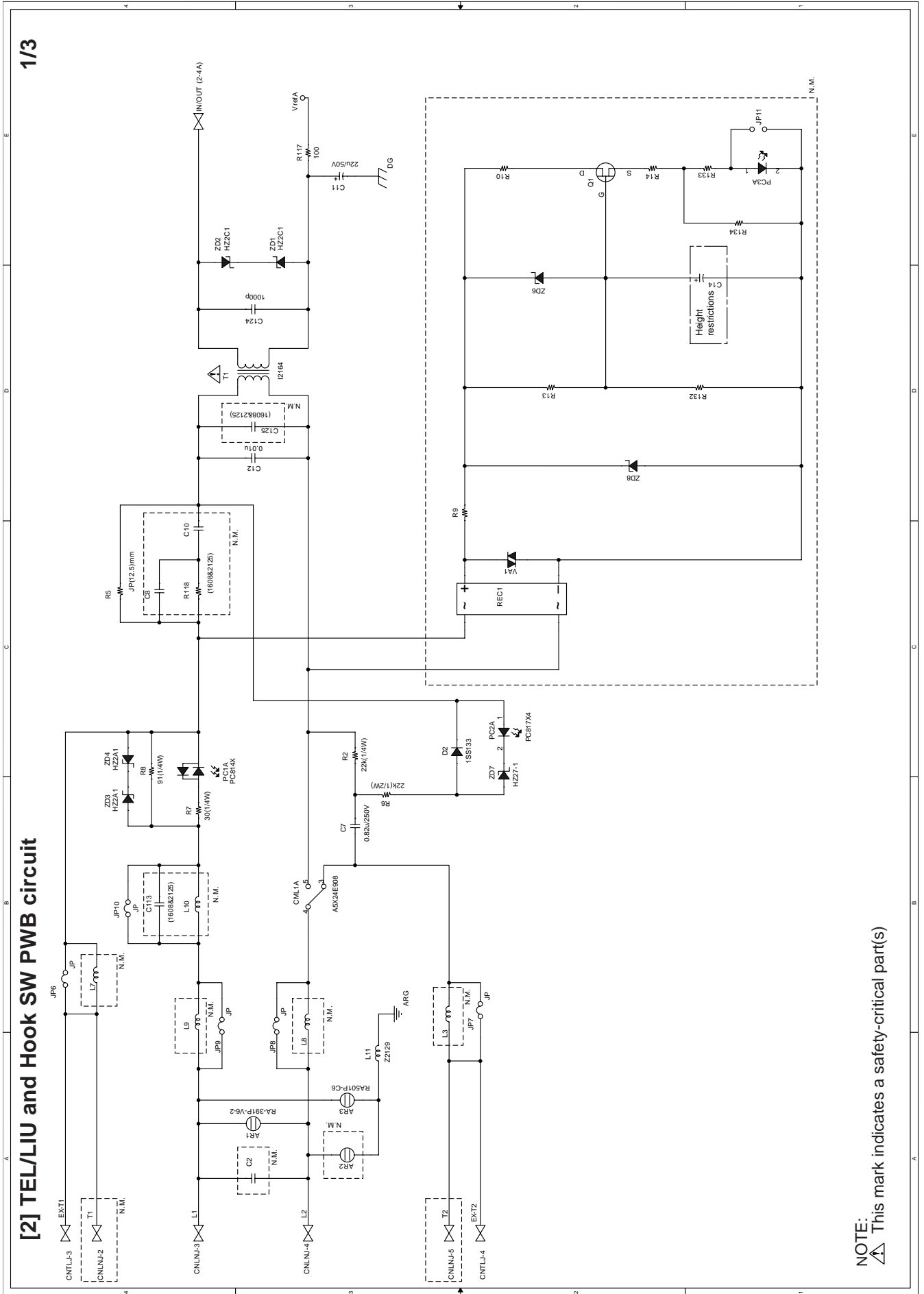
Control PWB parts layout (Top side)



Control PWB parts layout (Bottom side)



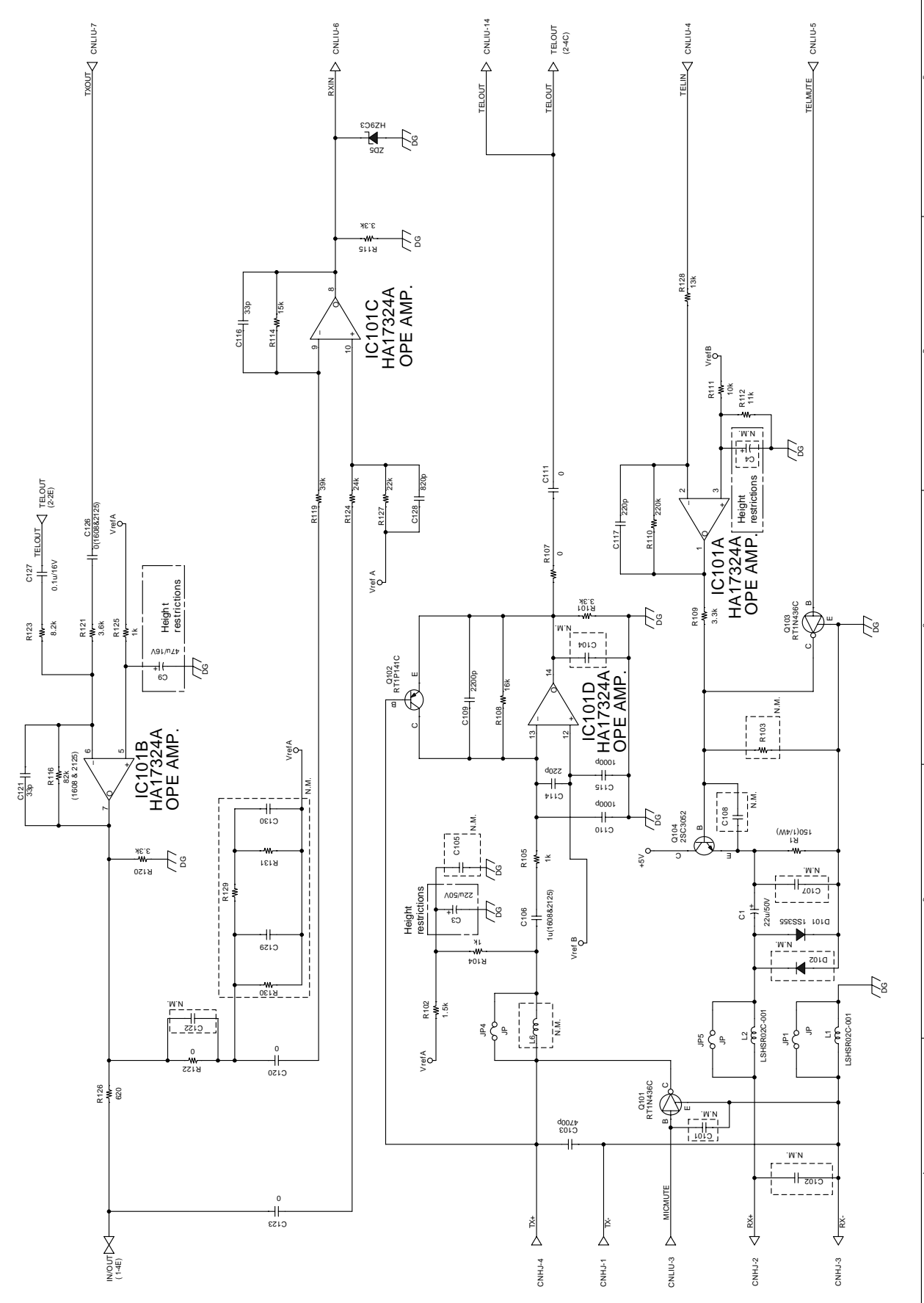
[2] TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB circuit



NOTE:
 This mark indicates a safety-critical part(s)

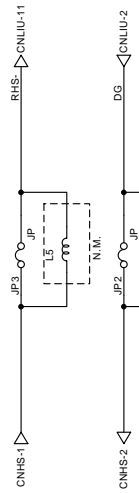
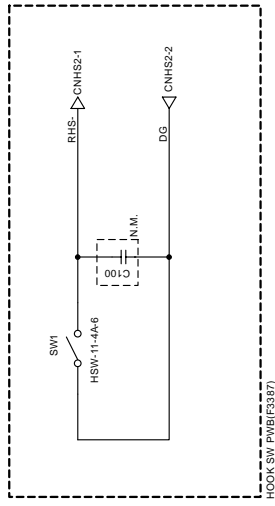
TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB circuit

2/3



TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB circuit

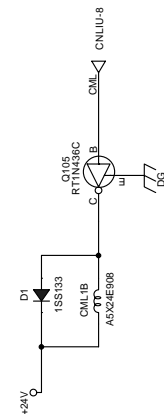
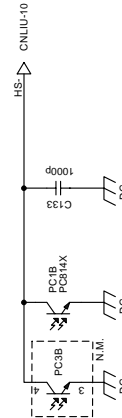
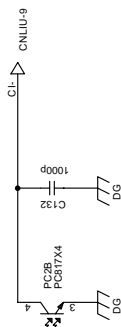
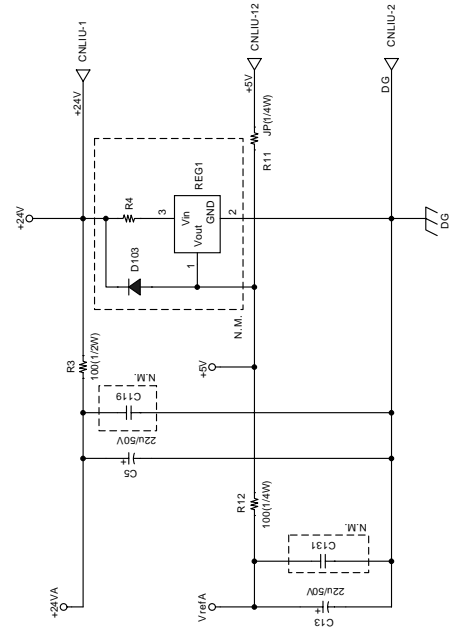
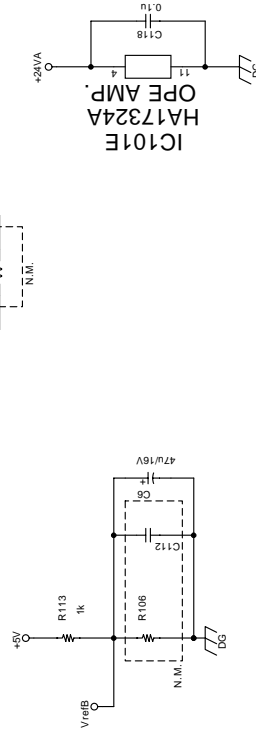
3/3



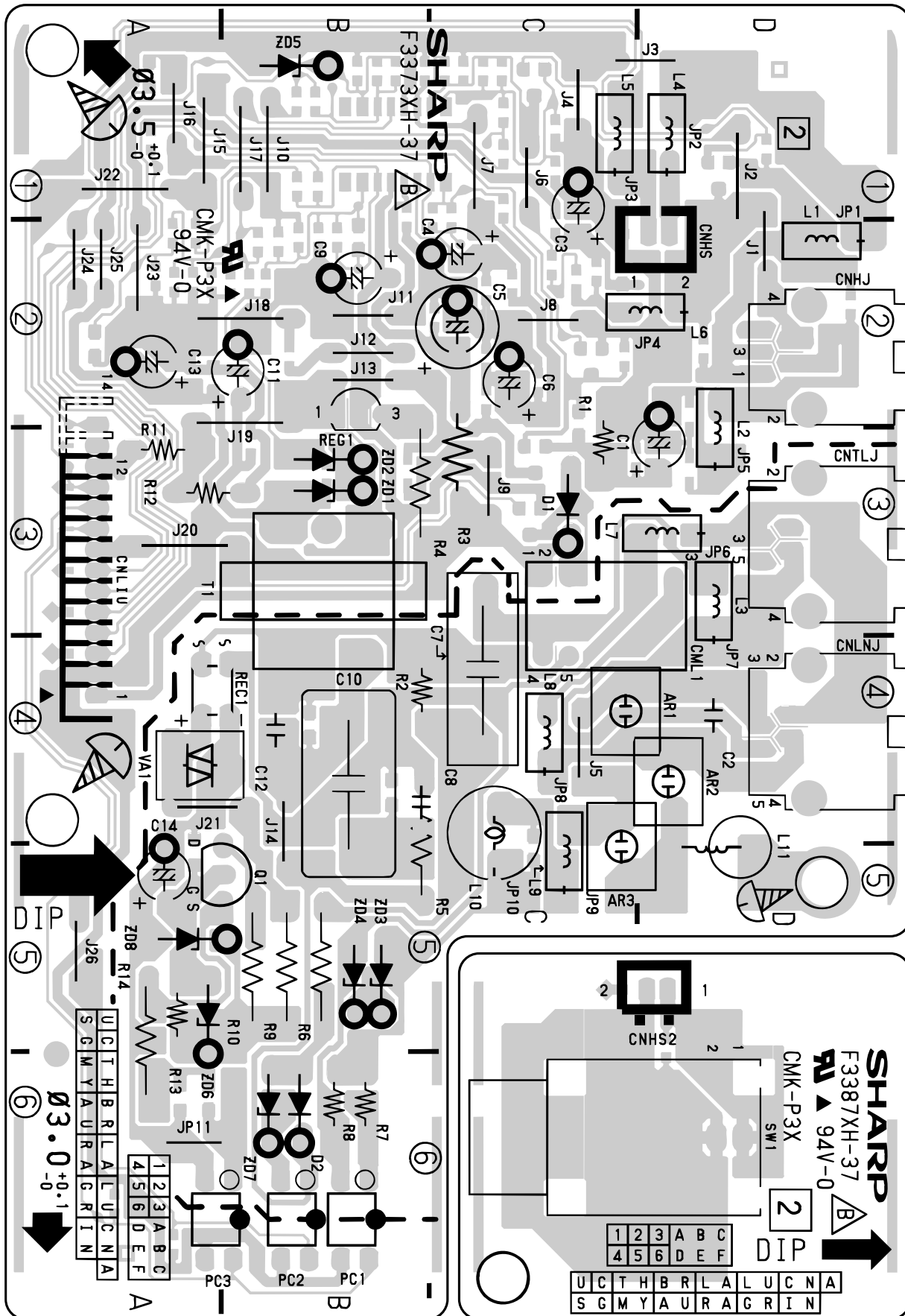
CNLIU	
1	+24V
2	DG
3	MICMUTE
4	TELIN
5	TELMUTE
6	RXIN
7	TXOUT
8	CML
9	CI
10	HS-
11	RHS-
12	+5V
13	DPMUTE(N.M)
14	TELOUT(N.M)

CNHS	
1	RHS-
2	DG

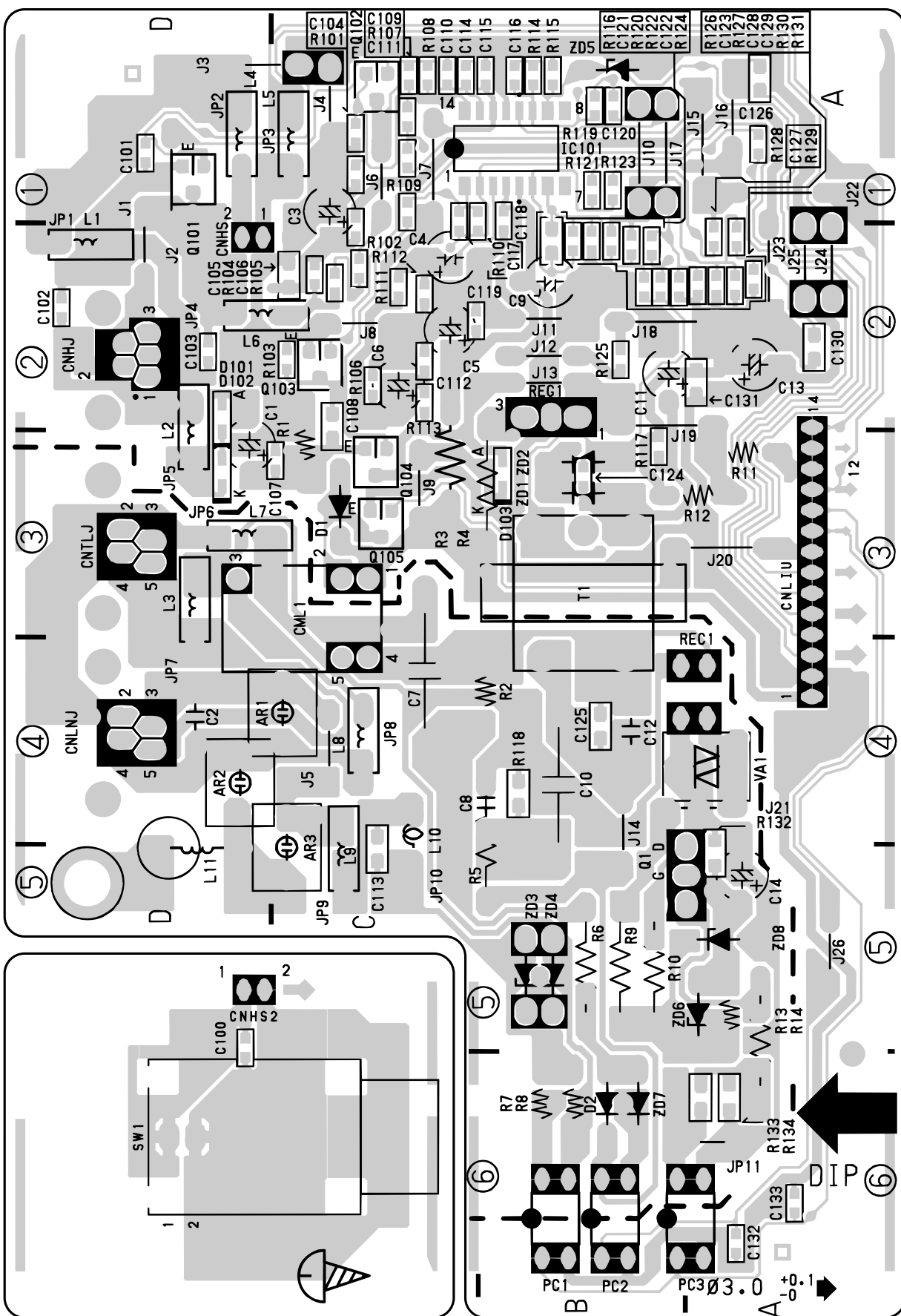
HOOK SW PWB(F3387)	
1	RHS-
2	DG



TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB parts layout (Top side)

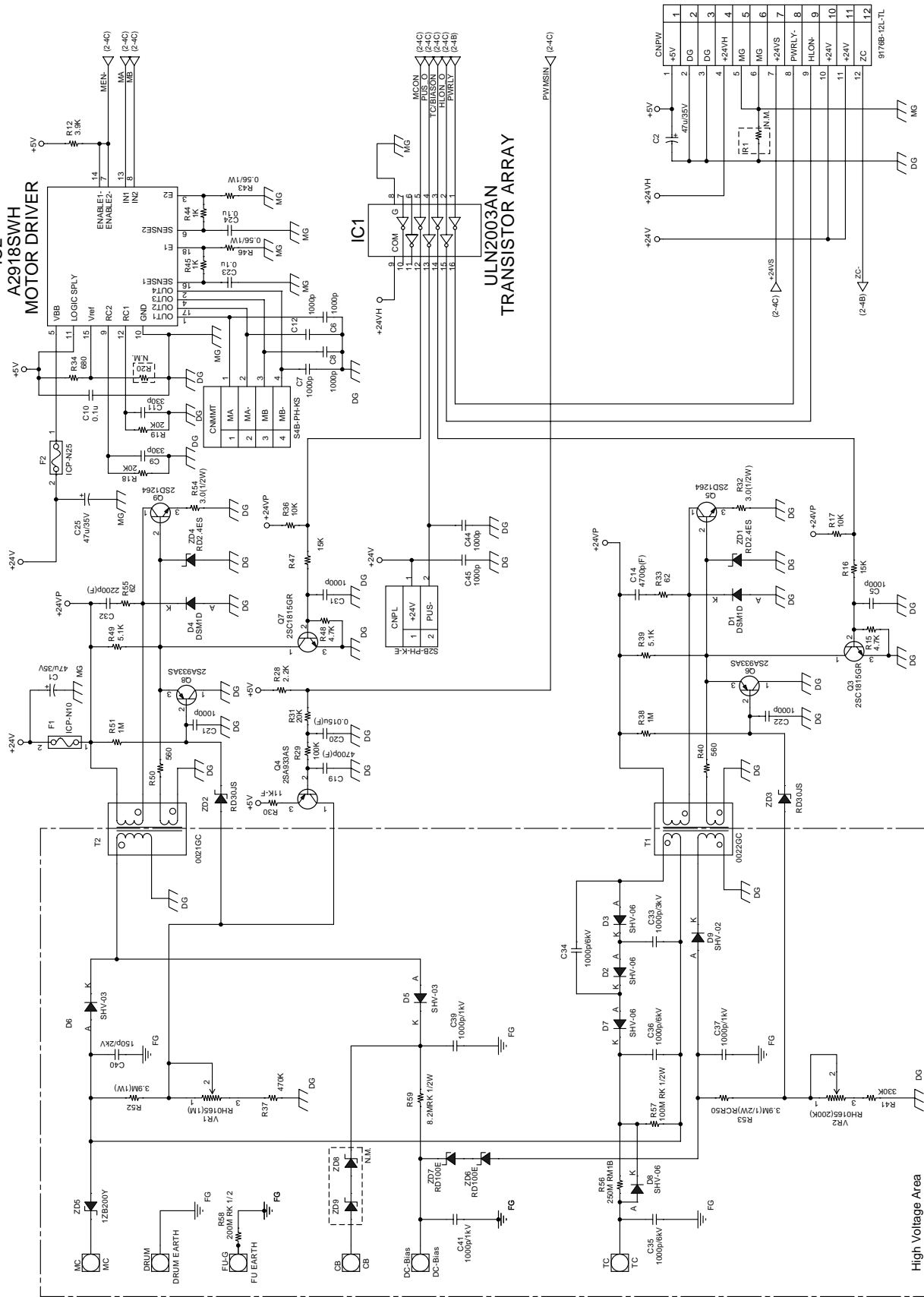


TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB parts layout (Bottom side)



[3] Printer PWB circuit

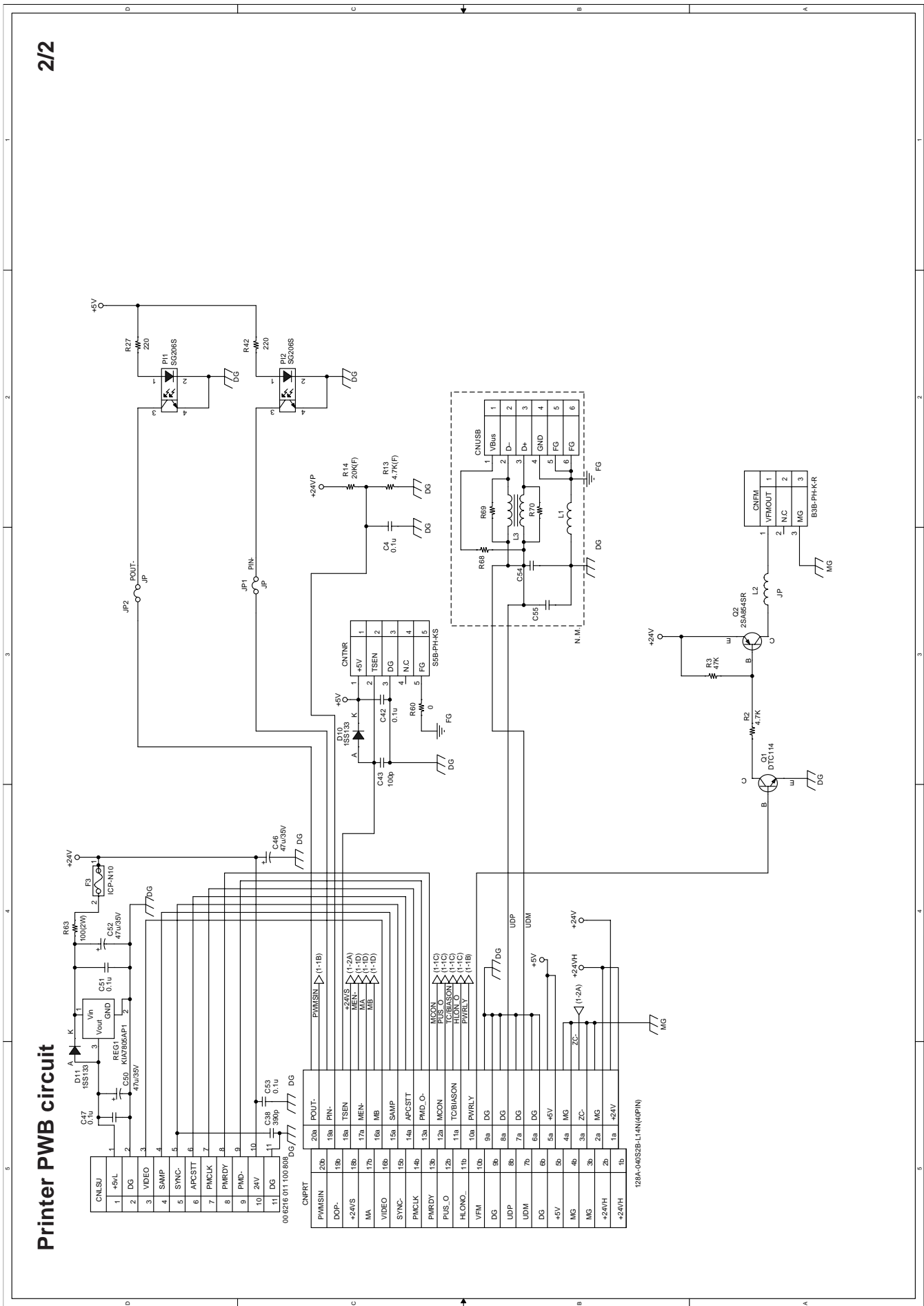
1/2



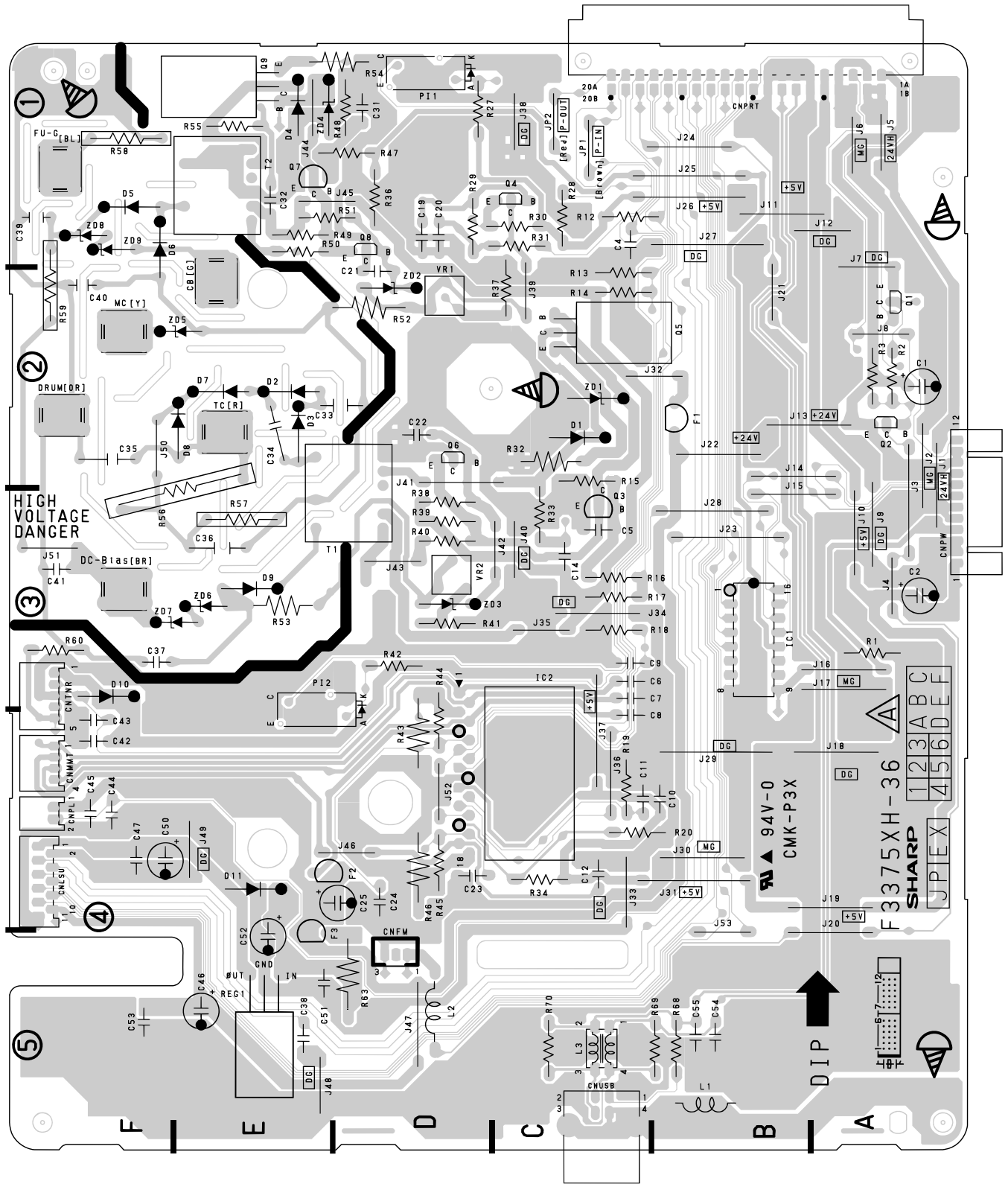
High Voltage Area

2/2

Printer PWB circuit

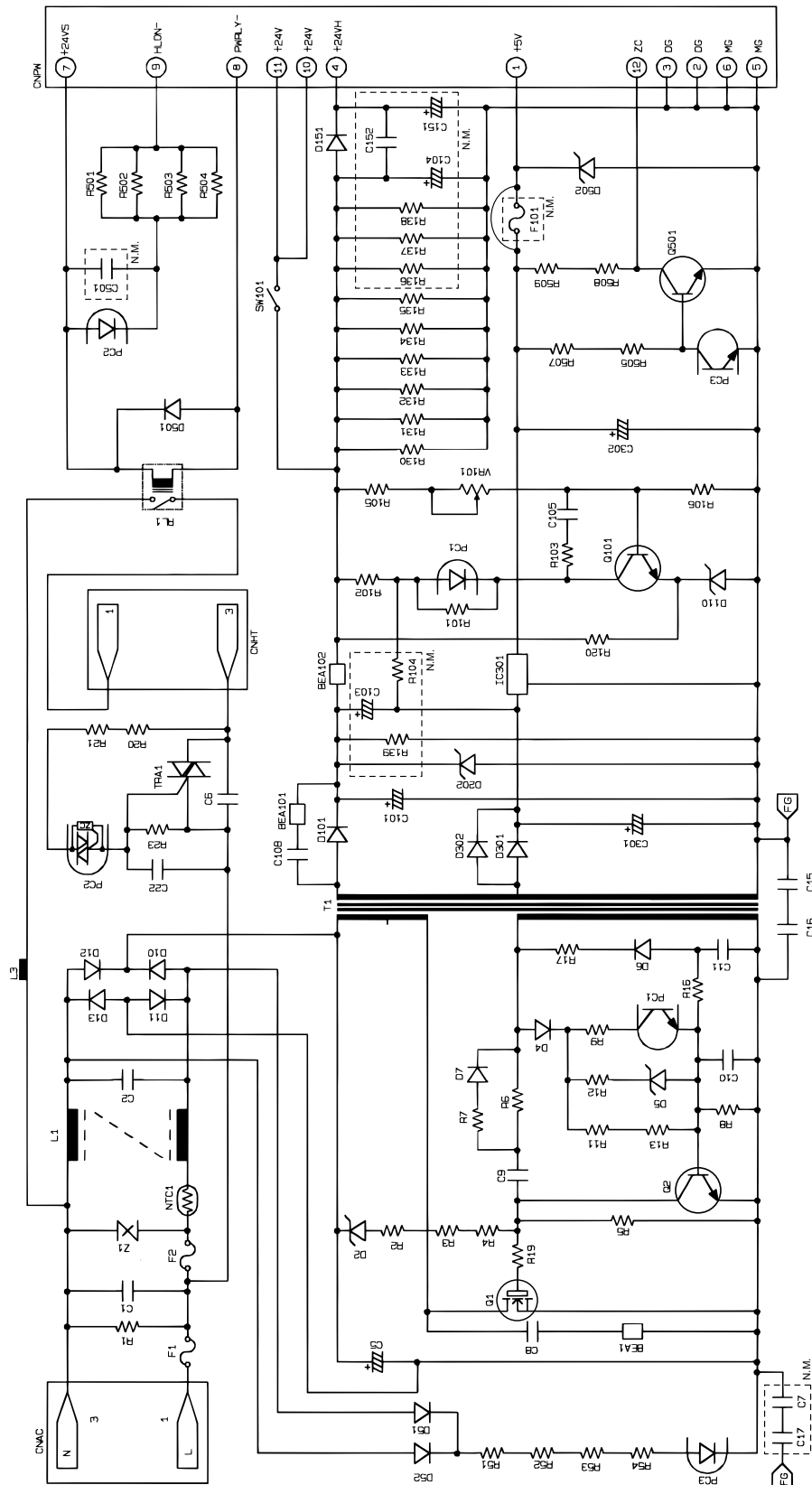


Printer PWB parts layout



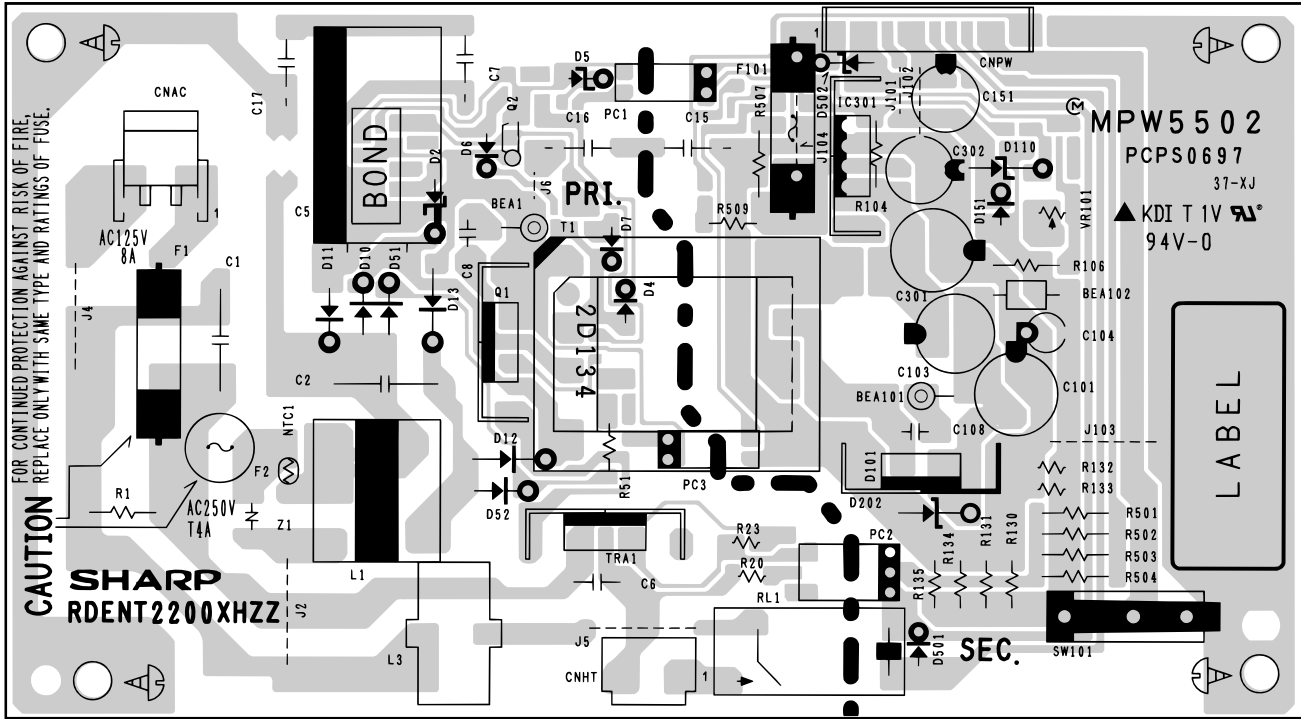
[4] Power supply PWB circuit

1/1



NOTE:  This mark indicates a safety-critical part(s)

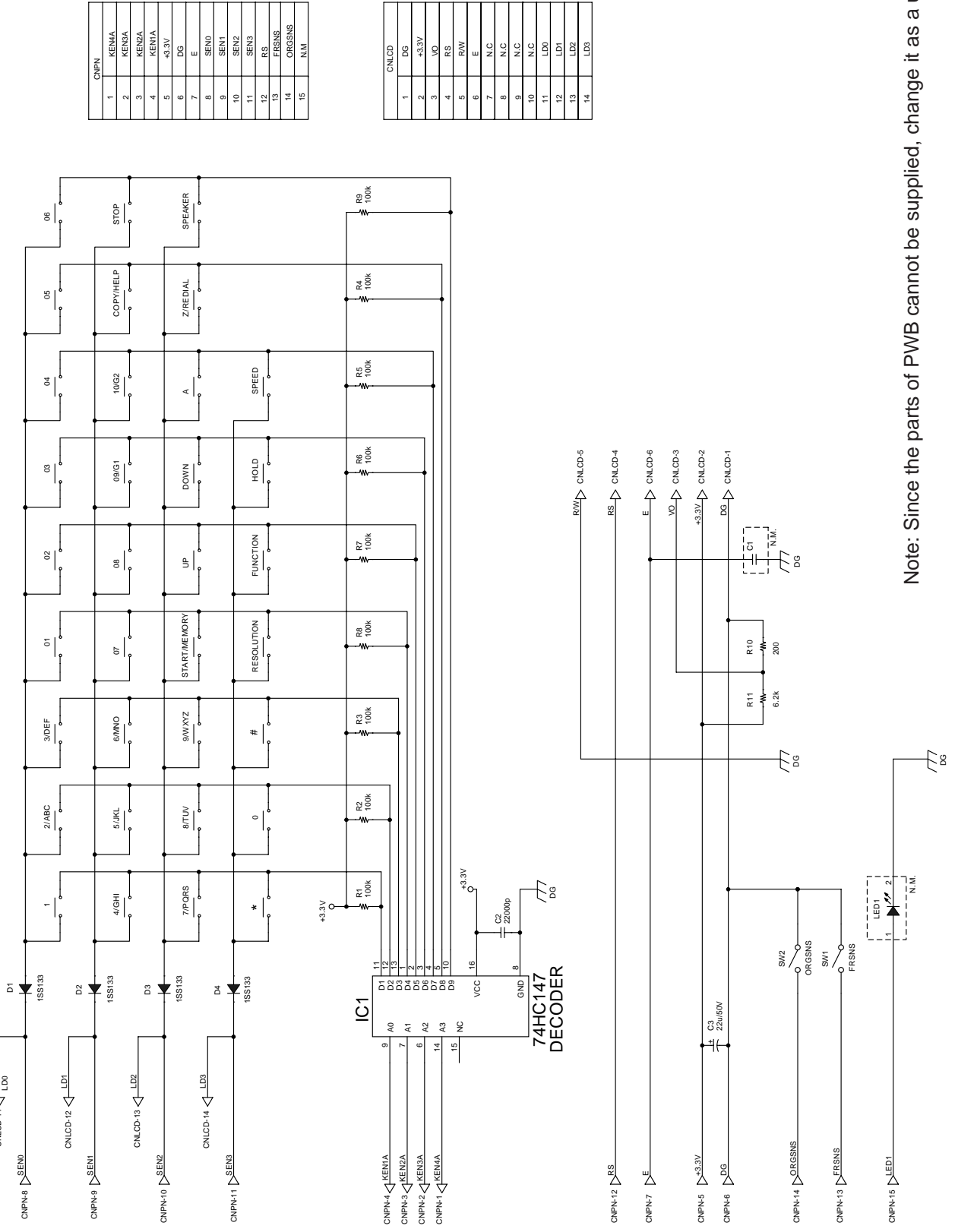
Power supply PWB parts layout (Top side)



Power supply PWB parts layout (Bottom side)



[5] Operation panel PWB circuit

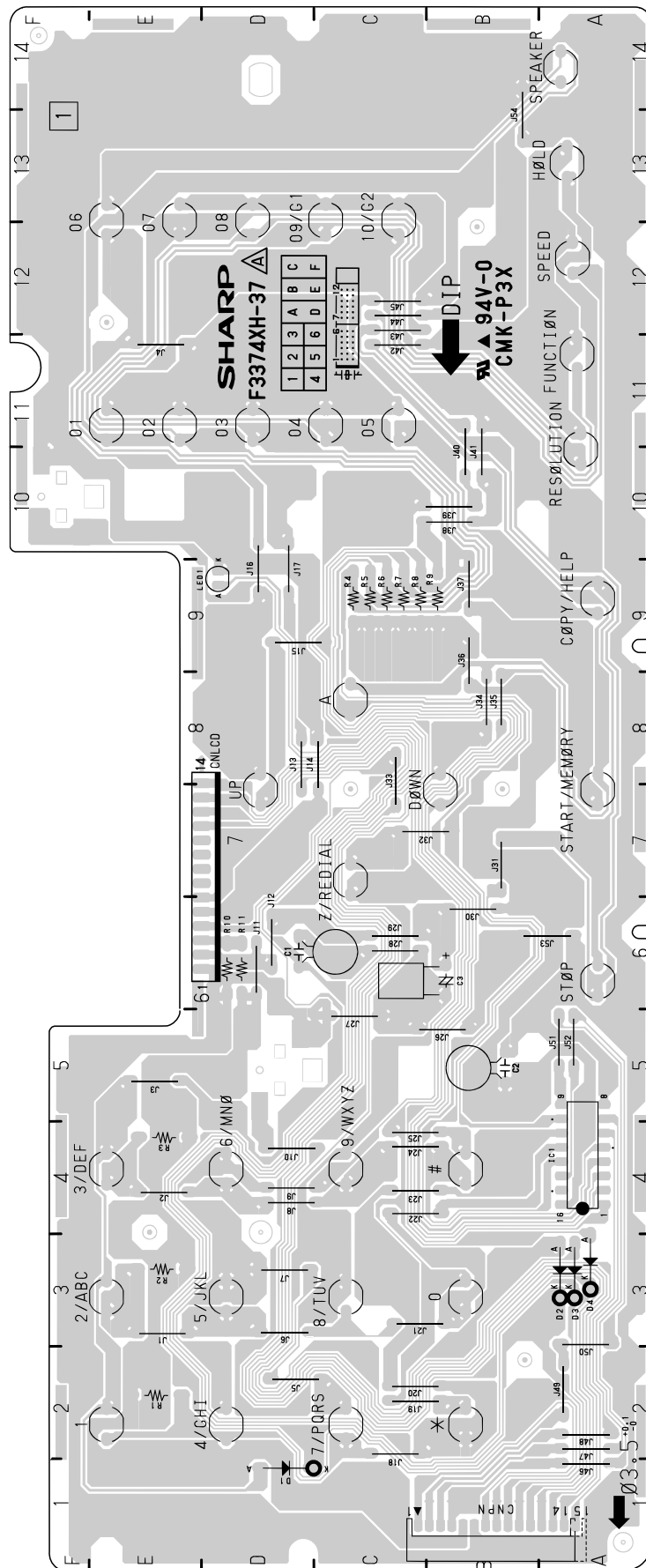


CNPN	
1	KEN/A
2	KEN/A
3	KEN/A
4	KEN/A
5	+3.3V
6	DG
7	E
8	SEN0
9	SEN1
10	SEN2
11	SEN3
12	RS
13	FRSNS
14	ORGSNS
15	N.M.

CNLCD	
1	DG
2	+3.3V
3	VO
4	RS
5	R/W
6	E
7	N.C
8	N.C
9	N.C
10	N.C
11	LD0
12	LD1
13	LD2
14	LD3

Note: Since the parts of PWB cannot be supplied, change it as a unit.

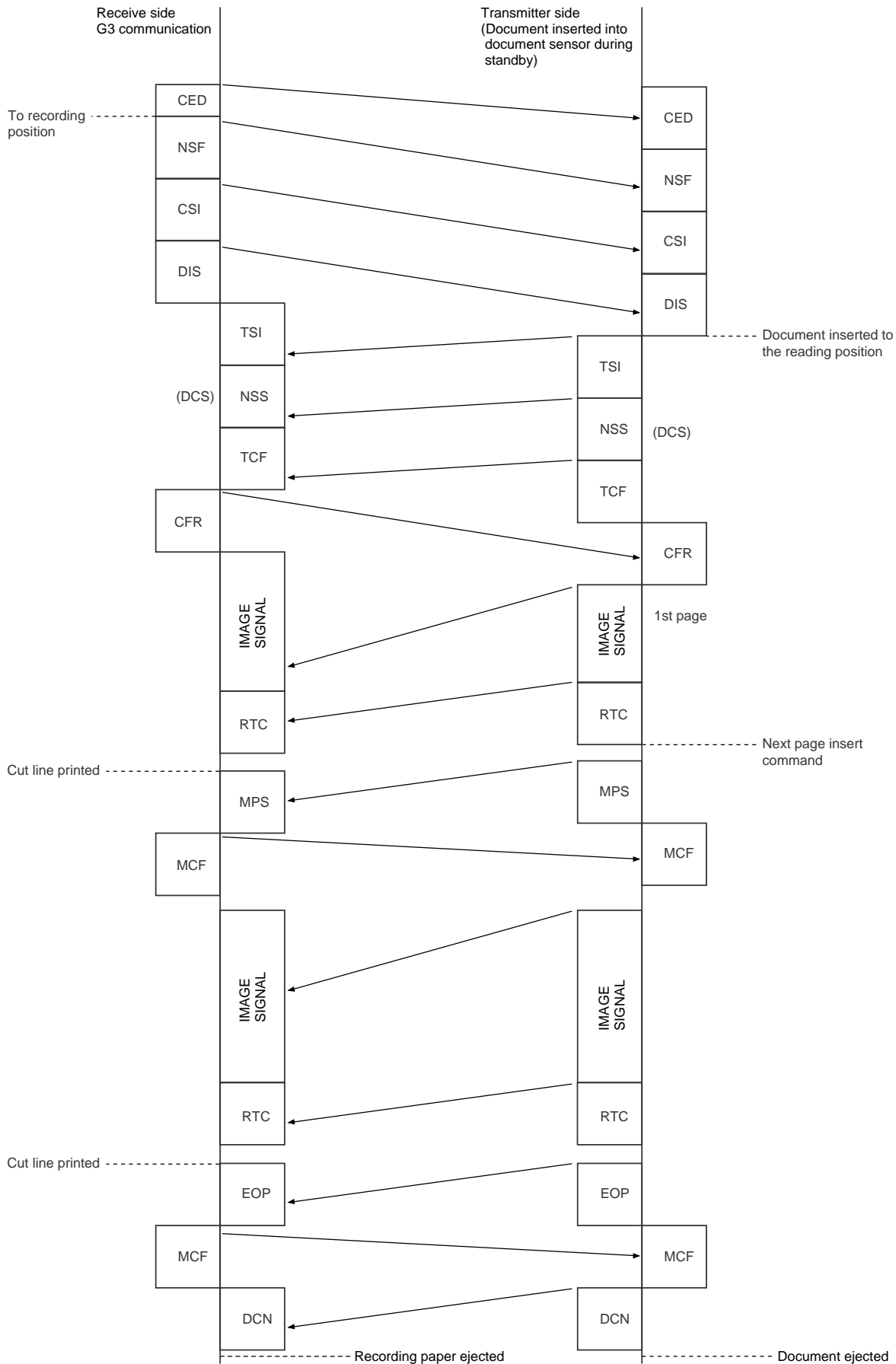
Operation panel PWB parts layout



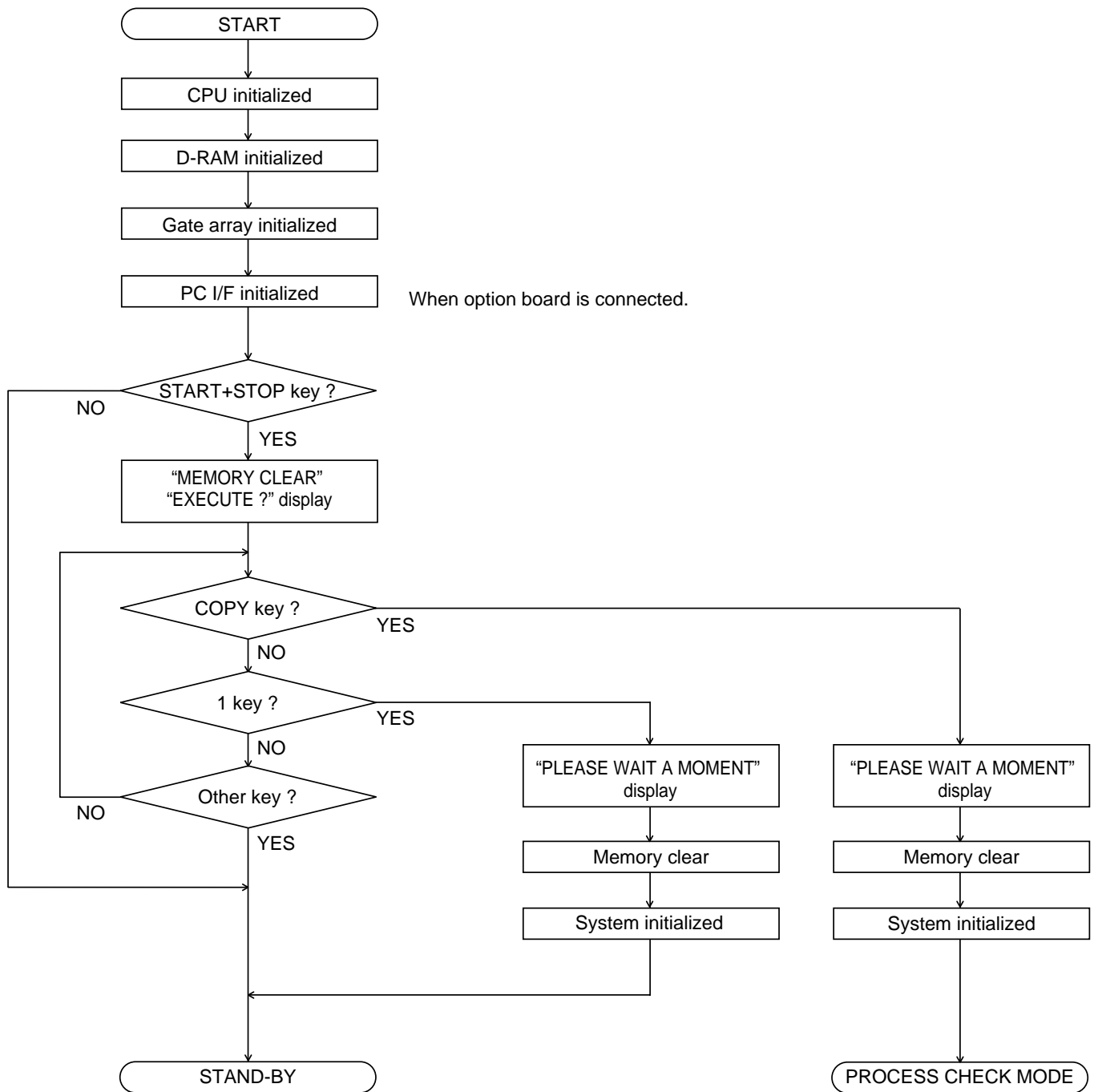
Note: Since the parts of PWB cannot be supplied, change it as a unit.

CHAPTER 7. OPERATION FLOWCHART

[1] Protocol



[2] Power on sequence



CHAPTER 8. OTHERS

[1] Service Tools

1. List

NO.	PARTS CODE	DESCRIPTION	Q'TY	PRICE RANK
1	DUNT-232DSCZZ	Extension board unit, cables and etc.	1	

CONTROL EXTENSION BOARD

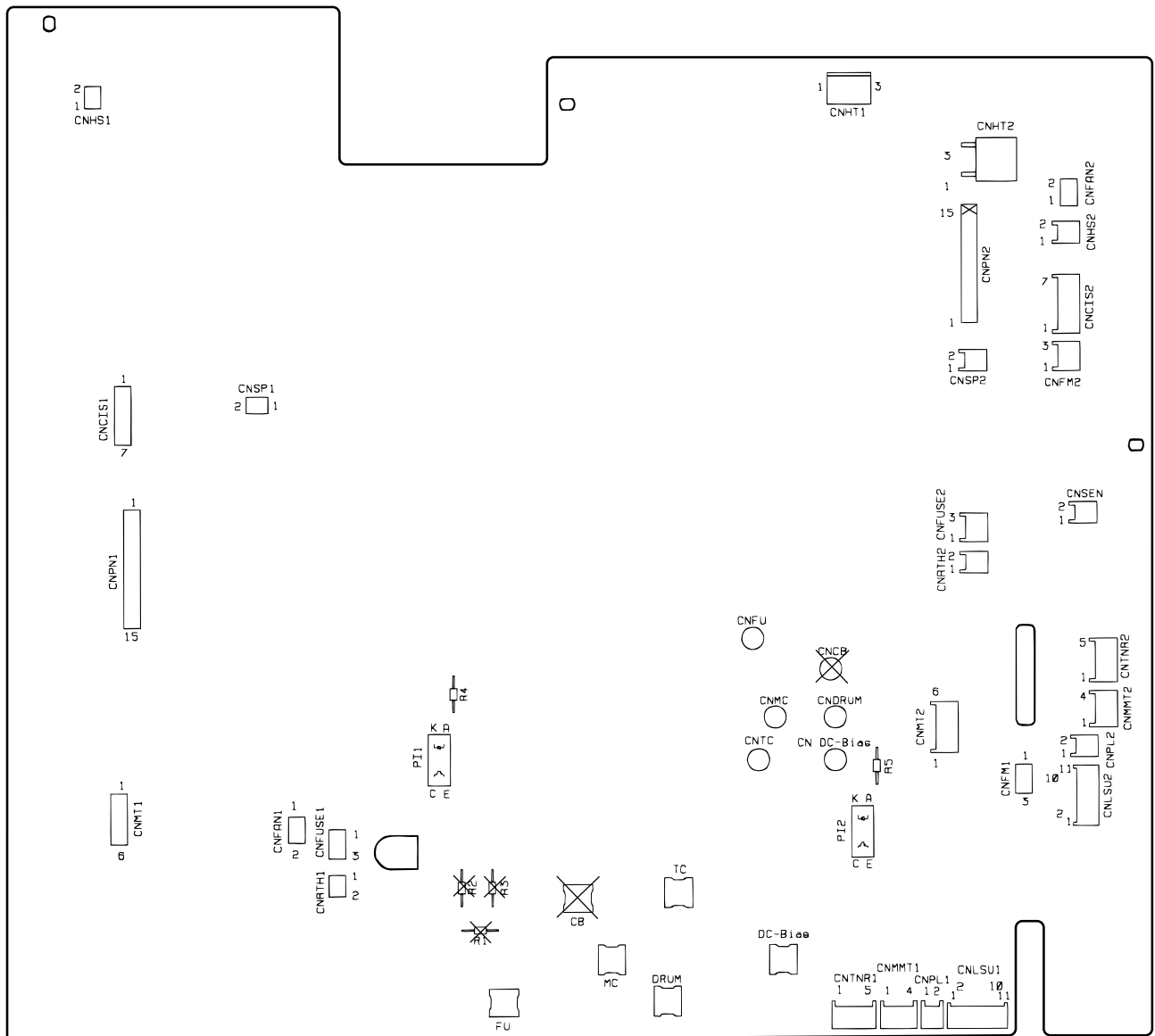


Fig. 1

2. Description

2-1. Extension board unit

1) Remove the TEL/LIU PWB, Control PWB and Bottom board unit (Printer and Power supply PWB) from this unit, and mount the extension board unit instead.

- Before connecting the wiring to the extension board unit, set the test PWB switches to the fixed position.

2) The setting is as follows.

Extension board connection diagram

• Caution!

- 1) In the base machine (Printer PWB), take care that the cam may not nip the cable. Be also careful of sensor levers of PIN and POUT.
- 2) SW101 of the Power supply PWB is the interlock switch. When opening and closing the printer unit cover, manually switch ON/OFF.
When opening cover: OFF (No operation required) (+24 V OFF)
When closing cover: ON (Press the switch button) (+24 V ON)
- 3) Connect all cables.
- 4) High-pressure voltage is applied to all of FU-G, DRUM, MC, TC, and DC-Bias on the Printer PWB; Avoid contacting them with other components.
- 5) Into the connector, insert QCNWG451BSCZZ with its contact surface facing downward.
- 6) Be sure to connect the safety ground (AC cord) with the plate metal.

The recording paper sensor (Pin and Pout) are operated by OR of the mechanical unit switch and the test PWB switch. When performing installation in the machine unit, set the test PWB switches to the fixed position.

	Mechanical unit	PWB to be tested
	Actual operation with mechanical unit	
Recording paper sensor (Pin/Pout)	ON/OFF operation	OFF (Photo interrupter is interrupted.)
	PWB sensor check	
Recording paper sensor (Pin/Pout)	OFF	ON/OFF operation

* Recording paper: ON
No recording paper: OFF

Ref No.	Cable parts code	Description
CNCIS2	QCNWG439BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 7-7 PIN
CNPN2	QCNWG440BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 14-14 PIN
CNMT2	QCNWG442BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 6-6 PIN
CNSP2	QCNWG443BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 2-2 PIN
CNFUSE2	QCNWG444BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 3-3 PIN
CNHT2	QCNWG445BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 3-3 PIN
CN FU	QCNWG446BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 1-1 PIN
CN MC	QCNWG447BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 1-1 PIN
CN DRUM	QCNWG448BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 1-1 PIN
CN TC	QCNWG449BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 1-1 PIN
CN Dc-Bias	QCNWG450BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 1-1 PIN
CNLSU2	QCNWG451BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 11-11 PIN
CNSEN	QCNWG452BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 2-2 PIN
CNMMT2	QCNWG453BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 4-4 PIN
CNNTNR2	QCNWG454BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 5-5 PIN
CNPL2	QCNWG455BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 2-2 PIN
CNFM2	QCNWG456BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 3-3 PIN
CNFAN2	QCNWG457BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 2-2 PIN
CNRTN2	QCNWG458BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 2-2 PIN
CNHS2	QCNWG459BSCZZ	EX. Cable, 2-2 PIN

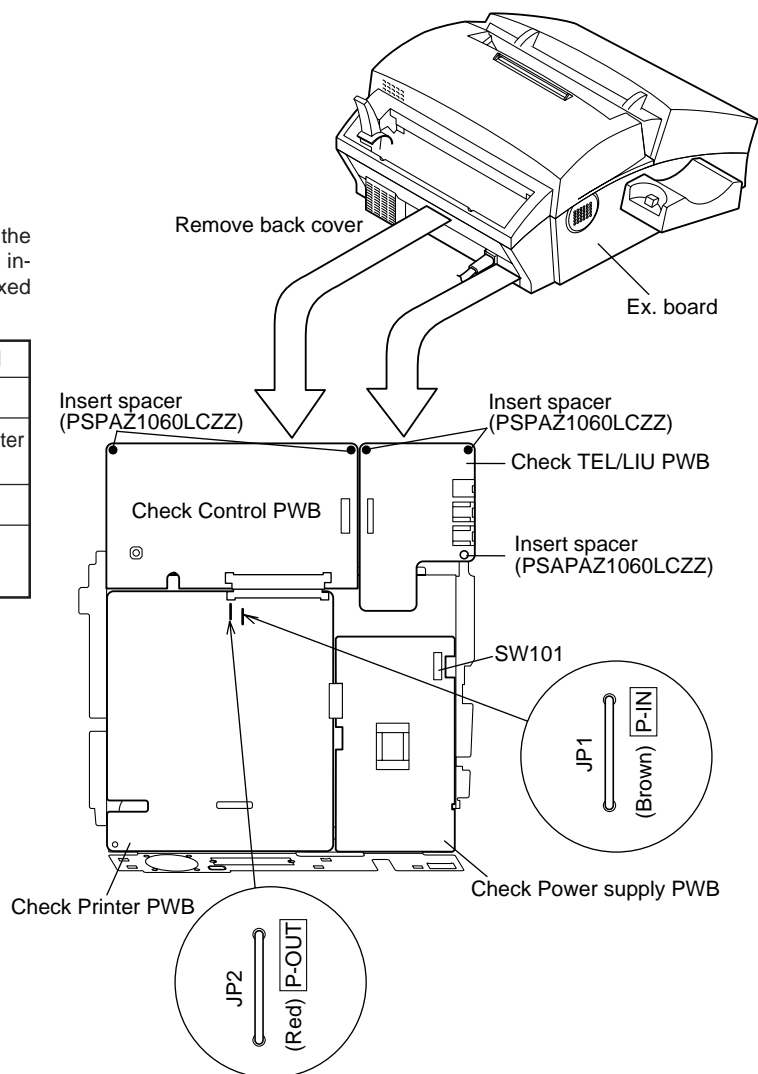


Fig. 2

NO.	PARTS CODE	DESCRIPTION	REF NO.	Q'TY	PRICE RANK
1	QCNCM0672FCZZ	CONNECTOR 3pin	CNHT1	1	AB
2	QCNCM2401SC0B	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNSP1	1	AA
3	QCNCM2401SC0C	CONNECTOR 3pin	CNFM1	1	AB
4	QCNCM2442SC0B	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNHS1	1	AB
5	QCNCM2447SC0B	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNHS2	1	AA
6	QCNCM2473SC0B	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNSP2	1	AA
7	QCNCM2473SC0C	CONNECTOR 3pin	CNFM2	1	AC
8	QCNCM7014SC1D	CONNECTOR 14pin	CNPN1/ CNPN2	2	AC
9	QCNCM2498SC0B	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNFAN1/ 2	2	AB
10	QCNCM2609SC0B	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNHT2	1	AD
11	QCNCM7014SC0B	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNRTH1	1	AD
12	QCNCM7014SC0C	CONNECTOR 3pin	CNFUSE1	1	AA
13	QCNCM7014SC0F	CONNECTOR 6pin	CNMT1	1	AB
14	QCNCM7014SC0G	CONNECTOR 10pin	CNCIS1	1	AB
15	QCNCM7022SC0B	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNRTH2	1	AB
16	QCNCM7022SC0C	CONNECTOR 3pin	CNFUSE2	1	AB
17	QCNCM7022SC0D	CONNECTOR 4pin	CNMMT1, CNMMT2	2	AC
18	QCNCM7022SC0E	CONNECTOR 5pin	CNTNR1, CNTNR2	2	AB
19	QCNCM7022SC0F	CONNECTOR 6pin	CNMT2	1	AB
20	QCNCM7022SC0G	CONNECTOR 10pin	CNCIS2	1	AC
21	QCNCM704BAF04	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNSEN	1	AB
22	QCNCM704BAF06	CONNECTOR 2pin	CNPL1, CNPL2	2	AC
23	QCNCWZK11AWZZ	CONNECTOR 11pin	CNLSU1, CNLSU2	2	AG
24	QTANN2046SCZZ	TERMINAL	FU, MC, DRUM, TC, DC-BIAS	5	AC
25	VHPSG206S//-1	PHOTO TRANSISTOR	PI1, PI2	2	AG
26	VRD-HT2EY221J	RESISTOR (1/4W 220Ω ±5%)	R4, R5	2	AA
27	QCNWG446BSCZZ	FU-G CABLE,1-1pin	CNFU	1	AP
28	QCNWG447BSCZZ	MC CABLE,1-1pin	CNMC	1	AP
29	QCNWG448BSCZZ	DRUM CABLE,1-1pin	CNDRUM	1	AP
30	QCNWG449BSCZZ	TC CABLE,1-1pin	CNTC	1	AP
31	QCNWG450BSCZZ	DC-BIAS CABLE,1-1pin	CNDC-BIAS	1	AP
32	QCNWG439BSCZZ	CIS CABLE 7-7pin	CNCIS2	1	AW
33	QCNWG440BSCZZ	PANEL CABLE 14-14pin	CNPN2	1	BA
34	QCNWG442BSCZZ	MOTOR CABLE 6-6pin	CNMT2	1	AU
35	QCNWG443BSCZZ	SPEAKER CABLE 2-2pin	CNSP2	1	AM
36	QCNWG444BSCZZ	FUSE CABLE 3-3pin	CNFUSE2	1	AP
37	QCNWG445BSCZZ	HEATER CABLE 3-3pin	CNHT2	1	AP
38	QCNWG451BSCZZ	LSU CABLE 11-11pin	CNLSU2	1	AQ
39	QCNWG452BSCZZ	SENSOR CABLE 2-2pin	CNSEN	1	AX
40	QCNWG453BSCZZ	MAIN MOTOR CABLE 4-4pin	CNMMT2	1	AR
41	QCNWG454BSCZZ	TONER CABLE 5-5pin	CNTNR2	1	AR
42	QCNWG455BSCZZ	SOLENOID CABLE 2-2pin	CNPL2	1	AM
43	QCNWG456BSCZZ	FAN CABLE 3-3pin	CNFM2	1	AP
44	QCNWG457BSCZZ	FAN CABLE 2-2pin	CNFAN2	1	AN
45	QCNWG458BSCZZ	THERMISTER CABLE 2-2pin	CNRTH2	1	AM
46	QCNWG459BSCZZ	HOOK SWITCH CABLE 2-2pin	CNHS2	1	AM
47	XHBSE30P06000	SCREW (3X6)		7	AA
48	GLEGG2075SCZZ	RUBBER LEG		2	AK
49	LPLTM3083SCZZ	CHASSIS		1	AP
50	PSPAZ1060LCZZ	SPACER		5	AB

[2] Rewriting the Flash ROM

Refer to the Technical Manual of UX-CL220U.

- 1) Remove screw and remove ROM cover. (Hook x 5)

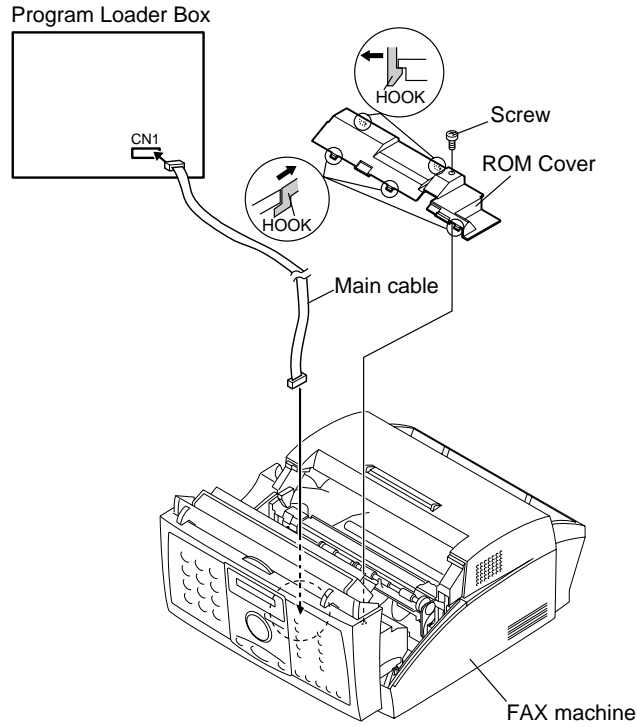


Fig. 3

- 2) Connect one end of Main Cable to the connector of the control PWB connector for the FAX machine (CNPRG)(refer to Fig.4) and the other end to CN1 of Program loader BOX.

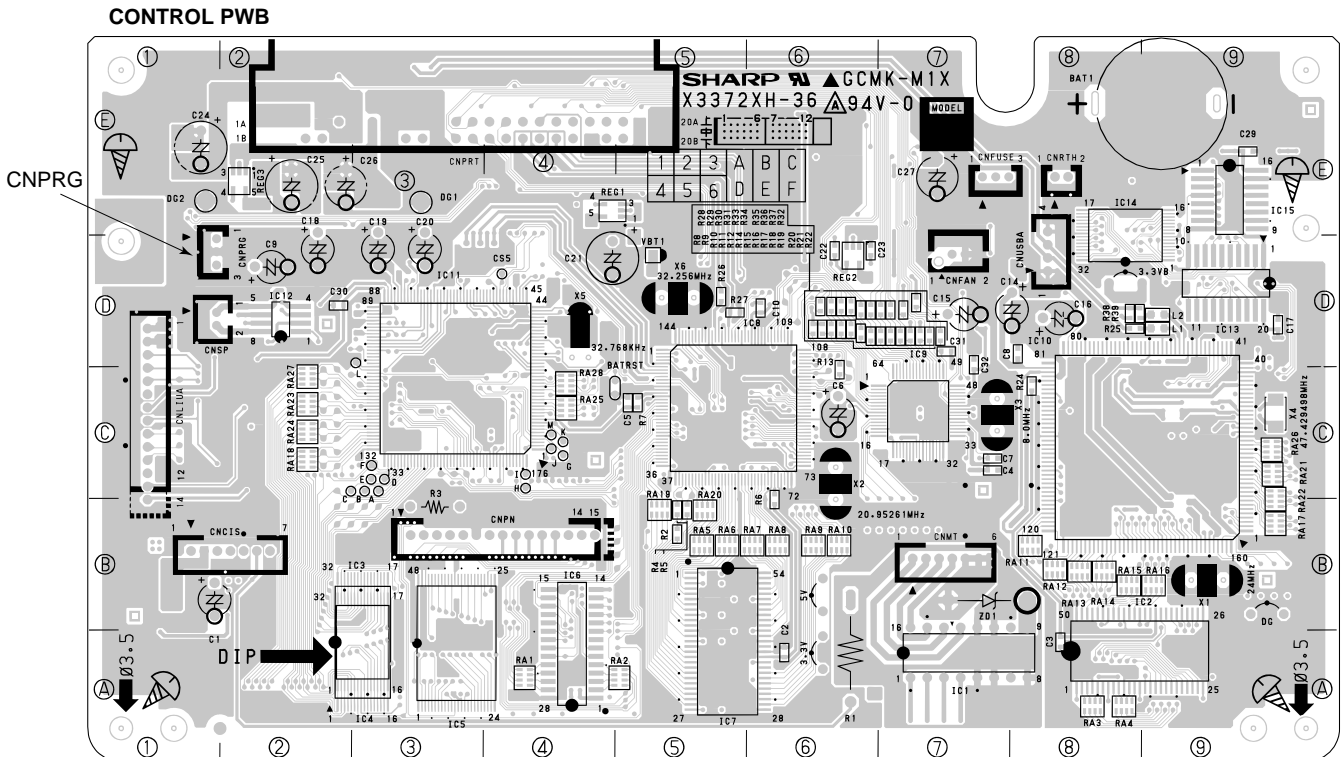


Fig. 4 Connection of Main Cable

SHARP PARTS GUIDE

MODEL **FO-3150**

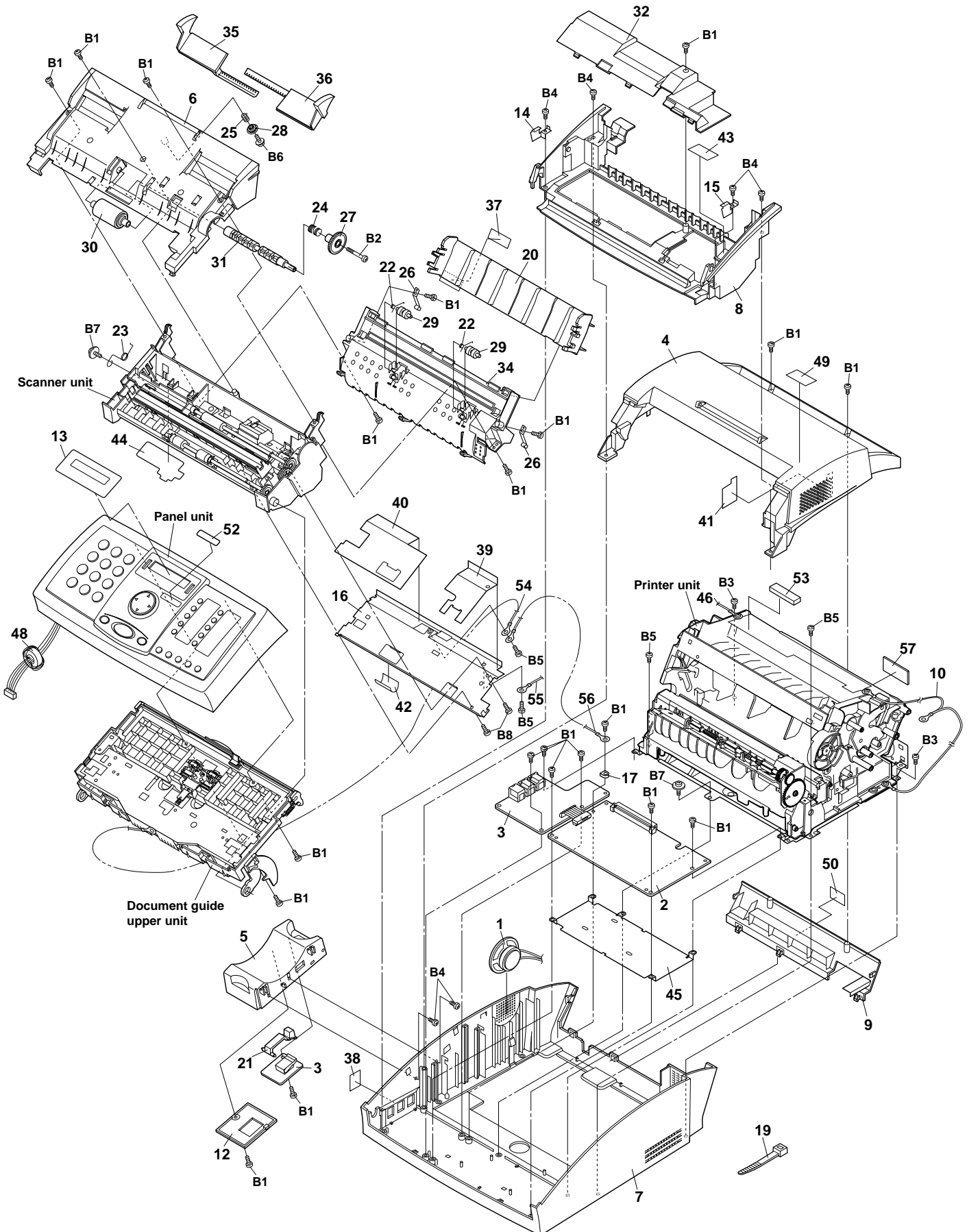
MODEL	SELECTION CODE	DESTINATION
FO-3150	U	U.S.A.
FO-3150	C	Canada

CONTENTS

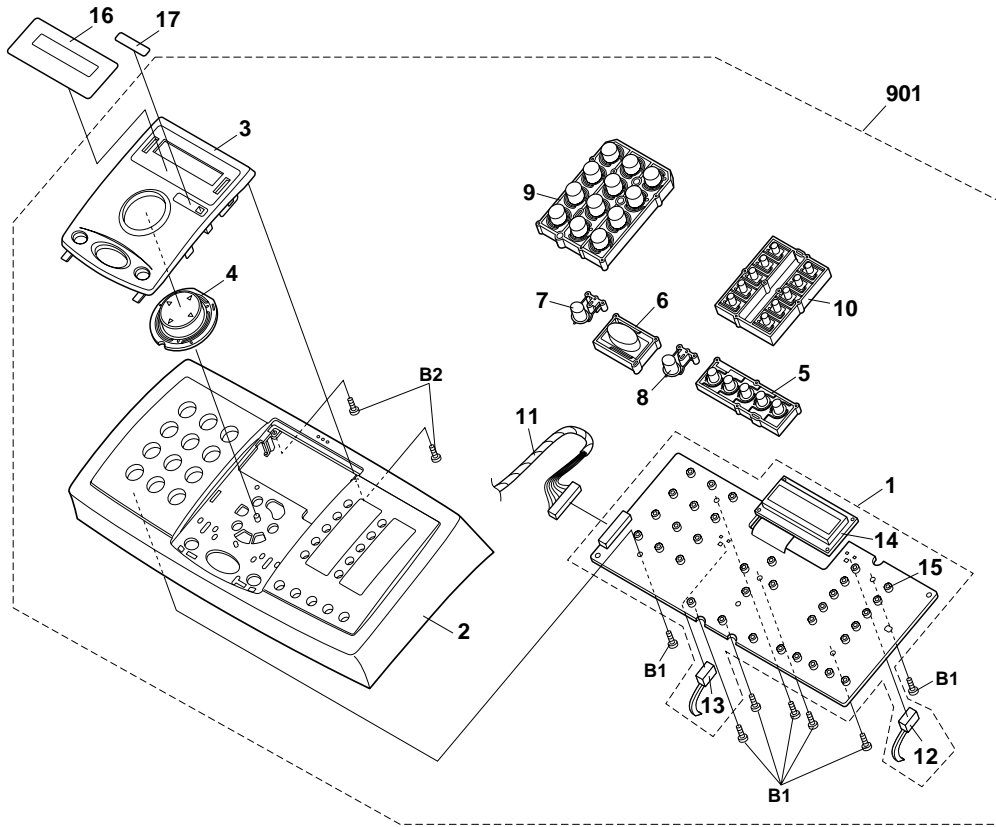
- | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|----|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Cabinet, etc. | 9 | Fusing unit |
| 2 | Operation panel unit | 10 | Packing material & Accessories |
| 3 | Document guide upper unit | 11 | Control PWB unit |
| 4 | Drive unit | 12 | TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB unit |
| 5 | Scanner frame unit | 13 | Printer PWB unit |
| 6 | Printer frame | 14 | Power supply PWB unit |
| 7 | Upper frame | 15 | Operation panel PWB unit |
| 8 | Lower frame | ■ | Index |

Because parts marked with "△" is indispensable for the machine safety maintenance and operation, it must be replaced with the parts specific to the product specification.

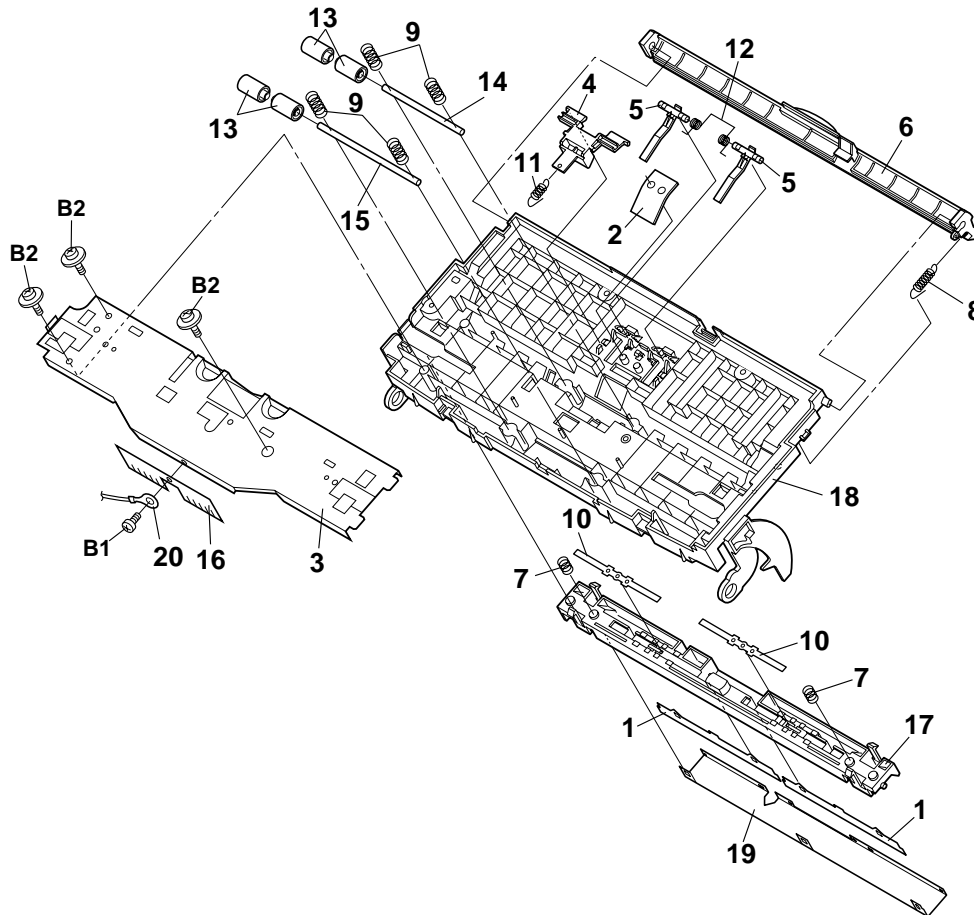
[1] Cabinet, etc.



[2] Operation panel unit

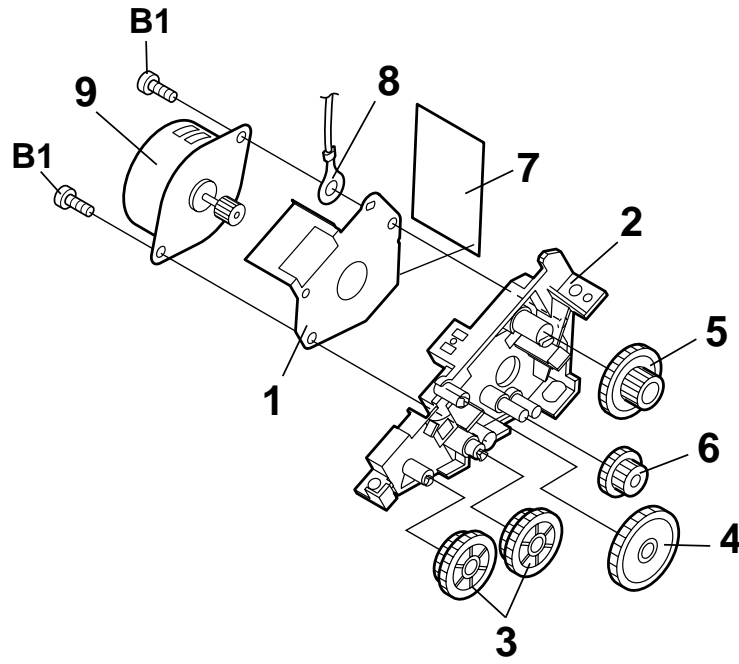


[3] Document guide upper unit

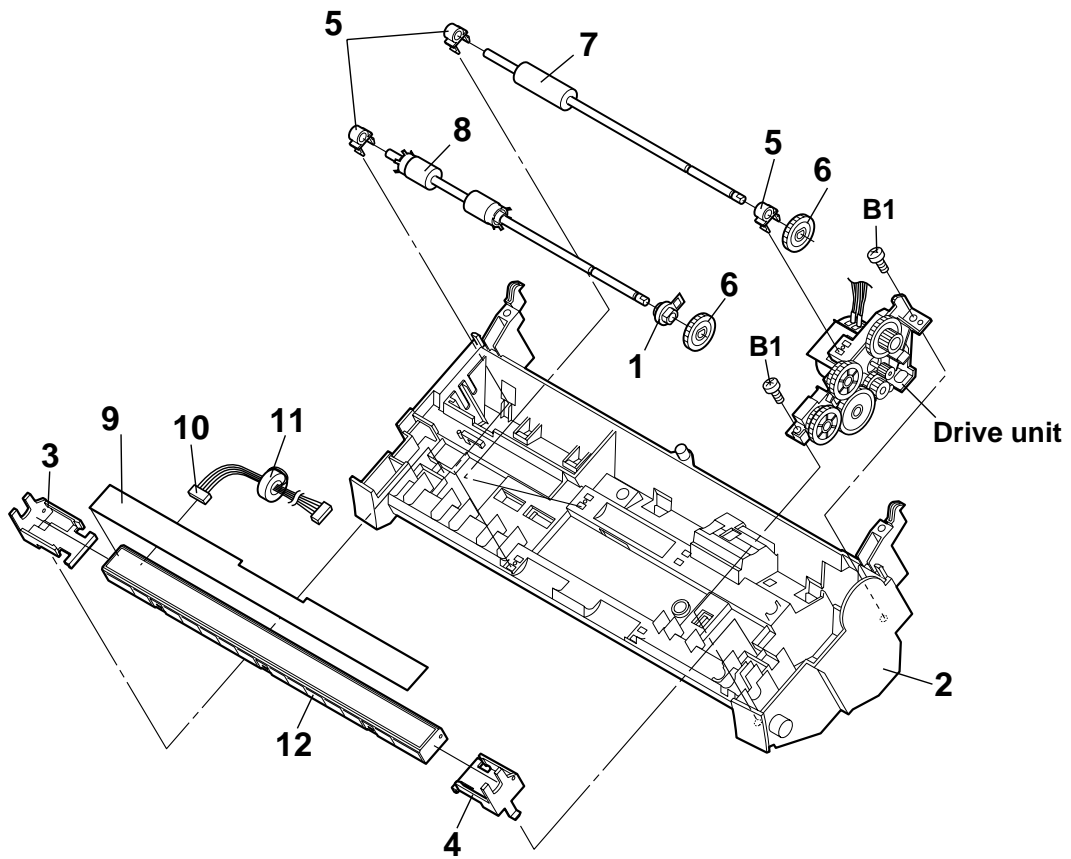


NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[2] Operation panel unit					
1	DCEKP211DXH01	BM	N	E	Operation panel PWB unit
2	GCASP2176XHSA	AX	N	D	Panel case
3	GCOVA2480XHSA	AP	N	C	Panel cover
4	JBTN-2412XHSA	AK	N	C	Cursor key
5	JBTN-2413XHSA	AG	N	C	Function key
6	JBTN-2414XHSA	AG	N	C	Start key
7	JBTN-2415XHSA	AF	N	C	Stop key
8	JBTN-2416XHSA	AF	N	C	Copy key
9	JBTN-2417XHSA	AK	N	C	10 key
10	JBTN-2418XHSA	AG	N	C	Direct key
11	QCNWN410BXHZZ	AV	N	C	Panel cable
12	QSW-M2294XHZZ	AE		C	Front sensor
13	QSW-Z2262AXZZ	AE		C	Original sensor
14	RUNTZ2127XH01	BC		E	LCD unit
15	QSW-Q2331XHZZ	AE		C	Tact switch
16	HPNLH2435XHZZ	AN	N	C	Decoration panel
17	TLABZ488FXHZZ	AF	N	D	Cover label
B1	XEBSD20P06000	AA		C	Screw(2x6)
B2	XEBSD26P08000 (Unit)	AA		C	(2.6x8)
901	CCASP2176XH51	BN	N	E	Operation panel unit
[3] Document guide upper unit					
1	LANGF2827XHZZ	AL	N	C	Back bracket
2	LPLTG3307XHZZ	AF	N	C	Separation rubber
3	LPLTM3090XHZZ	AS	N	C	Document paper guide plate
4	LPLTP2790XHZZ	AD		C	Separate plate
5	MARMP2025XHZZ	AF	N	C	FD arm
6	MLEVP2331XHZZ	AL	N	C	Release lever
7	MSPRC3153XHZZ	AF	N	C	Back spring 2
8	MSPRC3163XHZZ	AF	N	C	LC-RT spring
9	MSPRC3164XHZZ	AD	N	C	Pinch roller spring
10	MSPRP3152XHZZ	AG	N	C	Back spring 1
11	MSPRT3162XHZZ	AF	N	C	Separate spring
12	MSPRT3168XHZZ	AF	N	C	Feed spring
13	NROLP2334XHZA	AC		C	Pinch roller
14	NSFTZ2322XHZZ	AK	N	C	Pinch roller shaft 1
15	NSFTZ2323XHZZ	AL	N	C	Pinch roller shaft 2
16	PBRs-2050XHZZ	AK	N	C	Paper brush
17	PGIDM2583XHZA	AN	N	C	Back guide
18	PGIDP2582XHZA	AV	N	C	Document guide upper
19	PSHEZ3497XHZZ	AN	N	C	Back sheet
20	QCNWN430BXHZZ	AG	N	C	CIS earth cable
B1	XHBSE30P06000	AA		C	Screw(3x6)
B2	LX-BZ2205SCZZ	AB		C	Screw(3x8)

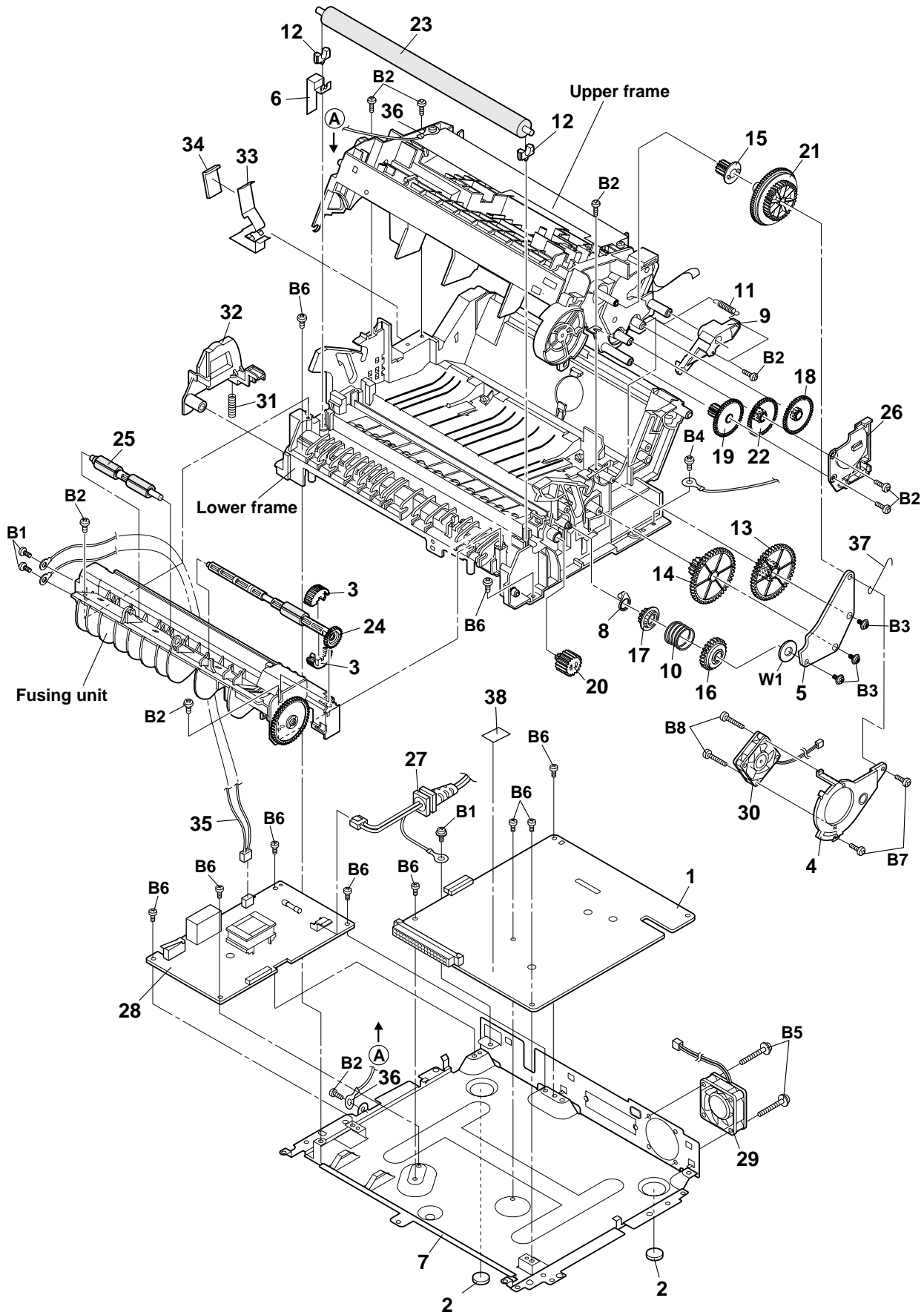
[4] Drive unit



[5] Scanner frame unit



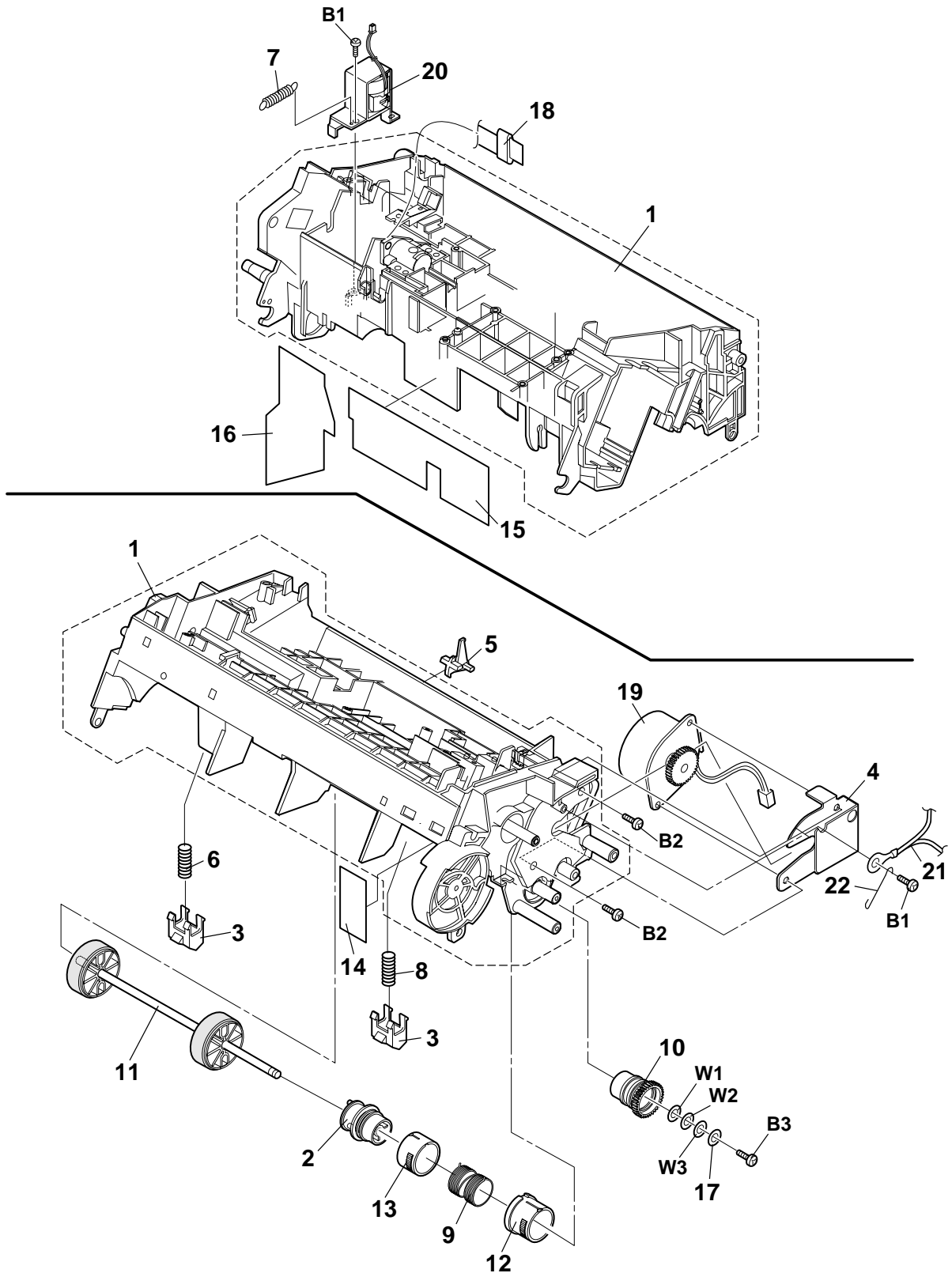
[6] Printer frame



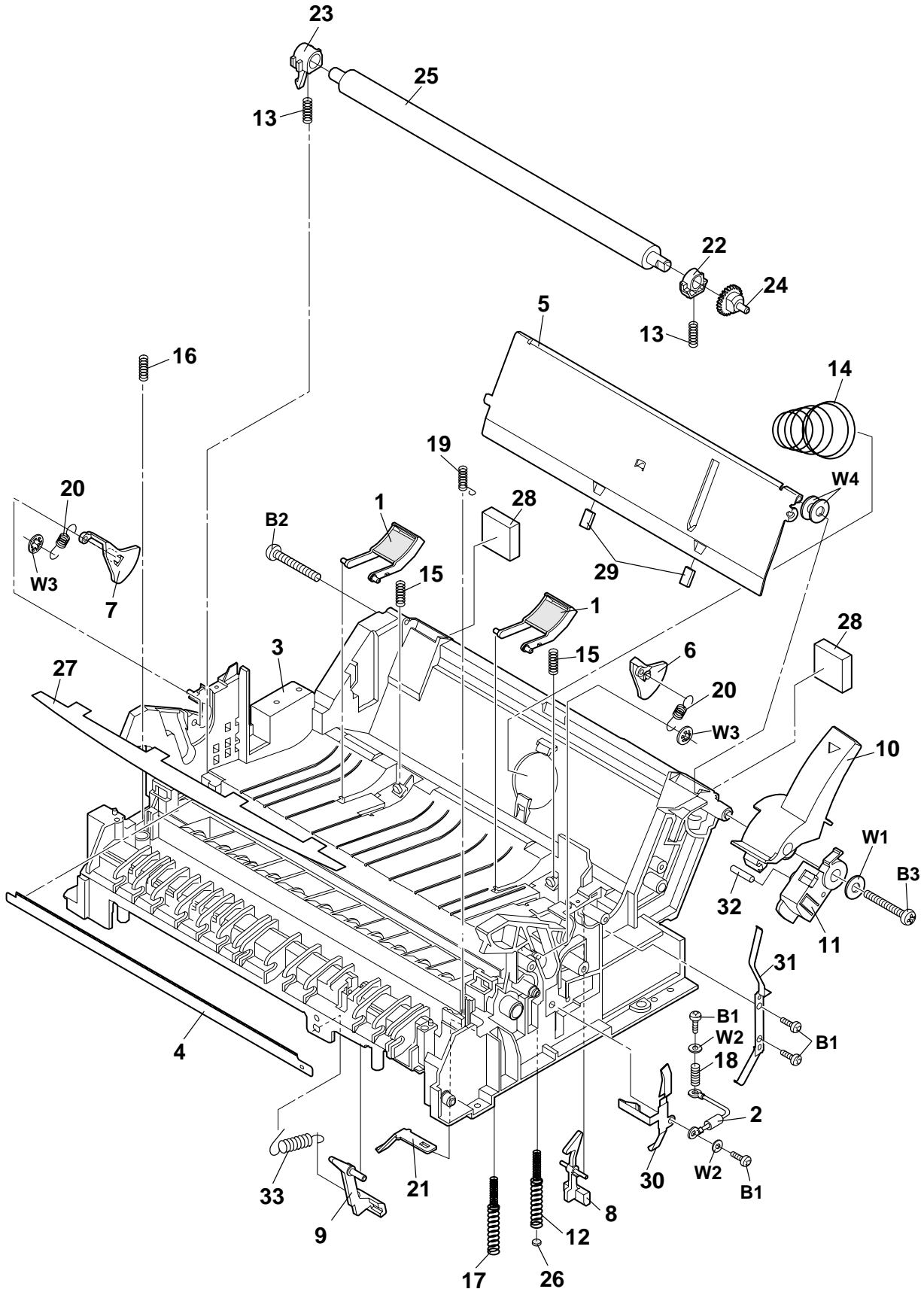
NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[6]Printer frame					
1	DCEK-213DXH01	CA	N	E	Printer PWB unit
2	GLEGG2085XHZZ	AK	N	C	Gum leg
3	JKNBZ0004GCZZ	AC		C	Fusing knob
4	LANGT2863XHZZ	AN	N	C	Fan bracket
5	LPLTM0159GCZ1	AD		C	Gear plate
6	LPLTM0282GCZZ	AD		C	Heat sink plate
7	LPLTM3083XHZZ	BA	N	C	Bottom plate
8	MLEVP0037GCZZ	AB		C	Fusing clutch lever
9	MLEVP0093GCZZ	AD		C	Tray lock lever
10	MSPRC0135GCAZ	AB		C	Fusing clutch spring
11	MSPRT0307GCZZ	AA		C	Lock lever spring
12	NBRGP0106GCZZ	AF		C	Fusing bearing
13	NGERH0071GCZZ	AC		C	Motor idle gear
14	NGERH0072GCZ1	AD		C	Drum idle gear
15	NGERH0076GCZZ	AC		C	Developer drive gear B
16	NGERH0077GCZZ	AC		C	Fusing clutch gear A
17	NGERH0078GCZZ	AC		C	Fusing clutch gear B
18	NGERH0094GCZZ	AC		C	PU idle gear A
19	NGERH0096GCZZ	AC		C	PU idle gear C
20	NGERH0171GCZ3	AE	N	C	Fusing idle gear
21	NGERH0172GCZZ	AH		C	Developer drive gear A
22	NGERH0173GCZZ	AD		C	PU idle gear B2
23	NROLP0109GCZZ	AY		C	Fusing roller
24	NROLP2442SCZZ	AF		C	Paper exit roller upper A
25	NROLP2443SCZA		N	C	Paper exit roller upper B
26	PCOVP0086GCZ1	AD	N	C	Fusing gear cover
27	QACCD2072XHZZ	AP		C	AC cord
28	RDENT2200XHZZ	BT	N	E	Power supply PWB unit
29	RMOTZ2189XHZZ	BK	N	B	Rear fan
30	RMOTZ2190XHZZ	BK	N	B	Right fan
31	MSPRC3151XHZZ	AF	N	C	SW lever spring
32	MLEVP2330XHZZ	AK	N	C	Interlock SW lever
33	MSPRP3150XHZZ	AN	N	C	Speaker spring
34	PCUSG2136XHZZ	AF	N	C	Speaker cushion
35	DHAI-0142GCZZ	AH		C	Heater Harness
36	QCNW-387ASCZZ	AD		C	Ground cable D2
37	PWIR-2037XHZZ	AE	N	C	Earth spring
38	PSHEP3807XHZZ		N	C	Photo sheet
B1	LX-BZ2282XHZZ	AB		C	Screw(4x6)
B2	XEBSD30P08000	AA		C	Screw(3x8)
B3	XEPSD30P08X00	AA		C	Screw(3x8)
B4	XHBSD30P08000	AA		C	Screw(3x8)
B5	LX-BZ2252SCZZ	AB		C	Screw
B6	XHBSE30P06000	AA		C	Screw(3x6)
B7	XEBSF30P14000	AA		C	Screw(3x14)
B8	XHBSD30P16000	AA		C	Screw(3x16)
W1	LX-WZ2011SCZZ	AA		C	Washer

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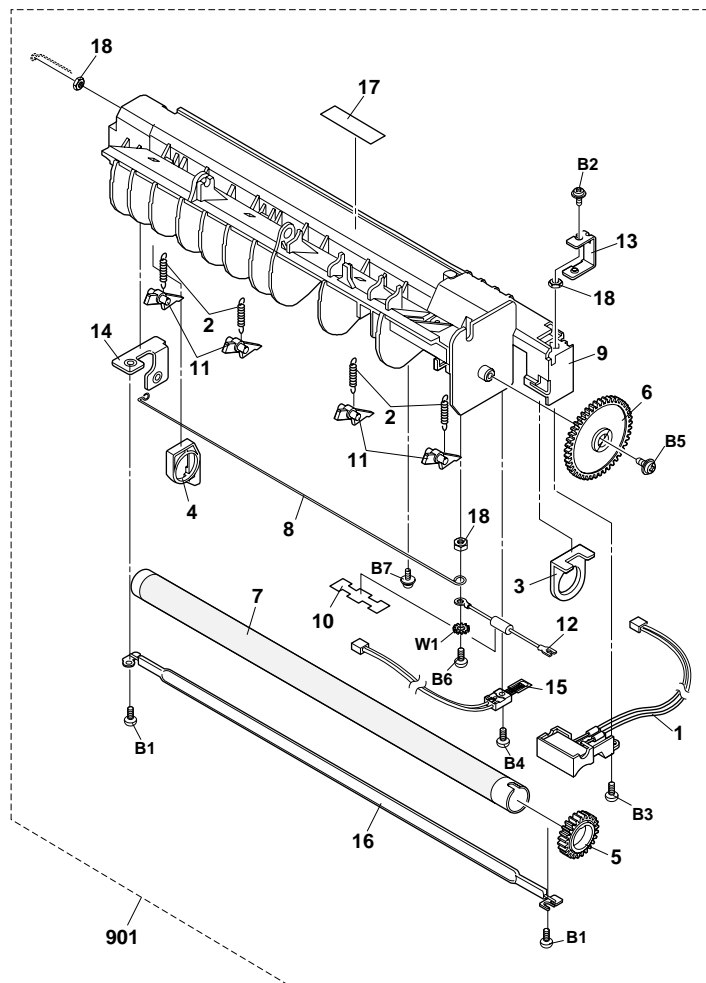
[7] Upper frame



[8] Lower frame

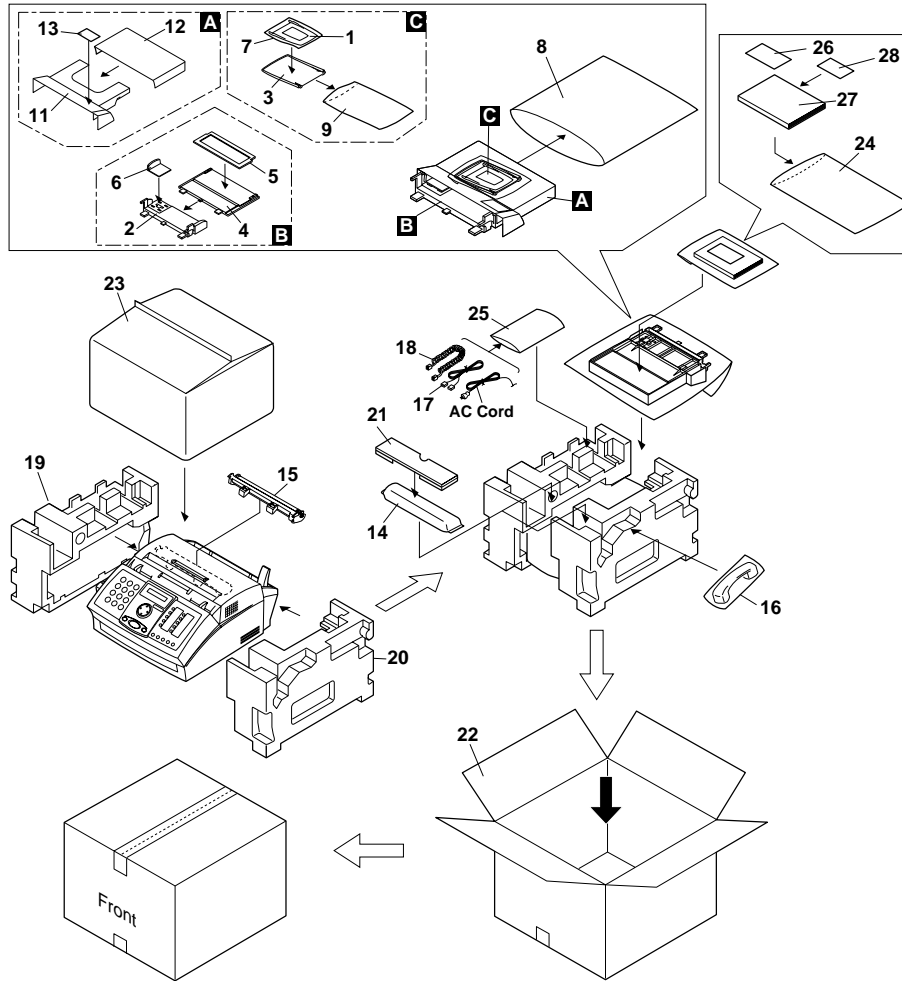


[9] Fusing unit



NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[9] Fusing unit					
1	CHLDZ0040PS73	AR		E	Temperature fuse holder
2	MSPRT0308GCZZ	AA		C	Fusing separate spring
3	NBRGC0035GCZ1	AE		C	Fusing bearing R
4	NBRGP0082GCZZ	AB		C	Fusing bearing L
5	NGERH0083GCZ1	AE		C	Fusing gear
6	NGERH0174GCZZ	AD		C	Paper out idler gear
7	NROLM2501SCZ1	AY		C	Fusing roller
8	PBARM0001GCA1	AD		C	Fusing bar
9	PCOVP0091GCZ1		N	C	Fusing cover
10	PSHEP0161GCZ2	AC		C	Fuse sheet
11	PTME-0022GCZZ	AF		C	Separate nail
12	QFS-T0005GCZZ	AQ		A	Temperature fuse
13	QSLP-0029GCZZ	AD		C	Fusing terminal
14	QSLP-0030GCZZ	AD		C	Fusing AC terminal C
15	RDTCT0014GCZZ	AP		B	Thermistor
16	RLMPU0021GCNA	AX		B	Lamp
17	TCAUH0017QCZZ		N	D	Caution label
18	XNGSN30-18000	AC		C	Nut(M3)
B1	XBPSN30P05K00	AA		C	Screw(3x5)
B2	XBPSN30P06KS0	AA		C	Screw(3x6)
B3	XEBSD30P08000	AA		C	Screw(3x8)
B4	XEBSD30P10000	AA		C	Screw(3x10)
B5	XEPSD30P06X00	AA		C	Screw(3x6)
B6	LX-BZ0030GCZZ	AB		C	Screw
B7	LX-BZ3004SC0B	AA		C	Screw
W1	XWVUW30-04000	AA		C	Washer
	(Unit)				
901	DUNTW495CSC01	BN		E	Fusing unit

[10] Packing material & Accessories



NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[10] Packing material & Accessories					
1	LPLTP3084XHQB	AP	N	C	Ext.hopper
2	LPLTP3085XHQB	AR	N	C	Paper tray base
3	LPLTP3088XHQB	AQ	N	C	Paper exit tray
4	LPLTP3283XHSA		N	C	Paper tray
5	LPLTP3284XHSA		N	C	Ext.paper tray
6	PGIDM2581XHQB	AL	N	C	Paper guide
7	SPAKP325DXHZZ	AD	N	D	Bag
8	SPAKP354FXHZZ		N	D	Vinyl bag
9	SPAKP304FXHZZ	AE	N	D	Vinyl bag
11	GCOVA2481XHQB	AY	N	C	Paper cover
12	GCOVA2482XHQB	AY	N	C	Ext.paper cover
13	TLABH336GXHZZ	AG	N	D	Paper set label
14	DUNT-205CSCZB	BW	N	S	Toner cartridge(Initial starter cartridge)
15	DUNT-206CSCZZ	BW	N	S	Drum cartridge(Initial starter cartridge)
16	DUNTK497CXHFW	AY		E	Handset unit
17	QCNW-290ASCZZ	AE		C	Telephone line cord
18	QCNW-289ASCOW	AG		C	Handset cord
19	SPAKA229FXHZZ	AP	N	D	Add.,left
20	SPAKA230FXHZZ	AP	N	D	Add.,Right
21	SPAKA231FXHZZ	AF	N	D	Pad,DV
22	SPAKC227FXHTZ	AY	N	D	Packing case
23	SPAKP355BXHZZ	AG	N	D	Body cover
24	SSAKA2003XHZZ	AA		D	Vinyl bag,operation manual(240x360mm)
25	SSAKA3001CCZZ	AA		D	Vinyl bag,handset cord(140x360mm)
26	TLABZ217GXHZZ	AG	N	D	Rapid key label
27	TINSE4357XHTZ	BC	N	D	Operation manual
	TINSK4396XHTZ	AY	N	D	Operation manual
28	TCADZ3503XHZZ		N	D	Errata sheet

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[FO-3150U]

[FO-3150C]

[FO-3150U]

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[11] Control PWB unit					
1	UBATL2049SCZZ	AF		B	Battery(CR2032T23) [BAT1]
2	VCEAGA1EW476M	AA		C	Capacitor(25WV 47μF) [C1]
3	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C4]
4	VCEAGA1EW476M	AA		C	Capacitor(25WV 47μF) [C6]
5	VCEAGA1EW476M	AA		C	Capacitor(25WV 47μF) [C9]
6	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C10]
7	VCEAGA1EW476M	AA		C	Capacitor(25WV 47μF) [C18]
8	VCEAGA1EW476M	AA		C	Capacitor(25WV 47μF) [C19]
9	VCEAGA1EW476M	AA		C	Capacitor(25WV 47μF) [C20]
10	VCEAEA1CW107M	AC		C	Capacitor(16WV 100μF) [C21]
11	VCEAEA1HW226M	AB		C	Capacitor(50WV 22μF) [C24]
12	VCEAEA1CW107M	AC		C	Capacitor(16WV 100μF) [C25]
13	VCEAEA1EW476M	AB		C	Capacitor(25WV 47μF) [C26]
14	VCEAEA1EW476M	AB		C	Capacitor(25WV 47μF) [C27]
15	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C31]
16	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C100]
17	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C101]
18	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C102]
19	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C103]
20	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF) [C108]
21	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C109]
22	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C110]
23	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C111]
24	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C112]
25	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C113]
26	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C114]
27	VCKYCY1HB222K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 2200PF) [C117]
28	VCKYCY1HB222K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 2200PF) [C118]
29	VCKYCY1HB222K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 2200PF) [C119]
30	VCKYCY1HB222K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 2200PF) [C120]
31	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C121]
32	VCCCCY1HH101J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100PF) [C122]
33	VCCCCY1HH101J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100PF) [C123]
34	VCCCCY1HH101J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100PF) [C124]
35	VCCCCY1HH101J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100PF) [C125]
36	VCCCCY1HH101J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100PF) [C126]
37	VCCCCY1HH101J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100PF) [C127]
38	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C128]
39	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C129]
40	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C130]
41	VCKYCY1CB104K	AB		C	Capacitor(16WV 0.1μF) [C133]
42	VCKYCY1CB104K	AB		C	Capacitor(16WV 0.1μF) [C135]
43	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C136]
44	VCKYCY1HB473K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.047μF) [C144]
45	VCKYCY1HB473K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.047μF) [C145]
46	VCKYCY1HB473K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.047μF) [C146]
47	VCKYCY1HB473K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.047μF) [C147]
48	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C148]
49	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C149]
50	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C150]
51	VCCCCY1HH220J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 22PF) [C151]
52	VCCCCY1HH220J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 22PF) [C152]
53	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [C157]
54	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C160]
55	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C164]
56	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C165]
57	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C166]
58	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C167]
59	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C168]
60	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C169]
61	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C171]
62	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C172]
63	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C173]
64	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C174]
65	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C175]
66	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C176]
67	VCCCCY1HH270J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 27PF) [C177]
68	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C184]
69	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [C185]
70	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C191]
71	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF) [C192]
72	VCCCCY1HH100D	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 10PF) [C193]
73	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C194]
74	VCCCCY1HH100D	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 10PF) [C195]
75	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C196]
76	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C197]
77	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C198]
78	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C199]
79	VCCCCY1HH270J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 27PF) [C201]
80	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C212]

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION	
[11] Control PWB unit						
81	VCKYCY1HB471K	AB		C	Capacitor(50WV 470PF)	[C213]
82	VCKYCY1HB103K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.01μF)	[C214]
83	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C215]
84	VCKYCY1HB103K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.01μF)	[C216]
85	VCKYCY1HB472K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 4700PF)	[C217]
86	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C218]
87	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C219]
88	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C220]
89	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C221]
90	VCKYCY1CB104K	AB		C	Capacitor(16WV 0.1μF)	[C222]
91	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C223]
92	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C224]
93	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C225]
94	VCCCY1HH101J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100PF)	[C226]
95	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C227]
96	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C228]
97	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C229]
98	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C230]
99	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C231]
100	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C232]
101	VCCCY1HH220J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 22PF)	[C233]
102	VCCCY1HH220J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 22PF)	[C234]
103	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C235]
104	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C237]
105	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C238]
106	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF)	[C243]
107	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C249]
108	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C253]
109	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C254]
110	VCKYCY1HB472K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 4700PF)	[C257]
111	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C258]
112	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C259]
113	VCCCY1HH470J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 47PF)	[C260]
114	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C262]
115	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C264]
116	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C266]
117	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C267]
118	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C279]
119	QCNCM7014SC0G	AB		C	Connector(7pin)	[CNCIS]
120	QCNCM2498SC0B	AB		C	Connector(2pin)	[CNFAN]
121	QCNCM7014SC0C	AA		C	Connector(3pin)	[CNFUSE]
122	QCNCW2500SC1B	AF		C	Connector(12pin)	[CNLIUA]
123	QCNCM7014SC0F	AB		C	Connector(6pin)	[CNMT]
124	QCNCM7014SC1D	AC		C	Connector(14pin)	[CNPN]
125	QCNCM2401SC0C	AB		C	Connector(3pin)	[CNPRG]
126	QCNCM2436SC4J	AH		C	Connector(40pin)	[CNPRT]
127	QCNCM7014SC0B	AD		C	Connector(2pin)	[CNRTH]
128	QCNCM2401SC0B	AA		C	Connector(2pin)	[CNSP]
129	VHD1SS355/-1	AB		B	Diode(1SS355)	[D100]
130	VHDDA204K/-1	AC		B	Diode(DA204K)	[D101]
131	VHD1SS355/-1	AB		B	Diode(1SS355)	[D102]
132	VHD1SS355/-1	AB		B	Diode(1SS355)	[D104]
133	VHDHRW0202B-1	AD		B	Diode(HRW0202B)	[D105]
134	VHDDA204K/-1	AC		B	Diode(DA204K)	[D106]
135	VHDDA204K/-1	AC		B	Diode(DA204K)	[D107]
136	QFS-L1037YCZZ	AD		A	Fuse(KAB3202 801)	[FU100]
137	RH-IX2356XHZZ	AL		B	IC,Driver IC(ULN2001)	[IC1]
138	VHIF004/TC03A	BC	N	B	IC,ROM(SST39LF040-45)Ver.TC03A(DROM-785SXH01)	[IC3][FO-3150C]
139	VHIF004/TB26D	BC	N	B	IC,ROM(SST39LF040-45)Ver.TB26D(DROM-489SXH0A)	[IC3][FO-3150U]
140	VHI28F4BVE185	AX		B	IC,4Mbit Flash ROM(LH28F400BVE-TL85)	[IC5]
141	RH-IX2288SCZZ	BE		B	IC,16Mbit DRAM(IS41LV8205)	[IC6]
142	RH-IX2358XHZZ	BF		B	IC,64Mbit SDRAM(M12L64164A-7T)	[IC7]
143	RH-IX2352XHZZ	BH		B	IC,Original ASIC(μPD65944)	[IC8]
144	RH-IX2359XHZZ	BD		B	IC,CPU(μPD780032A)	[IC9]
145	VHISCE214/-1	BN		B	IC,FAX Engine(SCE214)	[IC11]
146	VHINJM2113M-1	AG		B	IC,Speaker Amp.(NJM2113M)	[IC12]
147	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[L106]
148	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[L107]
149	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%)	[L108]
150	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[L109]
151	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[L110]
152	VS2SA1530AS-1	AC		B	Transistor(2SA1530AS)	[Q100]
153	VSRT1N141C/-1	AB		B	Transistor(RT1N141C)	[Q101]
154	VSRT1N141C/-1	AB		B	Transistor(RT1N141C)	[Q102]
155	VSRT1N141C/-1	AB		B	Transistor(RT1N141C)	[Q108]
156	VSRT1N141C/-1	AB		B	Transistor(RT1N141C)	[Q109]
157	VSRT1N141C/-1	AB		B	Transistor(RT1N141C)	[Q110]
158	VS2SA1036KR-1	AC		B	Transistor(2SA1036)	[Q111]
159	VRS-HT3DA301J	AA		C	Resistor(2W 300Ω ±5%)	[R11]
160	VRS-CY1JB330J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33Ω ±5%)	[R2]

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[11] Control PWB unit					
161	VRS-CY1JB330J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33Ω ±5%) [R4]
162	VRS-CY1JB330J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33Ω ±5%) [R5]
163	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R6]
164	VRS-CY1JB201J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 200Ω ±5%) [R7]
165	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R8]
166	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R9]
167	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R10]
168	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R11]
169	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R12]
170	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R13]
171	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R14]
172	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R15]
173	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R16]
174	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R17]
175	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R18]
176	VRS-CY1JB203J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 20KΩ ±5%) [R19]
177	VRS-CY1JB333J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33KΩ ±5%) [R20]
178	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R21]
179	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R22]
180	VRS-CY1JB330J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33Ω ±5%) [R26]
181	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R28]
182	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R29]
183	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R30]
184	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R31]
185	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R32]
186	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R33]
187	VRS-CY1JB201J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 200Ω ±5%) [R34]
188	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R35]
189	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R36]
190	VRS-CY1JB333J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33KΩ ±5%) [R37]
191	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R100]
192	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R101]
193	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R102]
194	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R103]
195	VRS-CY1JB512J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 5.1KΩ ±5%) [R104]
196	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R105]
197	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R106]
198	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R109]
199	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R110]
200	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R111]
201	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R112]
202	VRS-CY1JB393J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 39KΩ ±5%) [R123]
203	VRS-CY1JB392J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 3.9KΩ ±5%) [R124]
204	VRS-CY1JB752J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 7.5KΩ ±5%) [R125]
205	VRS-CY1JB105J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1MΩ ±5%) [R127]
206	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R129]
207	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R130]
208	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R131]
209	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R132]
210	VRS-CY1JB105J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1MΩ ±5%) [R135]
211	VRS-CY1JB561J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 560Ω ±5%) [R136]
212	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R137]
213	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R138]
214	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R139]
215	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R140]
216	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R141]
217	VRS-CY1JB104J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100KΩ ±5%) [R142]
218	VRS-CY1JB104J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100KΩ ±5%) [R143]
219	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R144]
220	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R145]
221	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R154]
222	VRS-CY1JB471J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 470Ω ±5%) [R155]
223	VRS-CY1JB330J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33Ω ±5%) [R156]
224	VRS-CY1JB330J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33Ω ±5%) [R157]
225	VRS-CY1JB330J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33Ω ±5%) [R158]
226	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%) [R159]
227	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R160]
228	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R161]
229	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R162]
230	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R164]
231	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R165]
232	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R166]
233	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R167]
234	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R168]
235	VRS-CY1JB105J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1MΩ ±5%) [R169]
236	VRS-CY1JB471J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 470Ω ±5%) [R170]
237	VRS-CY1JB151J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 150Ω ±5%) [R176]
238	VRS-CY1JB151J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 150Ω ±5%) [R177]
239	VRS-CY1JB680J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 68Ω ±5%) [R178]
240	VRS-CY1JB680J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 68Ω ±5%) [R179]

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION	
[11] Control PWB unit						
241	VRS-CY1JB680J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 68Ω ±5%)	[R180]
242	VRS-CY1JB106J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10MΩ ±5%)	[R181]
243	VRS-CY1JB471J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 470Ω ±5%)	[R182]
244	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R183]
245	VRS-CY1JB224J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 220KΩ ±5%)	[R184]
246	VRS-CY1JB681J	AA		C	Resistor(1/10W 680Ω ±5%)	[R185]
247	VRS-CY1JB105J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1MΩ ±5%)	[R186]
248	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%)	[R187]
249	VRS-CY1JB330J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 33Ω ±5%)	[R191]
250	VRS-CY1JB224J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 220KΩ ±5%)	[R196]
251	VRS-CY1JB104J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100KΩ ±5%)	[R197]
252	VRS-CY1JB183J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 18KΩ ±5%)	[R198]
253	VRS-CY1JB823J	AD		C	Resistor(1/16W 82KΩ ±5%)	[R199]
254	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%)	[R200]
255	VRS-CY1JB203J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 20KΩ ±5%)	[R201]
256	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R202]
257	VRS-CY1JB222J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 2.2KΩ ±5%)	[R203]
258	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%)	[R204]
259	VRS-CY1JB151J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 150Ω ±5%)	[R205]
260	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%)	[R206]
261	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%)	[R207]
262	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%)	[R208]
263	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R209]
264	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%)	[R210]
265	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%)	[R211]
266	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%)	[R212]
267	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%)	[R213]
268	VRS-CY1JB201J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 200Ω ±5%)	[R214]
269	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%)	[R216]
270	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R217]
271	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%)	[R218]
272	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%)	[R219]
273	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%)	[R220]
274	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R221]
275	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%)	[R222]
276	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%)	[R223]
277	VRS-CY1JB271J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 270Ω ±5%)	[R224]
278	VRSCY1JB2002F		N	C	Resistor(1/16W 20KΩ ±1%)	[R226]
279	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R227]
280	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%)	[R229]
281	VRS-CY1JB562J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 5.6KΩ ±5%)	[R231]
282	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R237]
283	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R239]
284	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%)	[R243]
285	VRS-CY1JB202J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 2KΩ ±5%)	[R244]
286	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%)	[R245]
287	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%)	[R246]
288	VRS-CY1JB681J	AA		C	Resistor(1/10W 680Ω ±5%)	[R247]
289	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA1]
290	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA2]
291	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA5]
292	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA6]
293	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA7]
294	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA8]
295	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA9]
296	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA10]
297	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA18]
298	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA19]
299	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA20]
300	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA23]
301	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA24]
302	RR-TZ3018SCZZ	AC		B	Block resistor(470Ωx4)	[RA25]
303	RR-TZ3016SCZZ	AA		C	Block resistor(33Ωx4)	[RA27]
304	RR-TZ3018SCZZ	AC		B	Block resistor(470Ωx4)	[RA28]
305	RH-IX2360XHZZ	AL		B	IC,3.3V REG(S-815A33AMC)	[REG1]
306	RH-IX2360XHZZ	AL		B	IC,3.3V REG(S-815A33AMC)	[REG3]
307	RCRSP2203XHZZ	AN		B	Crystal(20.95261MHz)	[X2]
308	RCRSP2204XHZZ	AN		B	Crystal(8MHz)	[X3]
309	RCRSB2185XHZZ	AD		B	Crystal(32.768kHz)	[X5]
310	RCRSP2207XHZZ	AS		B	Crystal(32.256MHz)	[X6]
311	VHE1N4748A/-1	AC		B	Diode(1N4748A)	[ZD1]
312	TLABN1235CCZZ	AA		D	EPROM label	
	(Unit)					
901	DCEKC489SXHZZ	CE	N	E	Control PWB unit	[FO-3150U]
	DCEKC785SXHZZ	CA	N	E	Control PWB unit	[FO-3150C]
[12] TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB unit						
1	VHVRA391PV6-1	AE		B	Varistor(RA-391P-V6-2)	[AR1]
2	VHVRA501PC6-1	AG		B	Varistor(RA501P-C6)	[AR3]
3	VCEAGA1HW226M	AB		C	Capacitor(50WV 22μF)	[C1]

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[12] TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB unit					
4	VCEAEA1HW226M	AB		C	Capacitor(50WV 22μF) [C3]
5	VCEAGA1HW226M	AB		C	Capacitor(50WV 22μF) [C5]
6	VCEAGA1HW107M	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100μF) [C6]
7	RC-FZ3024SCZZ	AG		C	Capacitor(250WV 0.82μF) [C7]
8	VCEAEA1CW476M	AA		C	Capacitor(16WV 47μF) [C9]
9	VCEAGA1HW226M	AB		C	Capacitor(50WV 22μF) [C11]
10	VCKYPA1HB103K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.01μF) [C12]
11	VCEAGA1HW226M	AB		C	Capacitor(50WV 22μF) [C13]
12	VCKYCY1HB472K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 4700PF) [C103]
13	VCKYCY1AF105Z	AC		C	Capacitor(10WV 1μF) [C106]
14	VCKYCY1HB222K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 2200PF) [C109]
15	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF) [C110]
16	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [C111]
17	VCCCCY1HH221J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 220PF) [C114]
18	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF) [C115]
19	VCCCCY1HH330J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 33PF) [C116]
20	VCCCCY1HH221J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 220PF) [C117]
21	VCKYCY1HF104Z	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF) [C118]
22	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [C120]
23	VCCCCY1HH330J	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 33PF) [C121]
24	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [C123]
25	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF) [C124]
26	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [C126]
27	VCKYCY1CB104K	AB		C	Capacitor(16WV 0.1μF) [C127]
28	VCKYCY1HB821K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 820PF) [C128]
29	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF) [C132]
30	VCKYCY1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF) [C133]
31	RRLYD3436XHZZ	AP		B	Relay(A5X-24E-908) [CML]
32	QJAKZ2079XH0D	AD		C	Jack(44pin) [CNHJ]
33	QCNCM2442SC0B	AB		C	Connector(2pin) [CNHS]
34	QCNCM2442SC0B	AK		C	HS cable(2pin) [CNHS2]
35	QCNCM2548SC1B	AH		C	Connector(12pin) [CNLIUA]
36	QJAKZ2060SC0B	AD		C	Jack(36pin) [CNLNJ]
37	QJAKZ2060SC0B	AD		C	Jack(36pin) [CNTLJ]
38	VHDDSS133/-1	AA		B	Diode(1SS133) [D1]
39	VHDDSS133/-1	AA		B	Diode(1SS133) [D2]
40	VHD1SS355/-1	AB		B	Diode(1SS355) [D101]
41	RH-IX2287SCZZ	AG		B	IC,Ope Amp.(HA17324AFEL) [IC101]
42	RFILN2035XHZZ	AF		C	Coil(LSHSR02C-001) [L1]
43	RFILN2035XHZZ	AF		C	Coil(LSHSR02C-001) [L2]
44	RCILZ2129SCZZ	AE		C	Coil(Z2129) [L11]
45	VHPPC814X/-1	AE		B	Photo coupler(PC814X) [PC1]
46	VHPPC817X4/-1	AC		B	Photo coupler(PC817X4) [PC2]
47	VSRT1N436C/-1	AD		B	Transistor(RT1N436C) [Q101]
48	VSRT1P141C+/-1	AB		B	Transistor(RT1P141C) [Q102]
49	VSRT1N436C/-1	AD		B	Transistor(RT1N436C) [Q103]
50	VS2SC3052F/-1	AD		B	Transistor(2SC3052F) [Q104]
51	VSRT1N436C/-1	AD		B	Transistor(RT1N436C) [Q105]
52	VRD-HT2EY151J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 150Ω ±5%) [R1]
53	VRD-HT2EY223J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 22KΩ ±5%) [R2]
54	VRS-RE2HA101J	AB		C	Resistor(1/2W 100Ω ±5%) [R3]
55	VRD-HT2HY223J	AA		C	Resistor(1/2W 22KΩ ±5%) [R6]
56	VRD-HT2EY300J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 30Ω ±5%) [R7]
57	VRD-HT2EY910J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 91Ω ±5%) [R8]
58	VRD-HT2EY102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 1KΩ ±5%) [R12]
59	VRS-CY1JB332J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 3.3KΩ ±5%) [R101]
60	VRS-CY1JB621J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 620Ω ±5%) [R102]
61	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R104]
62	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R105]
63	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R107]
64	VRS-CY1JB163J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 16KΩ ±5%) [R108]
65	VRS-CY1JB332J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 3.3KΩ ±5%) [R109]
66	VRS-CY1JB224J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 220KΩ ±5%) [R110]
67	VRS-CY1JB103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 10KΩ ±5%) [R111]
68	VRS-CY1JB113J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 11KΩ ±5%) [R112]
69	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R113]
70	VRS-CY1JB153J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 15KΩ ±5%) [R114]
71	VRS-CY1JB332J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 3.3KΩ ±5%) [R115]
72	VRS-CY1JB823J	AD		C	Resistor(1/16W 82KΩ ±5%) [R116]
73	VRS-CY1JB101J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 100Ω ±5%) [R117]
74	VRS-CY1JB393J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 39KΩ ±5%) [R119]
75	VRS-CY1JB332J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 3.3KΩ ±5%) [R120]
76	VRS-CY1JB362J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 3.6KΩ ±5%) [R121]
77	VRS-CY1JB000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 0Ω ±5%) [R122]
78	VRS-CY1JB822J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 8.2KΩ ±5%) [R123]
79	VRS-CY1JB243J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 24KΩ ±5%) [R124]
80	VRS-CY1JB102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 1KΩ ±5%) [R125]
81	VRS-CY1JB621J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 620Ω ±5%) [R126]
82	VRS-CY1JB223J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 22KΩ ±5%) [R127]
83	VRS-CY1JB133J	AA		C	Resistor(1/16W 13KΩ ±5%) [R128]

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION	
[12] TEL/LIU and Hook SW PWB unit						
84	QSW-Z2317XHZZ	AF		C	Hook switch	[SW1]
85	RTRNI2164XHZZ	AG		B	Transformer(I2164)	[T1]
86	VHEHZ2C1///-1	AA		B	Zener diode(HZ2C1)	[ZD1]
87	VHEHZ2C1///-1	AA		B	Zener diode(HZ2C1)	[ZD2]
88	VHEHZ2A1///-1	AC		B	Zener diode(HZ2A1)	[ZD3]
89	VHEHZ2A1///-1	AC		B	Zener diode(HZ2A1)	[ZD4]
90	VHEHZ9C3///-1	AE		B	Zener diode(HZ9C3)	[ZD5]
91	VHEHZ27-1///-1	AB		B	Zener diode(HZ27-1)	[ZD7]
	(Unit)					
901	DCEKL209DXH01	BH	N	E	LIU & Hook-SW PWB unit	
[13] Printer PWB unit						
1	VCEAGA1VW476M	AB		C	Capacitor(35WV 47μF)	[C1]
2	VCEAGA1VW476M	AB		C	Capacitor(35WV 47μF)	[C2]
3	VCTYPA1HF104Z	AC		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C4]
4	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C5]
5	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C6]
6	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C7]
7	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C8]
8	VCKYPA1HB331K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 330PF)	[C9]
9	VCTYPA1HF104Z	AC		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C10]
10	VCKYPA1HB331K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 330PF)	[C11]
11	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C12]
12	VCQYNA1HM472K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 4700PF)	[C14]
13	VCQYNA1HM472K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 4700PF)	[C19]
14	VCQYNA1HM153K	AB		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.015μF)	[C20]
15	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C21]
16	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C22]
17	VCTYPA1HF104Z	AC		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C23]
18	VCTYPA1HF104Z	AC		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C24]
19	VCEAGA1VW476M	AB		C	Capacitor(35WV 47μF)	[C25]
20	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C31]
21	VCQYNA1HM222K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 2200PF)	[C32]
22	VCKYQY3FB102K	AD		C	Capacitor(3KVV 1000PF)	[C33]
23	VCKYQY3JB102K	AD		C	Capacitor(6KVV 1000PF)	[C34]
24	VCKYQY3JB102K	AD		C	Capacitor(6KVV 1000PF)	[C35]
25	VCKYQY3JB102K	AD		C	Capacitor(6KVV 1000PF)	[C36]
26	VCKYQY3AB102K	AC		C	Capacitor(1KVV 1000PF)	[C37]
27	VCKYPA1HB391K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 390PF)	[C38]
28	VCKYQY3AB102K	AC		C	Capacitor(1KVV 1000PF)	[C39]
29	VCKYQY3DB151K	AC		C	Capacitor(2KVV 150PF)	[C40]
30	VCKYQY3AB102K	AC		C	Capacitor(1KVV 1000PF)	[C41]
31	VCTYPA1HF104Z	AC		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C42]
32	VCKYPA1HB101K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 100PF)	[C43]
33	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C44]
34	VCKYPA1HB102K	AA		C	Capacitor(50WV 1000PF)	[C45]
35	VCEAGA1VW476M	AB		C	Capacitor(35WV 47μF)	[C46]
36	VCTYPA1HF104Z	AC		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C47]
37	VCEAGA1VW476M	AB		C	Capacitor(35WV 47μF)	[C50]
38	VCTYPA1HF104Z	AC		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C51]
39	VCEAGA1VW476M	AB		C	Capacitor(35WV 47μF)	[C52]
40	VCTYPA1HF104Z	AC		C	Capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C53]
41	QCNCM2401SC0C	AB		C	Connector(3pin)	[CNFM]
42	QCNCWZK11AWZZ	AG		C	Connector(11pin)	[CNLSU]
43	QCNCM7022SC0D	AC		C	Connector(4pin)	[CNMMT]
44	QCNCM704BAF06	AC		C	Connector(2pin)	[CNPL]
45	QCNCW2436SC4J	AH		C	Connector(40pin)	[CNPRT]
46	QCNCM2575SC1B	AF		C	Connector(12pin)	[CNPW]
47	QCNCM7022SC0E	AB		C	Connector(5pin)	[CNTNR]
48	VHDDSM1D1//1	AB		B	Diode(DSM1D)	[D1]
49	VHDSHV06EN/-1	AL		B	Diode(SHV-06EN)	[D2]
50	VHDSHV06EN/-1	AL		B	Diode(SHV-06EN)	[D3]
51	VHDDSM1D1//1	AB		B	Diode(DSM1D)	[D4]
52	VHDSHV03//1	AE		B	Diode(SHV-03)	[D5]
53	VHDSHV03//1	AE		B	Diode(SHV-03)	[D6]
54	VHDSHV06EN/-1	AL		B	Diode(SHV-06EN)	[D7]
55	VHDSHV06EN/-1	AL		B	Diode(SHV-06EN)	[D8]
56	VHDSHV02//1	AD		B	Diode(SHV-02)	[D9]
57	VHDDSS133//1	AA		B	Diode(1SS133)	[D10]
58	VHDDSS133//1	AA		B	Diode(1SS133)	[D11]
59	QTANN2046SCZZ	AC		C	Terminal(N2046)	[DC-BIAS]
60	QTANN2046SCZZ	AC		C	Terminal(N2046)	[DRUM]
61	VHVICPN10//1	AD		C	IC protector(ICP-N10)	[F1]
62	VHVICPN25//1	AD		C	IC protector(ICP-N25)	[F2]
63	VHVICPN10//1	AD		C	IC protector(ICP-N10)	[F3]
64	QTANN2046SCZZ	AC		C	Terminal(N2046)	[FU-G]
65	VHIULN2003AN/	AE		B	IC,Transistor array(ULN2003AN)	[IC1]
66	VHIA2918SWH//	AR		B	IC, Motor driver(A2918SWH)	[IC2]
67	QTANN2046SCZZ	AC		C	Terminal(N2046)	[MC]
68	VHPSG206S//1	AG		B	Photo transistor(SG206S)	[PI1(POUT)]

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[13] Printer PWB unit					
69	VHPSG206S/-1	AG		B	Photo transistor(SG206S) [P12(PIN)]
70	VSDTC114ES/-1	AB		B	Transistor(DTC114) [Q1]
71	VS2SA854SR/-1	AC		B	Transistor(2SA854SR) [Q2]
72	VS2SC1815GR-1	AB		B	Transistor(2SC1815GR) [Q3]
73	VS2SA933SS/-1	AB		B	Transistor(2SA933AS) [Q4]
74	VS2SD1264/-1	AF		B	Transistor(2SD1264) [Q5]
75	VS2SA933SS/-1	AB		B	Transistor(2SA933AS) [Q6]
76	VS2SC1815GR-1	AB		B	Transistor(2SC1815GR) [Q7]
77	VS2SA933SS/-1	AB		B	Transistor(2SA933AS) [Q8]
78	VS2SD1264/-1	AF		B	Transistor(2SD1264) [Q9]
79	VRD-HT2EY472J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 4.7KΩ ±5%) [R2]
80	VRD-HT2EY473J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 47KΩ ±5%) [R3]
81	VRD-HT2EY392J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 3.9KΩ ±5%) [R12]
82	VRNHT2EK4701F	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 4.7KΩ ±1%) [R13]
83	VRNHT2EK2002F	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 20KΩ ±1%) [R14]
84	VRD-HT2EY472J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 4.7KΩ ±5%) [R15]
85	VRD-HT2EY153J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 15KΩ ±5%) [R16]
86	VRD-HT2EY103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 10KΩ ±5%) [R17]
87	VRD-HT2EY203J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 20KΩ ±5%) [R18]
88	VRD-HT2EY203J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 20KΩ ±5%) [R19]
89	VRD-HT2EY221J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 220Ω ±5%) [R27]
90	VRD-HT2EY222J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 2.2KΩ ±5%) [R28]
91	VRD-HT2EY104J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 100KΩ ±5%) [R29]
92	VRNHT2EK1102F	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 11.0KΩ ±1%) [R30]
93	VRD-HT2EY203J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 20KΩ ±5%) [R31]
94	VRD-HT2HY3R0J	AB		C	Resistor(1/2W 3.0Ω ±5%) [R32]
95	VRD-HT2EY620J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 62Ω ±5%) [R33]
96	VRD-HT2EY681J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 680Ω ±5%) [R34]
97	VRD-HT2EY103J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 10KΩ ±5%) [R36]
98	VRD-HT2EY474J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 470KΩ ±5%) [R37]
99	VRD-HT2EY105J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 1.0MΩ ±5%) [R38]
100	VRD-HT2EY512J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 5.1KΩ ±5%) [R39]
101	VRD-HT2EY561J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 560Ω ±5%) [R40]
102	VRD-HT2EY334J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 330KΩ ±5%) [R41]
103	VRD-HT2EY221J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 220Ω ±5%) [R42]
104	VRS-HT3AAR56J	AB		C	Resistor(1W 0.56Ω ±5%) [R43]
105	VRD-HT2EY102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 1KΩ ±5%) [R44]
106	VRD-HT2EY102J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 1KΩ ±5%) [R45]
107	VRS-HT3AAR56J	AB		C	Resistor(1W 0.56Ω ±5%) [R46]
108	VRD-HT2EY153J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 15KΩ ±5%) [R47]
109	VRD-HT2EY472J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 4.7KΩ ±5%) [R48]
110	VRD-HT2EY512J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 5.1KΩ ±5%) [R49]
111	VRD-HT2EY561J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 560Ω ±5%) [R50]
112	VRD-HT2EY105J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 1.0MΩ ±5%) [R51]
113	VRHDPT3AF395J	AD		C	Resistor(1W 3.9MΩ ±5%) [R52]
114	VRH-PT2HF395J	AC		C	Resistor(1/2W 3.9MΩ ±5%) [R53]
115	VRD-HT2HY3R0J	AB		C	Resistor(1/2W 3.0Ω ±5%) [R54]
116	VRD-HT2EY620J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 62Ω ±5%) [R55]
117	VRHYKU3AD257K	AH		C	Resistor(1W 250MΩ ±10%) [R56]
118	VRHAKU2HD107J	AF		C	Resistor(1/2W 100MΩ ±5%) [R57]
119	VRHAKU2HD207J	AF		C	Resistor(1/2W 200MΩ ±5%) [R58]
120	VRHAKU2HD825J	AF		C	Resistor(1/2W 8.2MΩ ±5%) [R59]
121	VRD-HT2EY000J	AA		C	Resistor(1/4W 0Ω ±5%) [R60]
122	VRS-RE3DA101J	AB		C	Resistor(2W 100Ω ±5%) [R63]
123	VHIKA7805AP-1	AE		B	IC(KIA7805API) [REG1]
124	RTRNZ0022GCZ1	AL		B	H/V transformer(Z0022) [T1]
125	RTRNZ0021GCZZ	AL		B	H/V transformer(Z0021) [T2]
126	QTANN2046SCZZ	AC		C	Terminal(N2046) [TC]
127	RVR-M1615QCZZ	AC		C	Variable resistor [VR1]
128	RVR-M251AQCZZ	AC		C	Variable resistor [VR2]
129	VHED2.4ESAB11	AC		B	Zener diode(RD2.4ES) [ZD1]
130	VHERD30JSAB21	AC		B	Zener diode(RD30JS) [ZD2]
131	VHERD30JSAB21	AC		B	Zener diode(RD30JS) [ZD3]
132	VHED2.4ESAB11	AC		B	Zener diode(RD2.4ES) [ZD4]
133	VHE1ZB200Y/-1	AF		B	Zener diode(1ZB200Y) [ZD5]
134	VHERD100E//-1	AC		B	Zener diode(RD100E) [ZD6]
135	VHERD100E//-1	AC		B	Zener diode(RD100E) [ZD7]
	(Unit)				
901	DCEK-213DXH01	CA	N	E	Printer PWB unit
[14] Power supply PWB unit					
1	0KYL5051AQ001	AE		C	Ferrite beads(BL02RN1) [BEA1]
2	0KYL5051AQ001	AE		C	Ferrite beads(BL02RN1) [BEA101]
3	0KYW0000AQ010	AC		C	Wire [BEA102]
4	0KYC2045QQ104	AK	N	C	Film capacitor(250WV 0.1μF) [C1]
5	0KYC2045QQ104	AK	N	C	Film capacitor(250WV 0.1μF) [C2]
6	0KYC3137KS151	AT	N	C	Electrolytic capacitor(200WV 150μF) [C5]
7	0KYC1076QQ102	AW	N	C	Ceramic capacitor(1000PF) [C6]
8	0KYC10A9RQ331	AF	N	C	Ceramic capacitor(1KWV 330PF) [C8]
9	0KYC1102EC103	AC		C	Ceramic capacitor(50WV 0.01μF) [C9]

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION	
[14] Power supply PWB unit						
10	0KYC1102EC472	AC		C	Ceramic capacitor(50WV 4700PF)	[C10]
11	0KYC10Q1EQ101	AC		C	Ceramic capacitor(50WV 100PF)	[C11]
12	0KYC1076QQ472	AL		C	Ceramic capacitor(4700PF)	[C15]
13	0KYC1076QQ472	AL		C	Ceramic capacitor(4700PF)	[C16]
14	0KYC1095EQ104	AD		C	Ceramic capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C22]
15	0KYC30A0DQ331	AK		C	Electrolytic capacitor(35WV 330μF)	[C101]
16	0KYC1095EQ104	AD		C	Ceramic capacitor(50WV 0.1μF)	[C105]
17	0KYC10A9RQ152	AH	N	C	Ceramic capacitor(1KWV 1500PF)	[C108]
18	0KYC30A0BQ471	AL	N	C	Electrolytic capacitor(16WV 470μF)	[C301]
19	0KYC30A0DQ330	AG	N	C	Electrolytic capacitor(35WV 33μF)	[C302]
20	0KYK2007BQ002	AL	N	C	Connector	[CNAC]
21	0KYK2051AQ002	AG		C	Connector	[CNHT]
22	0KYK2014LQ012	AN	N	C	Connector	[CNPW]
23	0KYD4066AQ105	AF		B	Zener diode(HZS30)	[D2]
24	0KYD2051AQ002	AD		B	Diode(1SS133)	[D4]
25	0KYD4066AQ060	AF	N	B	Zener diode(HZS9)	[D5]
26	0KYD2051AQ002	AD		B	Diode(1SS133)	[D6]
27	0KYD2051AQ002	AD		B	Diode(1SS133)	[D7]
28	0KYD1057AQ006	AF		B	Diode(ERA15-06)	[D10]
29	0KYD1057AQ006	AF		B	Diode(ERA15-06)	[D11]
30	0KYD1057AQ006	AF		B	Diode(ERA15-06)	[D12]
31	0KYD1057AQ006	AF		B	Diode(ERA15-06)	[D13]
32	0KYD1057AQ006	AF		B	Diode(ERA15-06)	[D51]
33	0KYD1057AQ006	AF		B	Diode(ERA15-06)	[D52]
34	0KYD2021BQ002	AS		B	Diode(YG911S2)	[D101]
35	0KYD4066AQ048	AF	N	B	Zener diode(HZS7)	[D110]
36	0KYD2066AQ006	AH		B	Diode(ERA83-006)	[D151]
37	0KYD4061AQ270	AL	N	B	Zener diode(HZ-27)	[D202]
38	0KYD20Q1AQ004	AM	N	B	Diode(EC21QS04)	[D301]
39	0KYD20Q1AQ004	AM	N	B	Diode(EC21QS04)	[D302]
40	0KYD2051AQ002	AD		B	Diode(1SS133)	[D501]
41	0KYD4068AQ039	AF	N	B	Zener diode(HZ6)	[D502]
42	0KYK7124AS100	AM	N	A	Fuse(8.0A/125V)	[F1]
43	0KYK7101AR4R0	AN		A	Fuse(4.0A/250V)	[F2]
44	0KY0MPS902200	AF	N	C	Heatsink	[HS1]
45	0KY0MPS902200	AF	N	C	Heatsink	[HS2]
46	0KY0MPS902200	AF	N	C	Heatsink	[HS3]
47	0KY0MPS902200	AF	N	C	Heatsink	[HS4]
48	0KYH1035AQ5R0	AT	N	B	Integrated circuit(PQ05RD11)	[IC301]
49	0KYW0000AQ015	AC		C	Wire	[J2]
50	0KYW0000AQ015	AC		C	Wire	[J4]
51	0KYW0000AQ015	AC		C	Wire	[J5]
52	0KYW0000AQ005	AC		C	Wire	[J6]
53	0KYW0000AQ007	AC	N	C	Wire	[J101]
54	0KYW0000AQ010	AC		C	Wire	[J102]
55	0KYW0000AQ015	AC		C	Wire	[J103]
56	0KYW0000AQ015	AC		C	Wire	[J104]
57	0KYL1010KQ143	AS	N	C	Inductor	[L1]
58	0KYL1118RS400	AQ	N	C	Inductor	[L3]
59	0KYD7063AQ4R0	AN	N	B	NTC Thermister(NTH7D4R0)	[NTC1]
60	0KYH7148AS001	AM		B	Optical isolater(PC123)	[PC1]
61	0KYH7143AS001	AS	N	B	Optical isolater	[PC2]
62	0KYH7148AS001	AM		B	Optical isolater(PC123)	[PC3]
63	0KYT3407KL001	AU		B	FET(2SK3407)	[Q1]
64	0KYT1741CR007	AH		B	Transistor(2SC1741AS)	[Q2]
65	0KYT4081CC002	AF		B	Transistor(2SC4081)	[Q101]
66	0KYT4081CC002	AF		B	Transistor(2SC4081)	[Q501]
67	0KYR1053UQ105	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/4W 1MΩ)	[R1]
68	0KYR3126TC184	AB		C	Resistor(1/8W 180KΩ)	[R2]
69	0KYR3126TC184	AB		C	Resistor(1/8W 180KΩ)	[R3]
70	0KYR3121TC000	AB		C	Resistor(1/8W 0Ω ±5%)	[R4]
71	0KYR3120TC183	AC		C	Resistor(1/8W 18KΩ)	[R5]
72	0KYR3121TC821	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/8W 820Ω)	[R6]
73	0KYR3121TC331	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/8W 330Ω)	[R7]
74	0KYR3111VC333	AB		C	Resistor(1/10W 33KΩ)	[R8]
75	0KYR3111VC101	AB		C	Resistor(1/10W 100Ω)	[R9]
76	0KYR3120TC103	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/8W 10KΩ)	[R11]
77	0KYR3111VC223	AB		C	Resistor(1/10W 22KΩ)	[R12]
78	0KYR3111VC122	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/10W 1.2KΩ)	[R13]
79	0KYR3111VC682	AB		C	Resistor(1/10W 6.8KΩ)	[R16]
80	0KYR3111VC681	AB	N	C	Resistor(1/10W 680Ω)	[R17]
81	0KYR3121TC100	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/8W 10Ω)	[R19]
82	0KYR3062UQ100	AL	N	C	Resistor(1/6W 10Ω)	[R20]
83	0KYR3121TC220	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/8W 22Ω)	[R21]
84	0KYR3062UQ151	AG	N	C	Resistor(1/6W 150Ω)	[R23]
85	0KYR1053UQ223	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/4W 22KΩ)	[R51]
86	0KYR3121TC223	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/8W 22KΩ)	[R52]
87	0KYR3121TC273	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/8W 27KΩ)	[R53]
88	0KYR3121TC273	AC	N	C	Resistor(1/8W 27KΩ)	[R54]
89	0KYR3121TC102	AB		C	Resistor(1/8W 1KΩ)	[R101]

PARTS CODE	No.	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK
OKYT4081CC002	14-66	AF		B
OKYW0000AQ005	14-52	AC		C
OKYW0000AQ007	14-53	AC	N	C
OKYW0000AQ010	14-3	AC		C
"	14-54	AC		C
OKYW0000AQ015	14-49	AC		C
"	14-50	AC		C
"	14-51	AC		C
"	14-55	AC		C
"	14-56	AC		C
OKY0MPS902200	14-44	AF	N	C
"	14-45	AF	N	C
"	14-46	AF	N	C
"	14-47	AF	N	C

CAUTION FOR BATTERY REPLACEMENT

(Danish) ADVARSEL !

Lithiumbatteri-Eksplosionsfare ved fejlagtig håndtering.
Udskiftning må kun ske med batteri
af samme fabrikat og type.

Levér det brugte batteri tilbage til leverandoren.

(English) Caution !

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
Replace only with the same or equivalent type
recommended by the equipment manufacturer.

Discard used batteries according to manufacturer's instructions.

(Finnish) VAROITUS

Paristo voi räjähtää, jos se on virheellisesti asennettu.
Vaihda paristo ainoastaan laitevalmistajan suosittelemaan
tyyppiin. Hävitä käytetty paristo valmistajan ohjeiden
mukaisesti.

(French) ATTENTION

Il y a danger d'explosion s' il y a remplacement incorrect
de la batterie. Remplacer uniquement avec une batterie du
même type ou d'un type recommandé par le constructeur.
Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux
instructions du fabricant.

(Swedish) VARNING

Explosionsfare vid felaktigt batteribyte.
Använd samma batterityp eller en ekvivalent
typ som rekommenderas av apparattillverkaren.
Kassera använt batteri enligt fabrikantens
instruktion.

(German) Achtung

Explosionsgefahr bei Verwendung inkorrektter Batterien.
Als Ersatzbatterien dürfen nur Batterien vom gleichen Typ oder
vom Hersteller empfohlene Batterien verwendet werden.
Entsorgung der gebrauchten Batterien nur nach den vom
Hersteller angegebenen Anweisungen.

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